Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended April 30, 2020

Prepared by the Finance Department of the Village of Alsip



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report April 30, 2020

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John D. Ryan *Mayor*

Susan M. Petzel Clerk and Collector



Trustees
Richard S. Dalzell
Michael Zielinski
Monica M. Juarez
Christine L. McLawhorn
Christopher W. Murphy
Catalina Nava-Esparza

November 25, 2020

To the Village Board and Citizens of the Village of Alsip:

Formal Transmittal

State law (50 ILCS 310/2 and 50 ILCS 310/4) requires that every general-purpose local government publish, within either one hundred eighty days or two hundred forty days of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, or CAFR, is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, hereinafter referred to as FY20.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

BKD, LLP has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Village of Alsip's financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2020. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Village

Population

The Village of Alsip is a home rule unit of local government under the Constitution of Illinois of 1970 and was incorporated in 1927. The municipality has a 2019 population of 18,709 as of a July 1, 2020 United States Census Bureau estimate, and an official population of 19,277 according to the 2010 census.

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The Great Recession had a large impact on the Village's economy, which saw an estimated rise in Alsip's unemployment rate from 5.3% (2007) to a decade high of 12.7% (2010). This estimated unemployment rate has receded to 4.0% (2019), a rate below the rate before the Great Recession started. This Village unemployment rate is comparable to the 2019 Cook County rate of 5.5%, the State of Illinois rate of 3.1%, and the nationwide rate of 2.9%.

Median household incomes within the Village of Alsip are in line with both Cook County (the county in which Alsip is located) and the State of Illinois. According to the United States Census Bureau's 2014-2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Alsip's 2014-2018 median household income (in 2018 inflation-adjusted dollars) was \$58,566, Cook County's was \$62,088, and the State of Illinois' was \$69,187.

As a landlocked community, the Village of Alsip's population has remained relatively stable for the last thirty years. Despite the consistency of the population, the housing values have declined during the softening of the housing market nationwide and have not rebounded. The same Census data shows a 19.1 % decline in the median value of an owner-occupied unit from 2010 (\$213,300) to 2018 (\$172,300). The median price of an owner-occupied unit in 2018 in Illinois was \$187,000, which reflects that in Alsip 48.8% of housing units are 1-unit detached, while in the State of Illinois 58.9% of such units are 1-unit detached.

• Governmental Structure

The Village of Alsip operates under the Trustee-Village form of government pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code, 65 ILCS 5/3.1-25 et. seq. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the governing Village Board consisting of the Village President, often referred to as the Mayor, and six Trustees, and a Village Clerk. The Village Clerk is an ex officio member of the Board and does not vote. All Board members are elected at large. All Board members serve four-year terms, with the Village President, the Village Clerk, and three Trustees elected usually on the first Tuesday in April following Presidential election year, while the other three Trustees are usually elected on the first Tuesday in April two years later. Beginning with those elected in the April 4, 2017 election, no person may hold the office of Village President, Village Clerk, or Village Trustee for more than three consecutive four-year terms.

• Types and Levels of Services Provided

The Village of Alsip provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; water distribution; sanitary and storm sewer collection services; snow removal; traffic control; building inspections; health inspections; licenses and permits; a website; a cable television station; and the construction and maintenance of Village owned highways, streets, streetlights, water lines, sanitary sewer lines, storm sewer lines, and other infrastructure. The Village bills for and contracts out refuse (garbage) collection.

The Village owns 512 senior housing units in 29 housing buildings spread over two distinct complexes within the Village. Each complex has a swimming pool, a clubhouse, storage facilities, laundry facilities, and parking spaces. The Village contracts out the management of those senior housing complexes.

The Village is responsible for the operation and maintenance of its water pumping facilities and transmission and distribution mains within the Village only. The Village provides water and sewer service to its property owners and contracts to provide water service to the City of Palos Heights and the Village of Crestwood (the Village does not have any responsibility for the distribution of water within Palos Heights or Crestwood); Lake Michigan water is directly obtained from the City of Chicago via contract. Sewage treatment is provided to the Village by the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District (MWRD) of Greater Chicago. The Village is responsible for the operation and maintenance of its storm and sanitary lift stations and transmission lines.

To pay for services and other costs not directly covered by service fees, the Village of Alsip is empowered to levy a property tax on real property located within its boundaries. As a homerule community, the Village is also authorized to issue general obligation (G.O.) debt without a referendum.

Under State of Illinois Statutes, the Village of Alsip was required to establish a Police Pension Fund to provide disability and retirement benefits to its full-time sworn officers and a separate Firefighters Pension Fund to provide disability and retirement benefits to its full-time firefighters. These two public safety pension funds are each managed by a separate five (5) person Board of Trustees which is comprised of two (2) members elected from active membership, one (1) member elected from beneficiaries, and two (2) appointed directly by the Village President. While the Village is required to provide minimum annual contributions toward funding each defined benefit plan and levies property taxes in excess of that minimum contribution, the Village Board does not otherwise exercise financial control over either pension fund. The financial data for each public safety pension fund is separately presented in the

financial statements. No separate financial statements are issued for either public safety pension fund.

Recreation facilities are mainly provided by the Alsip Park District, a separate unit of local government, while parts of the Village are served by the Worth Township. The Village maintains a small non-recreational park honoring veterans and a separate boat launch facility into the Calumet Sag Channel. Approximately sixteen (16) different park facilities located throughout the Village offer a variety of recreational services.

The Village's public education needs are met by School Districts No. 125, 126, 128, or 130, as well as Community High School District No. 218. The Village is located within Moraine Valley Community College District No. 524. Library services are provided by the Alsip-Merrionette Park Library District, a completely separate unit of government from the Village.

The Village Board does not exercise financial control or accountability for any school district, park district, library district, or other governmental agency that is located with the Village limits or provides services to Village residents, and accordingly, they are not included in the Village's basic financial statements.

Brief Summary of the Budget Process

Under Illinois statutes, the Village can either elect to operate under a budget ordinance or an appropriation ordinance. The Village operates under an appropriation ordinance, which does not require a municipality to prepare a budget, but does require that the Board adopt an appropriation ordinance within the first quarter of each fiscal year. The fiscal year runs from May 1st to April 30th of every year, so the appropriation ordinance must be adopted by the Village Board before August 1st. In FY20 the appropriation ordinance was adopted before the start of the fiscal year. The appropriation ordinance is double the size of the de facto budget. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the Village of Alsip's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund and department (e.g., police).

• Governmental Funds with an Annual Appropriated Budget

The Village Board budgets for and has legal control over the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund and the following six special revenue funds: Road & Bridge, TIF 1, NW Corner of Cicero Avenue and I-294 TIF, 123rd Place and Cicero Avenue TIF, Pulaski Road Corridor TIF, and Motor Fuel Tax Fund.

Legal Level of Budgetary Control

The legal level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed the established appropriated amount) is set at the fund level.

Information Useful in Assessing the Village's Economic Condition

• Local Economy

The Village is home to approximately 900 businesses, encompassing various segments of commerce, including retail, service, and manufacturing. These businesses are promoted and represented by the Chicago Southland Convention and Visitors Bureau (CSCVB), the Alsip Chamber of Commerce, and the Alsip Industrial Association. This diversity of business and industry provides a stable economic base, which in turn creates regional employment opportunities, outstanding municipal services, educational systems, health and human care agencies, and recreational facilities.

There are many reasons for the strong business environment in the Village, including that the Village borders the City of Chicago, the Village's workforce population has the experience for the types of businesses located in Alsip, the Village offers various economic incentives to industrial and retail businesses when needed, and there exists strong area transportation systems for both business and their employees. Both these economic incentives, as well as the transportation systems that make Alsip a transportation center, are examined in further detail below.

• Impact of COVID19 on the Local Economy

The impact of the novel Coronavirus pandemic on the local economy profoundly affected the Village's economic condition. Following the stay at home order from the Governor, businesses shut down for several months and then later reopened at limited capacities. This substantially affected Village revenue streams in the form of reduced sales tax from closed stores, reduced sales, and less fees from video gaming as those establishments were closed as well. Hotel/motel tax fees were also materially lower due to reduced travel as people canceled or did not make vacation plans. Closed stores, reduced travel, and generally fewer recreational options affect all gasoline related fees as people have less incentive to purchase fuel to drive places. As working from home is normalized, this trend of smaller quantities of fuel being purchased is likely to continue. Future revenue streams will also be reduced as unemployment rates increased, which will lower upcoming years' income tax. Without further relief efforts from the federal government, it is likely that property tax receipts will decrease in the upcoming years as people are unable to afford their homes.

A. Economic Development

The Village attempts to maintain its existing business while expanding its overall commercial and industrial base through economic incentives, when deemed necessary and appropriate.

The Village has designated, and the Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity (DCEO) has certified, the Cal-Sag Enterprise Zone, a portion of which is located in the Village along the Calumet-Saganashkee Channel. This enterprise zone was established in 1983, initially certified in July of 1985, was expanded in 2005, was renewed and expanded on January 1, 2016, was amended July 27, 2018 (based upon a Village Board change approved in July 2016), and will now remain active through December 31, 2030. The Village shares the renewed and expanded enterprise zone with many municipalities and unincorporated portions of southern Cook County. Within Alsip, the 2016 renewal expanded the enterprise zone to 3.38 square miles and extended it up both Pulaski Road and Cicero Avenue to the northern boundaries of the Village. Through the enterprise zone program, businesses choosing to locate in the enterprise zone are entitled to certain tax incentives and targeted assistance. Some of the incentives that are available, depending upon the nature of the business are: sales tax exemption for construction materials, investment tax credit, interest benefits, job training funds, local building permit discounts, and property tax abatement. Industrial properties in the Enterprise Zone are now included in the new Cook County Growth Zone Program to provide additional County assistance to develop these sites.

The Village uses tax increment financing ("TIF") as a tool in attracting business development. TIFs provide a means for municipalities, after the approval of a "Redevelopment Plan and Project," to redevelop blighted, conservation or industrial park conservation areas by pledging the anticipated increase in tax revenues resulting from using new tax revenues generated by private redevelopment to pay for the public costs incurred to stimulate such private investment in new development and rehabilitation. Tax Increment Financing is authorized in Illinois by the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act, as amended. The Village currently has three active TIF districts, the Pulaski Road Corridor TIF, which essentially covers most of Pulaski Road between 115th St. and 123rd St., and two smaller TIFs located on the west side of Cicero Avenue between 123rd Place and I-294. A fourth TIF, TIF 1, expired at the end of 2016.

The Village has at various times utilized other financial tools at its disposal such as property tax incentives or sales tax rebates to promote economic development when warranted.

The Village is dedicated to responsible economic development that broadens the tax base while expanding job or retail opportunities to the community. Below lists some of the recent and potential future actions taken to further those goals:

- As mentioned in the Local Economy section above, with participation from the Village, the Cal-Sag Enterprise Zone was extended by the State of Illinois in both geographic area and in the length until expiration. Businesses have already been taking advantage of the provisions of this enterprise zone.
- On December 31, 2016, TIF 1, which covers part of the area bounded by Kedzie Avenue, Pulaski Road, 123rd Street and 127th Street, finished its 23 years of operation as defined in TIF statutes and, thus, terminated. The Village Board on December 19, 2016 adopted a plan incorporating an anticipated \$1 million dollar surplus, to be distributed over time; the previously approved road resurfacing project within TIF 1; and a transfer of the remaining \$3.9 million to the contiguous Pulaski Road Corridor TIF for development efforts in that area. To date, the transfer to the Pulaski Road Corridor TIF has happened, the road resurfacing project finished and came in under budget, and the Village declared an initial \$603,054.29 TIF 1 surplus leaving a balance of \$600,000 for property tax refunds and surplus declarations. In subsequent years, approximately \$100,000 was declared as surplus per year. As of April 30, 2020, the surplus balance for TIF 1 was \$400,000.
- o In 2017 and 2018 the Village purchased shuttered business, vacant land, and a business that will be shutting down within the Pulaski Road Corridor TIF with the intent of demolishing any existing buildings and combining parcels, performing any necessary environmental remediation, and preparing the sites for future development. One such demolition has already occurred.
- O In 2016 the Village Board created a Pulaski Road Corridor TIF Façade and Small Business Grant Program to standardize the application process and to help promote not only new developments, but to help existing property owning businesses improve their businesses using TIF eligible expenses. Interest in the program was strong and businesses started working with the TIF district's consulting firm to help make redevelopment agreement (RDA) applications to the Village Board. There were a number of such RDAs approved. The following is the list of RDAs executed after the start of FY20 or were executed prior to the start of FY20 but were completed after that date:
 - On June 10, 2019, the Village authorized an extension of the RDA to construct a new parking lot at 11515-27 S Pulaski Ave. The project had a budget of \$80,000 and was completed in August of 2019.
 - In May of 2019, the Village approved a project to extend a water main from 119th to 121st on Pulaski Ave. The project's costs were covered by the Pulaski TIF up to 75% with the additional 25% being covered by the Water Department. This project provides the area

with improved fire protection as well as provide water access for several properties that were previously without access to water. Better access to utilities will promote future development in this location.

- o In August of 2019, the Village had asbestos removed from the previously purchased property on 11706 Pulaski, commonly known as the EDCA Auto Sales property.
- o In February of 2020, the Village approved an RFP from Barton Real Estate Holding LLC to construct a new 6,000 square foot retail center containing a BBQ restaurant, an Italian restaurant, and a jewelry store.
- Currently owners of numerous industrial properties are putting forth multi-million dollar expansions of existing buildings, refurbishing existing buildings, and/or investing in newer equipment. Some of these have stated that subsequent to the projects that additional people will be hired.

B. Transportation Center

The Village, which borders Chicago, has close accessibility to Chicago, the Chicagoland region, and Indiana via highway, air, rail, water, bicycle, and commuter bus.

Highway Accessibility:

Within the Village Interstate 294 (the "Tri-State Tollway") diagonally intersects and connects to a full four-way arterial road interchange. Additionally, the borders of the Village are within ten (10) miles of I-57, I-80, and I-55 and within twenty (20) miles of I-355, I-88, and I-290.

Air:

The Village is centrally located to both O'Hare Airport, approximately eighteen (18) miles northwest of the Village, via I-294, and Midway Airport, approximately seven (7) miles north of the Village along Cicero Avenue which runs through the Village.

Rail:

Commuter rail service is provided by Metra, a division of the Regional Transportation Authority (RTA). Within two (2) miles of the Village borders there are seven (7) train stations in four (4) municipalities, covering three (3) different train lines, each terminating at a different downtown Chicago station. These train lines are the Metra Electric District line terminating at the Millennium Station, the Rock Island District line terminating at the LaSalle Street Station, and the Southwest Service line terminating at Union Station.

Rail freight service is supplied by the Indiana Harbor Belt, Baltimore & Ohio, Grand Trunk Western, Illinois Central, and the CSX lines and is accessible through numerous rail spurs throughout the Village.

Water, Bicycle, and Bus:

The Calumet Sag Channel, which runs through the Village, allows the barge and recreational boating access to the Port of Chicago which includes major docks on Lake Calumet. Alongside the Calumet Sag Channel a bike path starts in Alsip and continues west through Palos Heights, Palos Park, ending in Lemont. Sections of an eastern section of the trail, which will continue the trail from Alsip, through Blue Island, Riverdale, and Dolton to Burnham, has begun and, when completed, is expected to link more than 185,000 people in 14 communities. The Village is also serviced by the Pace commuter bus service. Additionally, across the street from the Village on 127th St. there is a private commuter shuttle bus service to both regional airports.

Long-Term Financial Planning

A. Planning Policies and Practices

The Village of Alsip adopted a Comprehensive Plan on April 1, 2013. This concluded a multi-year process that first produced a July 17, 2012 Existing Conditions Report, which examined Village-wide issues and opportunities related to land use, economic development, housing, parks and open space, and community infrastructure. The second phase of planning involved the public in creating a shared vision for the future of Alsip with specific goals and strategies to help achieve the desired vision. The Alsip Comprehensive Plan contains several policies and action steps to help elected and appointed officials plan for the sustainable growth of the community. The plan addresses a range of topics including but not limited to land use and development, economic growth, open space programming, infrastructure improvements, and image and identity. Such planning is a continuous process and in September 2013 the Village's Pulaski Road Action Plan was finished and in June of 2014 a Zoning Recommendations Summary was completed.

The Village has traditionally made both a multi-year capital improvement plan (CIP) and a multi-year budget. Starting with the FY18 budget, both were expanded to cover five full fiscal years subsequent to the appropriated fiscal year on a line item basis.

On May 21, 2018, the Village Board passed the Sustainable Retiree Defined Benefit Funding Plan. This plan not only established the financial policies necessary to fully fund by the end of April 2040, all three Village pension plans and retiree healthcare promises, but dedicated the specific funding sources necessary to meet that self-imposed mandate. See the Major Initiatives > A. Debt Management section below for details.

B. Long-Term Financial Goals

The Village has two long-term goals: the reduction of debt and the replacement of aging infrastructure. Both goals are detailed in the Major Initiatives section below.

• Relevant Financial Policies

The Village has put into place several key written policies such as a purchasing policy and an investment policy. These policies have been passed by the Village Board and, in conjunction with financial procedures instituted by management, have formalized the long-standing practices and principles that have guided the Village for decades.

• Major Initiatives

A. Debt Management

Since early 2015 the Village has worked to reduce and ultimately eliminate its long-term general obligation (G.O.) and retiree benefit related debts. Some of these efforts include:

- The paying down of the long-term G.O. Debt.
- Accepting no new installment contracts for any vehicles or equipment.
- The tightening of the eligibility requirements of who qualifies for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) and the Village's other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan;
- The launch of a wellness program, a workplace injury reduction program, a transitional light-duty work program, and a high-deductible healthcare plan, all in an effort to keep employees and retirees healthy, thus reducing potential sick and FMLA leave, worker's compensation payments, duty disability payments, PSEBA payments, and future OPEB liabilities;
- The transition of 100% of OPEB eligible and Medicare eligible retirees and retiree spouses to a Medicare wrap program, thus lowering OPEB costs and liabilities; and
- The initiation of various efforts to temper the rise in healthcare costs.
- o In December 2017 the Village Board approved an increase of 30.00% in the Village's 2017 tax year (TY17) aggregate property tax levy, with operations receiving none of the increase and almost all of the increase dedicated to meeting the public safety pensions' actuarially determined contributions (ADCs) and reducing the OPEB's deficit. The fire pension specific levy was increased by 26.21% (\$452,649), the police pension specific levy was increased by 36.31% (\$950,979), and the indirect OPEB levy was increased by

605.53% (\$1,705,738) from TY16's original OPEB indirect levy. This TY17 levy increase was in addition to increases in the public safety pension levies of 6.91% in TY16 and 5.00% in TY15. The TY17 levy was not only the second year in which no additional levy increase went to operations, but also marks the first time that the direct (public safety pension) and indirect (OPEB) retiree benefit levies exceeded the combined operations and general obligation bond levies. While TY18 and TY19 did see operational increases to the levy, again the retiree benefit levies exceeded the combined operations and general bond levies.

- As mentioned in the Long-Term Financial Planning > A. Planning Policies and Practices section above, on May 21, 2018 the Village Board passed the Sustainable Retiree Defined Benefit Funding Plan ("the Plan"), which created policy designed to meet the standards of The Center for State and Local Government Excellence's July 2013 Pension Task Force. The five sub-bullet points below detail the Pension Task Forces' five general policy directives and how the Plan met those directives.
 - Actuarially Determined Contributions: All sustainable retiree defined benefit policies should be based upon an appropriate actuarially determined contribution (ADC). The Plan requires the Village and the public safety boards to annually commission from an actuary one report that meets GAAP standards for municipal government reporting and a second one that creates an ADC which is based upon the best actuarial practices for funding. The Plan requires that a similar pair of actuarial reports is made for OPEB on either a biennial fiscal year basis (GAAP minimum period) or annually. The Plan then goes on to detail the specific actuarial assumptions, most notably that all three plans will now have the same amortization period (April 30, 2040) and a reduction in the long-term rate of return on assets to 6.50%.
 - Funding Discipline: All sustainable retiree defined benefit policies should contain both the commitment to fund the collective ADCs as well as build in sufficient fiscal commitments necessary to meet that ADC funding commitment. The Plan met this directive through: making a specific commitment to fund the collective ADCs of all four plans (including IMRF) in an efficient manner; a commitment to manage any potential growth in retiree liabilities; and to direct a level of duties, ethical, and investing standards from the independent boards managing the retiree assets. The Plan then went further than most by specifically identifying, in detail, specific funding sources, as well as possible alternative sources if necessary, to meet the collective ADCs.

- Intergenerational Equity: All sustainable retiree defined benefit policies should maintain intergeneration equity by having the cost of employee benefits be paid for by the generation of taxpayers who received the services of those employees. Liabilities had been allowed to accumulate over time, partially from unfunded state mandates of retroactive new benefits. While intergenerational equity is not possible with such large prior liabilities, the Plan moved strongly in the direction of intergenerational equity by standardizing the amortization periods of the retiree benefit plans, adding layers each year that had separate fifteen (15) year layers starting in FY18, and by providing the funding to meet the ADCs on an annual basis.
- Contributions as a Level Percentage of Payroll: All sustainable retiree defined benefit policies should make employer costs a consistent percentage of payroll over time. The Plan mandates that for both the GASB/GAAP compliant reports and the funding reports determining the ADCs, the Entry Age Normal with level percentage of payroll, actuarial cost method be used.
- Accountability and Transparency: All sustainable retiree defined benefit policies should require clear reporting to show how and when retiree defined benefit plans will be fully funded. The Plan commits the Village to: open meetings when discussing retirement benefit funding policy changes; posting relevant materials of the Village website; and reviewing the actuarial assumptions in the Plan at least every five years and allowing the Finance Director to make necessary changes between such reviews.

The Village maintains a Standard and Poor's Ratings Services, a part of McGraw-Hill Financial, Inc., ("S&P") rating of AA (Stable Outlook), a rating higher than the national average. As there are no outstanding general obligation (G.O.) bonds rated by any other rating agency, there are no current ratings from any other rating agency.

B. Infrastructure Replacement and Improvement

The Village of Alsip residents and businesses can best be provided water and sanitary sewer services by a self-sustaining water enterprise that is adequately financed with rates and charges based on sound accounting, engineering, financial, and economic principles. Revenues from water and sewer rates and user fees should be sufficient to enable the water and sewer departments to provide for the full cost of service including:

- o Annual operation and maintenance expenses
- Capital costs (*e.g.*, debt service and other capital outlays)
- Adequate working capital and required reserves

Full-cost pricing, *i.e.*, charging rates and fees that reflect the full cost of providing water and wastewater services, should include renewal and replacement costs for treatment, storage, distribution, and collection (sewer) systems. For some time now, the Village has kept water rates low by minimizing or ignoring these costs; however, as the useful lives of system assets draw to a close, we have recently addressed the current and future financial needs of the water system by increasing rates to cover replacement costs.

Similarly, other Village infrastructure assets, specifically roads, storm sewers, and ditches were not been properly maintained for many years and the Village Board has started to address that deficiency. The main sources for such funding come from user fees and taxes that go into two separate special revenue funds: the Motor Fuel Tax (MFT) Fund and the Road & Bridge Fund. The MFT Fund is entirely funded from a state-wide gasoline tax that is distributed to municipalities on a per capita basis. The Road & Bridge Fund composes of three departments (Streets, Drainage, and Forestry) and is primarily funded by an annual vehicle license sticker, a locally imposed and collected fuel tax, and a specific property tax levy.

Revenues:

Rather than rising with inflation or allowing for increasing revenue to offset these mandates, tax dollars to the Village from the State's traditional motor fuel tax (MFT), which can be used for street maintenance, declined per year over the dozen years through FY20. Due to population that is declining only slightly, but at a larger rate than the State of Illinois as a whole, and due to increasing fuel efficiency standards and technological innovations (electric and hybrid vehicles, for example), this decline in traditional MFT payments is likely to continue over the following decades.

Subsequent to the end of the fiscal year (FY20) audited in this report, the State of Illinois reversed the decreasing state shared revenue for road work when it passed Senate Bill 1938. From the section that impacts municipalities, this bill doubled the tax on gasoline from nineteen (19) cents to thirty-eight (38) cents per gallon, effective July 1, 2019. Of this new tax 15.71%, or almost three (3) cents per gallon is to be distributed through a new Transportation Renewal Fund to municipalities' MFT funds on a per capita basis. On September 10, 2019 the Village MFT fund received its first monthly payment in the amount of \$28,725 from this new Transportation Renewal Fund.

Starting in late 2015 the Village Board began implementing the following rate and fee structures which were designed to increase the pace of maintaining the Village's infrastructure assets:

 On October 19, 2015 the Village Board raised the locally collected fuel tax from \$0.04 to \$0.05 per gallon. In FY19 this tax collected over \$1.4 million for the Village's Road &

- Bridge (R&B) fund In FY20 this tax collected over \$1.2 million for the Village's Road & Bridge (R&B) fund.
- On February 15, 2016, the Village Board raised the locally collected vehicle sticker fee for the first time in eight years. Additionally, the ordinance indexed the fees so that there would not be any future gap between cost increases and fee adjustments. The R&B fund collected just over \$425,000 in FY19 from these fees. On February 18, 2020, the Village Board raised the locally collected vehicle sticker fee again. In FY20, the R&B fund collected \$409,000 from these fees.
- o In February 2016 the water department completed a water rate analysis that determined it was necessary to increase water rates to facilitate needed capital improvements to the water distribution system. The Village Board subsequently passed an 18.3% water rate increase, effective May 1, 2016. The same Village ordinance for the four (4) subsequent years built in the anticipated City of Chicago wholesale rate increases plus a modest \$0.25/1000 gallons per year increase for maintenance of the Village's system. Larger industrial businesses also saw an increase. The two wholesale customers, the Village of Crestwood and the City of Palos Heights, were not covered under this ordinance.
- The Village approved the new water supply contracts with the Village of Crestwood and City of Palos Heights the on January 9, 2017 and May 15, 2017, respectively. The Village of Alsip had not been making the required "costs of operation" adjustments as described in the proceeding contracts, effectively not recouping the total associated costs of providing the water supply to those municipalities. These new contracts simplified those calculations and, during a four-year phase-in, brought the rates up (respectively 8.4%, 4.7%, 4.5%, and the final year to be determined) to the rate necessary to cover those costs starting on June 1, 2020. In FY20 the Village sold \$5,234,410 in total water to these municipalities.
- o In December 2017 the Village Board levied a tax year 2017 (TY17) Road & Bridge property tax increase of 30.9% or \$165,431, some for OPEB obligations and some for capital expenditures.
- There have been preliminary open meeting discussions with the Village Board about raising sewer rates to keep pace with sewer system maintenance. To date the Village Board has not changed those rates since April 1, 2007.
- There have been no discussions with the Village Board to date about establishing a storm sewer utility to fund drainage projects through fees rather than tax dollars.

Projects and Other Expenses:

Below are some of the capital improvement projects that have been planned and/or completed due to the increased rates, fees, and taxes listed above.

- o Rte. 83 (Tinley Creek) water main relocation January 2018. The Illinois Department of Transportation has directed the Village to relocate this water main to facilitate the widening of the intersection at 127th St. and Rte. 83. Initially planned for spring of 2018, IDOT has postponed this project multiple times. This project is scheduled to go out to bid for 2021. The Village has entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) with the City of Palos Heights to share the costs of relocating this water main. (40% will be paid by Alsip, 60% will be paid by Palos Heights).
 - Construction cost \$1,168,978
 - Engineering cost \$184,795
 - Total \$1,353,773
- Pulaski TIF water main (117th St. 120th St.) June 2018, completed May 2019. Replaced 2240 feet of 8-inch water main. Note that 75% of the expense was from the Pulaski Road Corridor TIF and 25% was from the Water & Sewer Fund.
 - Construction cost \$524,741
 - Engineering cost \$90,300
 - Total \$615,041
- Pulaski TIF water main (119th St. 120th St.) Approved Sep 2019. 840-foot extension of 8-inch water main to facilitate fire protection needs and water quality improvements.
 Note that 75% of the expense was from the Pulaski Road Corridor TIF and 25% was from the Water & Sewer Fund.
 - Construction cost \$402,541
 - Engineering cost \$48,305
 - Total \$450,846
- Water Tower Rehabilitation Approved Oct 2019. The repainting of two 1-million gallon water storage tanks has been approved. This maintenance work will ensure the continued long service life of this asset.
 - Construction cost \$1,639,800
 - Engineering cost \$82,850
 - Total \$1,722,650

Water main replacement will continue to be an ongoing capital need as fully 25% of the distribution system has reached the end of its design lifecycle. Future projects may include

those designed to extend the useful life of water main through water main rehabilitation and lining and/or the installation of cathodic protection systems where appropriate.

Both resurfacing & MWRD IICP are annual costs that need to be appropriated, for which based on current figures would be estimated at minimum \$600,000 each year for each program.

o Resurfacing:

FY18:

- Construction \$491,977.62
- Engineering \$59,133.26
- Total \$551,110.88

FY19:

- Construction \$234,207.77
- Engineering \$31,340.47
- Total \$265,548.24

FY20:

- <u>Construction \$556,248</u>
- Engineering \$62,317
- Total \$618,565
- o MWRD High Priority CIPP (Inversion lining) (Completed FY20)
 - Construction \$373,000.00
 - Engineering \$52,220.00
 - Total \$425,220.00

Storm sewer drainage project costs for future years have not yet been determined but will be looking to appropriate for future budget appropriations approximately \$350,000 each year for improvements.

Infrastructure Replacement and Improvement Summary:

The Village possesses ninety (90) miles of water mains, over thirteen hundred (1,300+) fire hydrants, two (2) pumping stations, two (2) water towers that can contain six million two hundred thousand (6,200,000) gallons of water, fifty-nine (59) miles of sanitary sewers, three (3) lift stations, fifty-one (51 miles) of storm sewers, fifty-five (55) miles of streets, and twelve hundred fifty-five (1,255) street lights. The Village will continue to look for ways to replace and, in some instances, improve these aging infrastructure assets.

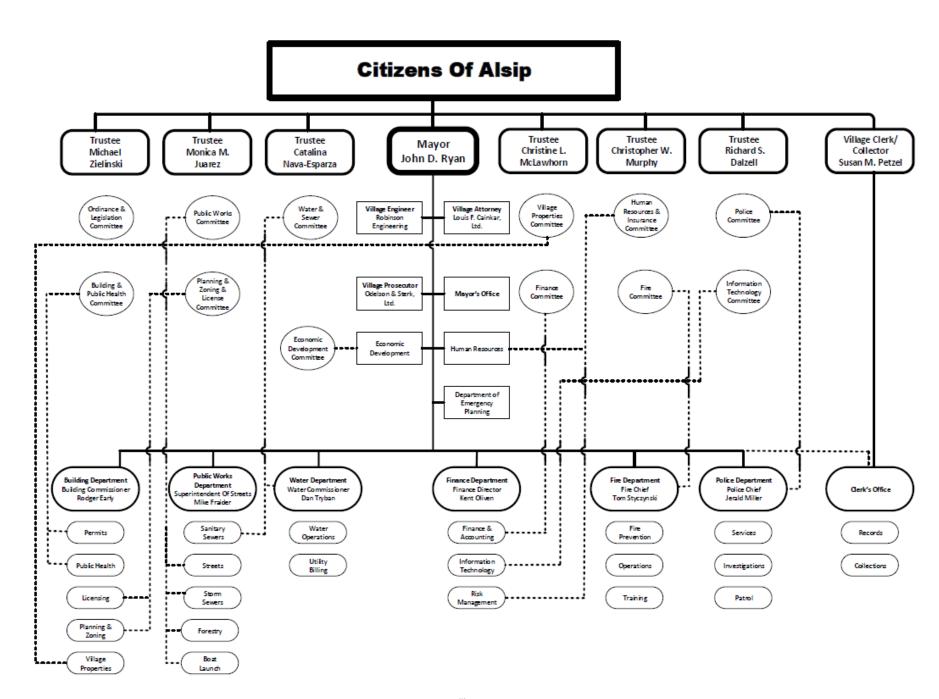
Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Village of Alsip for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable program requirements. A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. However, we believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the entire staff of the Finance Department, including those in the Information Technologies area. We wish to thank all government departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit also is due to the Board of Trustees for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Village of Alsip's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

John D. Ryan Village President





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Village of Alsip Illinois

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

April 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO







Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Mayor and Trustees Village of Alsip, Illinois Alsip, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Alsip, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



The Honorable Mayor and Trustees Village of Alsip, Illinois Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village as of April 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Road and Bridge Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 12 to the financial statements, the 2019 financial statements have been restated to correct a misstatement. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension and other postemployment benefit information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit for the year ended April 30, 2020, was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Alsip, Illinois' basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and the statistical section as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The 2020 combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2020, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic

The Honorable Mayor and Trustees Village of Alsip, Illinois Page 3

financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules as of and for the year ended April 30, 2020, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended April 30, 2020.

The Village of Alsip's basic financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2019 (not presented herein), were audited by other auditors whose report thereon dated October 25, 2019, before the restatement discussed in Note 12 to the financial statements, expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. The report of the other auditors dated October 25, 2019, stated that the combining and individual fund financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2019, were subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2019 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those basic financial statements or to those basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and, in their opinion, were fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended April 30, 2019.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 25, 2020, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois November 25, 2020

BKDILLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis	

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2020

As the management of the Village of Alsip, Illinois (the "Village"), we offer readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the Village's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020 (FY20). This discussion and analysis is designed to (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the Village's financial activities, (3) identify changes in the Village's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

We encourage readers to consider information presented here in conjunction with the Village's financial statements which begin on page 20.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Village of Alsip did not exceed its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year. Specifically, there was a (negative) net position of \$(26,304,767). Of this amount, \$(62,801,788) represents a deficit unrestricted net position.
- The Village's total net position (deficit) was \$(26,304,767), an increase of \$3,285,976, or 12.5%, over the end of FY19 (negative) net position of \$(29,590,743). In addition, the Village also restated beginning net position in the amount of \$394,137 to correct the claims payable at April 30, 2019. The (negative) governmental activities net position was \$(61,154,150), a decrease of \$78,041 from the restated net position of \$(61,076,109) at the end of FY19. The positive business-type activities net position was \$34,849,383, an increase of \$3,364,017 from the net position of \$31,485,366 at the end of FY19. This increase is mainly a result of timing differences between collection of business-type fees for services (*i.e.* water billing and Heritage senior housing rents).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of positive \$36,125,196, an increase of \$6,471,613, or 21.8%, in comparison with the prior year as restated. Approximately 44.8% of this amount, or \$16,176,028, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance) and, as such, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the assigned and unassigned components of fund balance) for the General Fund was \$29,098,277, or approximately 131.4% of total General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The focus of the financial statements is on both the Village as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year-to-year or government-to-government), and enhance the Village's accountability.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2020

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a matter similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position reports information on all of the Village's assets and deferred outflows of resources and its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Village's net positions have changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g., earned by unused employee leave time). The Statement of Activities also reports the extent to which various expenses for governmental or business-type functions are dependent upon user-charges, grant sources, or general tax and other revenues.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village which are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from those functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities reflect the Village's basic services, including general government, finance, police, fire, civil defense, road and bridge, health and environmental control department, and economic development. Shared state sales tax, property taxes, real estate taxes, and shared state income taxes finance the majority of these services. The business-type activities reflect private sector type operations water, sewer, storm water management and senior housing where the charges for service typically cover all or most of the cost of operation, including depreciation.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the fund financial statements presentation more familiar. A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the Village's most significant funds rather than the Village as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for nonmajor funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

Governmental Funds

The governmental major funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term. The government-wide financial statements provide a long-term view. These

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2020

two perspectives can provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reconcile the differences between these two perspectives.

The Village adopts an annual appropriated budget for and has control over the following governmental funds: the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund and the following three special revenue funds: Road and Bridge Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund (MFT), and the Special Tax Allocation Fund (which contains the following four TIFs: TIF 1 (no longer active, but with fund balance), NW Corner of Cicero Avenue and I-294 TIF, 123rd Place and Cicero Avenue TIF, and the Pulaski Road Corridor TIF). Budgetary comparison statements and schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 and 24 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The Village maintains no internal service funds. As for the other type of proprietary funds, the Village maintains enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, and senior housing activities. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and use the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, similar to private-sector businesses.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, sewer, and senior housing funds.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 29 through 32 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The Village maintains two fiduciary funds which account for the resources of the Alsip Police and Fire Pension Funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 34 and 35 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 36 through 84 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2020

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Village's progress in funding its obligation to employee retirement and other postemployment benefit plans. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 85 through 94 of this report. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 95 through 130 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Village of Alsip's Net Position

Table 1 presents a condensed Statement of Net Position as of April 30, 2020 (FY20), compared to the prior year ended April 30, 2019 (FY19).

Table 1 Statement of Net Position April 30

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	
	FY20	FY19	FY20 FY19	FY20 FY19	
Assets					
Current and other assets	\$ 43,846,419	\$ 38,066,147	\$ 20,853,751 \$ 17,707,758	\$ 64,700,170 \$ 55,773,905	
Capital assets	14,611,992	15,001,997	30,018,426 29,947,038	44,630,418 44,949,035	
Total assets	58,458,411	53,068,144	50,872,177 47,654,796	109,330,588 100,722,940	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	25,766,628	12,097,857	679,379 503,871	26,446,007 12,601,728	
Liabilities					
Other liabilities	1,269,278	2,165,458	2,301,176 1,388,532	3,570,454 3,553,990	
Long-term liabilities	140,190,707	122,931,397	14,003,317 15,102,649	154,194,024 138,034,046	
Total liabilities	141,459,985	125,096,855	16,304,493 16,491,181	157,764,478 141,588,036	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,919,204	1,539,392	397,680 182,120	4,316,884 1,721,512	
Net Position Net investment in					
capital assets	\$ 11,061,194	\$ 10,907,838	\$ 18,633,002 \$ 17,716,403	\$ 29,694,196 \$ 28,624,241	
Restricted	6,802,825	6,546,235	φ 10,033,002 φ 17,710,403	6,802,825 6,546,235	
Unrestricted	(79,018,169)	(78,924,319)	16,216,381 13,768,963	(62,801,788) (65,155,356)	
Total net position	\$ (61,154,150)	\$ (61,470,246)	\$ 34,849,383 \$ 31,485,366	\$ (26,304,767) \$ (29,984,880)	

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2020

Net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The Village's net position for both the governmental activities and the total primary government overall became negative with the previous implementations of GASB Statements No. 68 (net pension liability) and No. 75 (total OPEB liability).

The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the Village exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources, or net position, at the close of the fiscal year by a negative \$26,304,767, an increase of \$3,285,976 from the negative \$29,590,743 net position in the prior fiscal year as restated.

A large portion of total assets reflects the Village's investment in capital assets (land, streets, water mains, sewers, building, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt that was used to acquire those assets. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Governmental restricted assets include debt service, motor fuel tax funds for the maintenance of roadways, asset forfeiture funds, and drug prevention funds used for public safety/education. The increase in restricted assets for governmental activities was primarily due to an increase in monies restricted for special purposes.

Unrestricted net position for governmental activities, the part of net position that can be used to finance the day-to-day operations had a deficit balance of \$(79,018,169), compared with a deficit balance of \$(78,924,319) in the previous year. This amount is a slight increase in the deficit of \$93,850 from the prior year, caused by increases in the restricted and net investment in capital assets categories.

Changes in Net Position (from the Statement of Activities)

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, revenues from all sources totaled \$50,059,086. Governmental revenues accounted for \$32,115,462 of that total, while business-type activities account for \$17,943,624. Expenses for all functions totaled \$46,773,110 with \$32,151,497 for governmental activities and \$14,621,613 for business-type activities.

The Village of Alsip's overall net position increase is \$3,285,976 from prior fiscal year. Reasons for the changes in the overall financial position are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2020

Table 2 summarizes the revenues and expenses of the Village for FY20 compared to FY19.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position Fiscal Year Ending April 30

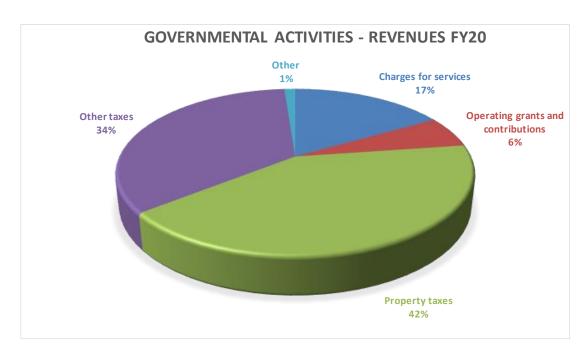
	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total Primary	Government
	FY20	FY19	FY20	FY19	FY20	FY19
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 5,340,560	\$ 5,866,914	\$ 17,447,780	\$ 17,518,661	\$ 22,788,340	\$ 23,385,575
Operating grants and contributions	1,958,475	1,894,061	-	-	1,958,475	1,894,061
General Revenues						
Property taxes	13,351,583	12,655,355	-	-	13,351,583	12,655,355
Other taxes	11,085,092	10,883,351	-	-	11,085,092	10,883,351
Other	379,752	533,390	495,844	1,747,895	875,596	2,281,285
Total revenues	32,115,462	31,833,071	17,943,624	19,266,556	50,059,086	51,099,627
Expenses						
Governmental activities						
General government	3,023,523	3,032,325	-	-	3,023,523	3,032,325
Public safety	23,802,774	23,345,417	-	-	23,802,774	23,345,417
Highway and Streets	3,011,792	2,500,713	-	-	3,011,792	2,500,713
Building	530,744	503,373	-	-	530,744	503,373
Health and environmental control	1,344,743	1,106,690	-	-	1,344,743	1,106,690
Other	363,886	93,283	-	-	363,886	93,283
Interest on long-term debt	74,035	97,877	-	-	74,035	97,877
Business-type activities						
Water	-	-	10,255,708	10,531,098	10,255,708	10,531,098
Sewer	-	-	602,333	519,977	602,333	519,977
Senior Citizen Complex			3,763,572	3,627,567	3,763,572	3,627,567
Total expenses	32,151,497	30,679,678	14,621,613	14,678,642	46,773,110	45,358,320
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	(36,035)	1,153,393	3,322,011	4,587,914	3,285,976	5,741,307
Transfers	(42,006)	(434,150)	42,006	434,150		
Change in Net Positon	(78,041)	719,243	3,364,017	5,022,064	3,285,976	5,741,307
Net Position, Beginning, As Previously Reported	(61,470,246)	(62,189,489)	31,485,366	26,463,302	(29,984,880)	(35,726,187)
Restatement (See Note 12*)	394,137				394,137	
Net Position, Beginning as Restated	(61,076,109)	(62,189,489)	31,485,366	26,463,302	(29,590,743)	(35,726,187)
Net Position, Ending	\$ (61,154,150)	\$ (61,470,246)	\$ 34,849,383	\$ 31,485,366	\$ (26,304,767)	\$ (29,984,880)

^{*}Prior year MD&A not restated for this item

Governmental Activities

Revenues: For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, governmental revenues totaled \$32,115,462, signifying an increase in revenue of \$282,391, primarily as a result of an increase in property taxes. Property taxes totaled \$13,351,583 or 42% of governmental revenues; an increase of 6% from the prior year's property tax revenue of \$12,655,355. Other taxes, at \$11,085,092 realized an increase of \$201,741 or 2%, over FY19, and are primarily attributed to the Village's sales taxes, state income tax, locally collected fuel tax, and the locally collected real estate transfer taxes. Operating grants and contributions increased slightly by \$64,414 or 3.4% from the prior year, mainly related to increases in motor fuel tax revenues. Charges for services, at \$5,340,560 represent 17% of total governmental revenues. Changes for services which include fees, licenses, and refuse removal were down from FY19 by \$526,354 or 9%.

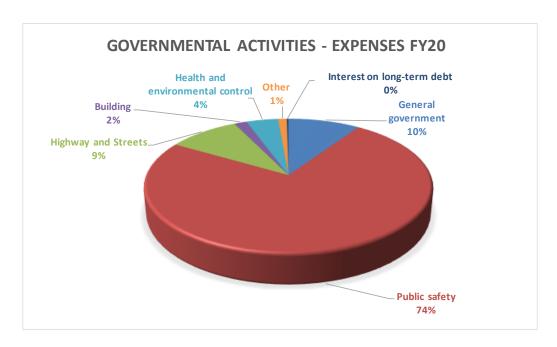
Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2020



<u>Expenses</u>: For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, governmental expenses totaled \$32,151,497, signifying an increase of \$1,471,819, or 5%, which includes general government, public safety, road and bridge, building, health and environmental control department, other, and interest.

Public safety expenses are mainly accounted for in the General Fund in the departments of Police and Fire and Ambulance Services (a department that was merged with the Fire department in FY20) and totaled \$23,802,774, a \$457,357 or 2% increase over FY19. The increase is due to increases in the police and firefighters net pension liabilities. General government expenses were the second highest expense category for functional expenses, making up of 9.4% of all governmental expenses for FY20 with \$3,023,523. General government expenses include Administration, Finance, Village Clerk, and Boat Launch departments, as well as, the Planning Commission, the Police & Fire Commission, insurance coverages, Social Security, and the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) pension plan. Highway and streets expenses were the third highest expense category for functional expenses, making up of 9.4% of all governmental expenses for FY20 with \$3,011,792. Health and Environment Control Department amounted to \$1,344,743, or 4.2% of governmental activities, and includes the refuse contract expense of \$1,071,227. Interest expense of \$74,035 was accounted for mainly in the Debt Service Fund and is the interest paid on outstanding debt along with the cost of issuing and maintaining debt during the current year.

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Business-type Activities

For the Village of Alsip's business-type activities (water, sewer, and senior housing), the results for FY20 were an increase in net position of \$3,364,017, or 10.7% to an overall ending net position of \$34,849,383. In FY19 the Village Board authorized a transfer of \$297,419 from the Pulaski Road Corridor TIF to the Water & Sewer Fund to pay a portion of a water line replacement. Water charges for services for FY20 were \$11,709,484 compared to \$11,877,132 in FY19, relatively flat based on prior year water rate increase. Increases in rental income for Heritage I and Heritage II in the amount of \$129,043 or 2.7%.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Village of Alsip uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Village of Alsip's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village of Alsip's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the Village of Alsip itself, or a group or individual that had been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the Village of Alsip's Board of Trustees.

As of April 30, 2020, the Village of Alsip's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$36,125,196, an increase of \$6,471,613 in comparison with the prior year as restated. Approximately 44.8% of this amount \$16,176,028 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted,

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committed, or assigned to indicate that it is (1) not in spendable form \$224,094, (2) legally required to be maintained intact or restricted for particular purposes through creditor imposed requirements, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation \$6,802,825, (3) committed for particular purposes \$0, or (4) assigned for particular purposes \$12,922,249.

General Fund – The General Fund is the Village's primary operating fund and the largest source of day-to-day service delivery. Table 3 presents a summary of General Fund revenues and other financing sources for the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019.

Table 3
General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources

	FY20	FY19	D	oifference	% Increase (Decrease)
Revenues					<u> </u>
Property taxes	\$ 12,217,550	\$ 12,572,975	\$	(355,425)	-2.8%
Other taxes	7,764,243	7,881,452		(117,209)	-1.5%
Licenses and permits	561,914	557,699		4,215	0.8%
Franchise fees	302,941	311,123		(8,182)	-2.6%
Other fees	1,600,010	1,596,577		3,433	0.2%
Intergovernmental	3,385,126	3,457,400		(72,274)	-2.1%
Charges for services	907,426	833,052		74,374	8.9%
Police and court fines	645,216	1,102,493		(457,277)	-41.5%
Investment income	243,374	247,213		(3,839)	-1.6%
Miscellaneous	 476,030	 530,444		(54,414)	-10.3%
Total revenues	\$ 28,103,830	\$ 29,090,428	\$	(986,598)	-3.4%
Other Financing Sources					
Operating transfers in	\$ 255,413	\$ 534,648	\$	(279,235)	-52.2%

The Village of Alsip's 2019 Tax Year (TY19) Equalized Assessed Valuation (EAV) for property taxes payable in 2020 was \$569,436,644, an increase of 1% from the TY18 EAV of \$563,629,340. Despite the second year in a row of an EAV increase, due to a nationwide decrease in property values and an EAV lag in report those values, the Village's EAV is still below the 2008 Tax Year EAV high of \$801,937,100, cumulatively declining 28.9% since that point.

Property tax revenue had a slight decrease of 2.8% from the prior year. Real estate taxes contribute approximately 43.4% of the General Fund revenue.

Sales tax revenue of \$6,618,912, which accounts for 85.2% of "Other taxes", continues to be the second largest source of revenue for the General Fund. Other taxes accounted for \$7,764,243, or 27.6%, of General Fund revenue, which was an increase of 0.5% from prior year. The Village continues to try to diversify its tax base and encourage reinvestment by utilizing economic development tools available to it, such as Tax Increment Financing (TIF) districts, and enterprise zone, and tax rebates when financially appropriate and applicable.

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Intergovernmental, the General Fund's third largest source of revenue at 12%, came in at \$3,385,126, showing a decrease of \$72,274, or 2.1%, from the prior year. The largest component of intergovernmental revenue is state income tax, which totaled \$2,589,625 in FY20 compared to \$2,590,248 in FY19.

Police and court fines decreased \$457,277, or 41.5%, as a result of the elimination of red-light fines during FY20. Red light fine revenue decreased \$396,155 from the prior year.

The Village of Alsip charges residents for refuse on their monthly utility bill. Revenue for this service is recorded in the General Fund as Charges for Service. The Village traditionally has subsidized this service (*i.e.*, charges for services was lower than the cost of the independent waste hauler). In FY17, the Village passed as ordinance that gradually increased the charges for service from September 5, 2016 until January 1, 2023, at which point revenues would cover cost. Charges for services was \$907,426, an increase of \$74,374 or 8.9%, over the prior year.

Table 4 presents a summary of General Fund expenditures for FY20.

Table 4
General Fund Expenditures

	FY20	FY19	Difference	% Increase (Decrease)
Expenditures				
General government	\$ 1,917,243	\$ 2,018,950	\$ (101,707)	-5.0%
Public safety	15,621,561	16,768,330	(1,146,769)	-6.8%
Building department	262,378	259,252	3,126	1.2%
Health and environmental	1,138,484	1,195,205	(56,721)	-4.7%
Insurance department	3,159,224	3,554,597	(395,373)	-11.1%
Boat launch	22,285	14,879	7,406	49.8%
Debt service	 24,305	72,915	(48,610)	-66.7%
	_		 	
Total expenditures	\$ 22,145,480	\$ 23,884,128	\$ (1,738,648)	-7.3%

Overall General Fund general government expenditures in FY20 decreased \$101,707, or 5.0% from FY19.

Public safety accounted for 70.5% of General Fund expenditures. The primary decrease in public safety expenditure was for salaries and personnel benefits, most notably pension contributions. Healthcare costs are currently reflected in the insurance category.

The Village provides health insurance to its employees and their families. In addition, the Village provides explicit health insurance promises of coverage to many of its retirees, doing so entirely on a payas-you go basis, although the Village is looking to set up an OPEB Trust. Insurance costs, the second largest category of General Fund cost at 14.3%, decreased \$395,373, or 11.1%, due to decrease claim activity.

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General Fund Debt Service decreased \$48,610, or 66.7%, from the prior fiscal year.

Table 5
General Fund Budgetary Highlights

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	 Actual		
Revenues Expenditures	\$ 23,140,170 22,412,827	\$ 23,140,170 22,412,827	\$ 28,103,830 22,145,480		
Net changes in fund balance	\$ 727,343	\$ 727,343	\$ 5,958,350		

The Village General Fund in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is shown in comparison to the original and final budget. The revenues were conservatively budgeted and actual was \$4,963,660 above budget or 21.5% higher. The expenditures were \$267,347 below budget, or 1.2%, lower.

Other Major Governmental Fund: Road & Bridge Fund

Once again, the Road and Bridge Fund does not meet the two quantitative criteria in one of four categories for inclusion as a major fund. GASB Statement #34, paragraph 76 provides a qualitative criterion for inclusion, specifically a fund can be included as a major fund if "...the government's official believe [the fund] is particularly important to financial statement users (for example, because of public interest or consistency)." Management has elected to include this fund as a major fund under this criterion for consistency, as it meets both 5% criteria for revenues and expenditures and in future years could meet either category's 10% criteria.

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Table 6
Road & Bridge Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources

					% Increase
	 FY20	FY19	D	ifference	(Decrease)
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 887,154	\$ 823,805	\$	63,349	7.7%
Replacement tax	16,942	19,266		(2,324)	-12.1%
Fuel use tax	1,286,764	1,404,722		(117,958)	-8.4%
Vehicle license	409,514	425,193		(15,679)	-3.7%
Miscellaneous	 209,388	 192,333		17,055	8.9%
Total revenues	\$ 2,809,762	\$ 2,865,319	\$	(55,557)	-1.9%
Other Financing Sources					
Sale of property	\$ 18,073	\$ 26,037	\$	(7,964)	-30.6%

Road and Bridge revenues for replacement tax, locally collected fuel use tax and vehicle licenses (stickers) were fairly consistent between FY20 and FY19 as those rates had only a slight change during that period. The Road and Bridge property tax levy receipts went up \$63,349 as the 2018 Tax Year (TY18) was increased by \$17,500 and the TY19 levy was increased \$107,750. Miscellaneous revenue contained grant cash receipts in the amount of \$15,000, primarily accounting for the increase from prior year revenue of \$192,333.

Table 7

Road and Bridge Fund Expenditures

					% Increase
	FY20	 FY19	D	ifference	(Decrease)
Expenditures					
Highway and Streets	\$ 1,952,421	\$ 1,901,344	\$	51,077	2.7%
Drainage and Storm sewers	11,744	12,504		(760.00)	-6.1%
Foresty maintenance	88,266	125,779	((37,513.00)	-29.8%
Debt service	399,610	176,376	2	23,234.00	126.6%
Total expenditures	\$ 2,452,041	\$ 2,216,003	\$	236,038	10.7%

As for expenditures in the Road & Bridge Fund, there are three separate departments: Streets, Drainage, and Forestry. Within the Streets Department, expenditures were fairly consistent with prior year. One of the main contributors to the 2.7% increase in expenditures were increases in vehicle and streetlight purchases. Within the Forestry Department, FY19 saw the purchase of a new Flair mover tractor

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attachment (\$45,000), no such expenditure was paid in FY20. In addition, there was a continuation of the pruning program, and the continuation of removal of stumps and replacement of trees due to the elimination of Village Ash trees due to the Ash Borer infestation from prior years.

Additional information about the Road & Bridge Fund infrastructure projects can be found in the Letter of Transmittal under the Major Initiatives > B. Infrastructure Replacement and Improvement section.

The Village Road & Bridge Fund in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is shown in comparison to the original and final budget. The revenues were \$34,857 below budget or 1.2% lower. The expenditures were \$618,121 above budget or 20.1% higher.

Business-type Activities

The Enterprise Funds include the Water/Sewer Fund and Senior Citizen Complex Fund. Business-type activities posted total operating revenues of \$17,905,377, while the expenses and net transfers in of all business-type activities totaled \$14,536,908.

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, operating revenues for the business-type activities totaled \$17,905,377, a decrease of \$1,269,313, or 6.6%, mainly due to a write-off of a \$1,530,434 liability in FY19 that had been on the books for many years without documented proof of the liability (see Village Resolution No. 2019-02-R-1).

The financial statements of the business-type funds include depreciation, as well as, transfers to/from other funds, and non-operating costs such as amortization of bond premium, note and bond interest and fiscal charges, and investment earnings. Without these transfers and expenses, the water and sewer and senior citizen complex funds had operating income of \$4,823,676. However, with depreciation of \$1,455,207 and nonoperating expenses and transfers out of \$4,452, the increase in net position totaled \$3,364,017.

In FY20 the senior housing complexes saw an increase in repairs and maintenance in the amount of \$266k, mainly due to the usual upgrades to the kitchen and bathrooms of the apartments after residents move out, annual capital maintenance such as new wiring, replacement of Sewer lines and grease basins, repair elevators.

Water rate increases and Water & Sewer Fund projects can be found in the Letter of Transmittal under the Major Initiatives > B. Infrastructure Replacement and Improvement section.

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Table 8 Enterprise Funds For fiscal year ended April 30, 2020

	Waterworks	Senior				
	and	Citizen	То	tals		% Increase
	Sewerage	Complex	FY20	FY19	Difference	(Decrease)
Operating Revenues						
Charges for sales and services	\$ 12,661,100	\$ -	\$ 12,661,100	\$ 12,699,905	\$ (38,805)	-0.3%
Rental income		4,853,260	4,853,260	4,724,217	129,043	2.7%
Other income	333,388	57,629	391,017	1,750,568	(1,359,551)	-77.7%
Total operating revenues	12,994,488	4,910,889	17,905,377	19,174,690	(1,269,313)	-6.6%
Operating Expenses						
Water department	9,708,482	-	9,708,482	9,778,077	(69,595)	-0.7%
Sewer department	349,910	-	349,910	267,557	82,353	30.8%
Senior citizen complex	-	3,023,309	3,023,309	2,751,351	271,958	9.9%
Depreciation and amortization	799,649	655,558	1,455,207	1,568,169	(112,962)	-7.2%
Total operating expenses	10,858,041	3,678,867	14,536,908	14,365,154	171,754	1.2%
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) and						
Transfers in and (out)						
Amortization of bond premium	183,312	52,726	236,038	44,083	191,955	435.4%
Note and bond interest and fiscal charges	(228,532)	(137,431)	(365,963)	(265,706)	(100,257)	37.7%
Investment earnings	80,736	2,731	83,467	-	83,467	100.0%
Transfers in	297,419	-	297,419	434,150	(136,731)	-31.5%
Transfers out	(255,413)		(255,413)		(255,413)	100.0%
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)						
and transfers in (out)	77,522	(81,974)	(4,452)	212,527	(216,979)	-102.1%
Change in Net Position	\$ 2,213,969	\$ 1,150,048	\$ 3,364,017	\$ 5,022,063	\$ (1,658,046)	-33.0%

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CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Village's Capital Assets are summarized in Table 9.

Table 9 Village of Alsip's Capital Assets

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	FY20	FY19	FY20	FY19	FY20	FY19		
Non-depreciable assets		·						
Land	\$ 1,321,280	\$ 1,160,500	\$ 1,886,953	\$ 1,886,953	\$ 3,208,233	\$ 3,047,453		
Construction-in-progress			753,558		753,558			
Capital assets being depreciated								
Building and improvements	10,466,704	10,570,112	34,821,982	34,539,414	45,288,686	45,109,526		
Vehicles, machinery, and								
equipment	9,212,665	8,884,715	4,052,368	3,707,751	13,265,033	12,592,466		
Infrastructure	42,338,759	42,338,759	25,203,581	24,801,267	67,542,340	67,140,026		
Less accumulated depreciation	(48,727,416)	(47,952,090)	(36,700,016)	(34,988,347)	(85,427,432)	(82,940,437)		
Capital assets	\$ 14,611,992	\$ 15,001,996	\$ 30,018,426	\$ 29,947,038	\$ 44,630,418	\$ 44,949,034		

The Village's governmental capital assets and business-type capital assets increased \$385,322 and \$1,783,057, respectively, for a net increase of \$2,168,379 before depreciation during FY20. Additional detail regarding capital assets may be seen in the notes to the financial statements-Note 4C. Capital assets.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the Village had total bonded debt outstanding of \$11.1 million. \$144,450 of the 2019 tax year (TY19) property tax levy was for debt payments. The other funding for outstanding debt is from revenues for the following funds: the senior citizen housing complexes (housing rents), Water and Sewer (water rates and sewer rates), and Road & Bridge (fuel taxes and vehicle fees) and to the extent that these payments are from G.O. bonds, the bonds are abated to reflect these other funding sources. As a home rule government, under Illinois law, the Village does not have a legal debt limit, except that any debt issue may not exceed a 40-year payment period. Additional information involving long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements-Note 4E. Long-term debt.

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Table 10 summarized the Village's debt structure.

Table 10
Outstanding General Obligation Debt

	 Governmental Activities				Business-Ty	ctivities	Total Primary Government				
	FY20 FY19			FY20 FY19			FY20			FY19	
General obligation											
bonds	\$ 3,216,386	\$	3,606,826	\$	7,918,614	\$	8,683,174	\$	11,135,000	\$	12,290,000

Discussion of Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions of Future Significance

As referenced in Note 13, the COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in unprecedented actions by Federal and State authorities. However, the pandemic did not significantly impact the Village's financial resources as of April 30, 2020. While some of the Village's revenue sources, such as the state shared motor fuel tax have since declined in response to the pandemic, others have remained stable or increased, including sales and use taxes. The Village Board and management continue to closely monitor the budget and will make adjustments as needed. The Village also maintains sufficient cash reserves to withstand potential short-term interruptions in revenue.

Additional facts, decisions, or conditions that are both currently known as of the date of the independent auditors' report, including efforts in recent years to fund operations, encourage economic development, replace infrastructure, reduce general obligation or retiree benefit debt, or contain healthcare cost can be found within the Letter of Transmittal in the Introductory Section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations and demonstrate the Village's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report or would like to request additional information, access the Village website at www.villageofalsip.org or contact:

Village of Alsip 4500 West 123rd Street Alsip, Illinois 60803



Statement of Net Position April 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash	\$ 12,567	\$ -	\$ 12,567
Temporary cash investments	20,800,966	18,110,333	38,911,299
Cash held for insurance and related expenditures	12,922,249	-	12,922,249
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	9,752,652	1,908,090	11,660,742
Deposits	-	203,548	203,548
Prepaid expenses	224,094	89,125	313,219
Restricted assets			
Temporary cash investments	133,891	542,655	676,546
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation			
Buildings	3,188,761	9,763,972	12,952,733
Improvements	520,392	4,053,455	4,573,847
System infrastructure	7,190,781	12,637,774	19,828,555
Machinery and equipment	914,722	504,573	1,419,295
Vehicles	1,476,056	418,141	1,894,197
Capital assets, not being depreciated			
Land	1,321,280	1,886,953	3,208,233
Construction in progress		753,558	753,558
Total assets	58,458,411	50,872,177	109,330,588
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Related to pensions	12,573,301	96,405	12,669,706
Related to OPEB	13,193,327	582,974	13,776,301
Total deferred outflows of resources	25,766,628	679,379	26,446,007
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	1,245,707	1,789,540	3,035,247
Accrued interest payable	23,571	61,495	85,066
Deposits	, -	414,945	414,945
Payable from restricted accounts		,-	,-
Customer deposits	-	35,196	35,196
Noncurrent liabilities		, -	, -
Due within one year	1,994,211	962,231	2,956,442
Due in more than one year	138,196,496	13,041,086	151,237,582
·			
Total liabilities	141,459,985	16,304,493	157,764,478

(Cont.)

Statement of Net Position April 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Related to pensions	1,625,876	296,345	1,922,221
Related to OPEB	2,293,328	101,335	2,394,663
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,919,204	397,680	4,316,884
Net Position (Deficit)			
Net investment in capital assets	11,061,194	18,633,002	29,694,196
Restricted for			
Debt service	347,836	-	347,836
Police department programs	133,891	-	133,891
Tax Increment Financing allocation for			
project areas	1,957,621	-	1,957,621
Street maintenance and improvement programs	4,316,836	-	4,316,836
Fire department programs	46,641	-	46,641
Unrestricted (deficit)	(79,018,169)	16,216,381	(62,801,788)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (61,154,150)	\$ 34,849,383	\$ (26,304,767)

Statement of Activities Year Ended April 30, 2020

			n Rev	Net Revenues (Expenses) and Revenues Changes in Net Position						
						Operating				
				Charges		Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		
Functions/Programs	E	Expenses	fe	or Services		ontributions	Activities	Activities		Total
Governmental Activities										
General government	\$	3,023,523	\$	1,547,215	\$	-	\$ (1,476,308)	\$ -	\$	(1,476,308)
Public safety		23,802,774		1,831,608		-	(21,971,166)	-		(21,971,166)
Highway and Streets		3,011,792		646,205		1,958,475	(407,112)	_		(407,112)
Building		530,744		366,440		-	(164,304)	_		(164,304)
Health and environmental control		1,344,743		949,092		_	(395,651)	_		(395,651)
Drainage and storm sewers		26,487		717,072		_	(26,487)	_		(26,487)
Forestry maintenance		103,033		_		_	(103,033)	_		(103,033)
Economic development		234,366		_		_	(234,366)	-		(234,366)
•				-		-		-		
Interest on long-term debt		74,035	_	5 0 10 5 50		1.050.455	(74,035)		_	(74,035)
Total governmental activities		32,151,497		5,340,560		1,958,475	(24,852,462)			(24,852,462)
Business-Type Activities										
Water		10,255,708		11,763,737				1,508,029		1,508,029
Sewer		602,333		773,154		_	-	170,821		170,821
						-	-			
Senior Citizen Complex Total business-type activities		3,763,572 14,621,613		4,910,889 17,447,780				1,147,317 2,826,167		1,147,317 2,826,167
Total business-type activities		14,021,013	_	17,447,760				2,820,107	_	2,820,107
Total	\$	46,773,110	\$	22,788,340	\$	1,958,475	(24,852,462)	2,826,167		(22,026,295)
			Co	neral Revenue	e					
				'axes	3					
			•	Property taxes			13,351,583	_		13,351,583
				Home rule sale	s taxe	s	2,652,095	_		2,652,095
				Real estate trai			311,947	_		311,947
				Other taxes	isici u	ines	1,176,072			1,176,072
			Īı	ntergovernment	al		1,170,072	_		1,170,072
				Sales taxes	uı		3,966,817	_		3,966,817
				State income to	OVAC		1,896,567	-		1,896,567
					axes		688,995	-		688,995
				Use taxes			,	-		,
				Replacement to			392,599	-		392,599
				Insurance proc			8,353	-		8,353
				Unrestricted in			244 702	20.245		205.020
				investment e	arning	S	266,783	38,247		305,030
				Miscellaneous			104,616	457,597		562,213
			1	ransfers			(42,006)	42,006		
				Total gene and trans		enues	24 774 421	527.950		25 212 271
				and trans	iers		24,774,421	537,850		25,312,271
			Ch	ange in Net Po	sition		(78,041)	3,364,017		3,285,976
			Ne	t Position (Def	icit) I	leginning				
				s Previously R			(61,470,246)	31,485,366		(29,984,880)
				•	•		, , , , ,	31,103,300		
			Re	statement (see	Note 1	12)	394,137			394,137
				t Position (Def	icit), E	Beginning,				
			a	s Restated			(61,076,109)	31,485,366		(29,590,743)
			Ne	t Position, End	ling		\$ (61,154,150)	\$ 34,849,383	\$	(26,304,767)

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds April 30, 2020

	General	F	Road and Bridge	I	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Assets						
Cash Temporary cash investments	\$ 12,567 14,280,611	\$	3,512,593	\$	3,007,762	\$ 12,567 20,800,966
Cash held for insurance and related expenditures	12,922,249		-		-	12,922,249
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	8,850,734		432,554		469,364	9,752,652
Prepaids	211,682		12,412		-	224,094
Restricted assets	 133,891		,		<u> </u>	133,891
Total assets	\$ 36,411,734	\$	3,957,559	\$	3,477,126	\$ 43,846,419
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and						
other current liabilities	\$ 1,146,608	\$	55,779	_\$_	43,320	\$ 1,245,707
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	 5,821,276		416,459		237,781	 6,475,516
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable	211,682		12,412		-	224,094
Restricted for						
Police department programs	133,891		-		-	133,891
Tax Increment Financing allocation for project						
areas	-		-		1,957,621	1,957,621
Street maintenance and						
improvement programs	-		3,472,909		843,927	4,316,836
Fire department programs	-		-		46,641	46,641
Debt service	-		-		347,836	347,836
Assigned for insurance premiums, claims						
and related expenditures	12,922,249		-		-	12,922,249
Unassigned	 16,176,028		-			 16,176,028
Total fund balances	 29,443,850		3,485,321		3,196,025	 36,125,196
Total liabilities, deferred						
inflows of resources						
and fund balances	\$ 36,411,734	\$	3,957,559	\$	3,477,126	\$ 43,846,419

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position April 30, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	36,125,196
Accounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because		
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		14,611,992
Property tax receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		6,475,516
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not recorded in the funds.		(23,571)
Unamortized bond premiums are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(92,508)
Deferred outflows and inflows related to pension and OPEB are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		21,847,424
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, and OPEB are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	((140,098,199)
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	\$	(61,154,150)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended April 30, 2020

	General	Road and Bridge	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 16,002,097	\$ 2,173,918	\$ 1,194,058	\$ 19,370,073
Intergovernmental	6,944,978		-	6,961,920
Fines and forfeitures	645,216	*	_	645,216
Licenses and permits	561,914	553,375	_	1,115,289
Grants and donations	419,844		176,442	596,286
Charges for services	907,426		-	907,426
Investment income	243,374		22,329	265,703
Miscellaneous	2,378,981		-	2,444,508
Total revenues	28,103,830	_	1,392,829	32,306,421
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	1,917,243	-	-	1,917,243
Public safety	15,621,561	_	21,950	15,643,511
Highways and streets		1,952,421	709,535	2,661,956
Building	262,378	-	-	262,378
Health and environmental control	1,138,484		-	1,138,484
Insurance	3,159,224		-	3,159,224
Drainage and storm sewers		11,744	-	11,744
Forestry maintenance		- 88,266	-	88,266
Economic development			234,366	234,366
Miscellaneous	22,285	-	6,793	29,078
Debt service				
Principal retirement	24,257	276,790	220,440	521,487
Interest and fiscal charges	48	3 122,820	20,270	143,138
Total expenditures	22,145,480		1,213,354	25,810,875
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	5,958,350	357,721	179,475	6,495,546
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	255,413	-	-	255,413
Transfers out	•		(297,419)	(297,419)
Sale of Village property		18,073		18,073
Total other financing sources (uses)	255,413	18,073	(297,419)	(23,933)
Net Change in Fund Balances	6,213,763	375,794	(117,944)	6,471,613
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year, as Previously Reported	22,835,950	3,109,527	3,313,969	29,259,446
Restatement (See Note 12)	394,137			394,137
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year, as Restated	23,230,087	3,109,527	3,313,969	29,653,583
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 29,443,850	\$ 3,485,321	\$ 3,196,025	\$ 36,125,196

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended April 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 6,471,613
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays of \$763,033 were exceeded by depreciation of \$1,131,015 in the current period.	(367,982)
The effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (<i>i.e.</i> , sales and trade-ins) is to decrease net position by the undepreciated balance of the capital assets.	(22,023)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. This amount represents the current year effect of these timing differences.	(190,959)
The repayment of the principal on long-term debt is reported as an expenditure when due in governmental funds but as a reduction of principal outstanding on the statement of activities.	521,487
Amortization of bond premiums reported as a reduction in interest expense in the statement of activities not reported in the funds.	67,441
Change in interest payable reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore is not reported in the fund statements until coming due for payments.	1,662
Change in accumulated employee sick and vacation pay reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore is not reported in the fund statements until coming due for payments.	(66,348)
Change in net pension liability and related deferrals reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore is not reported in the funds.	(3,416,477)
Change in total OPEB liability and related deferrals reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore is not reported in the funds.	(3,076,455)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (78,041)

Budgetary Comparison Statement Budget to Actual General Fund Year Ended April 30, 2020

	0	riginal and Final		
		Budget	Actual	 Variance
Revenues				
Taxes	\$	11,491,854	\$ 16,002,097	\$ 4,510,243
Intergovernmental		6,682,950	6,944,978	262,028
Fines		1,003,000	645,216	(357,784)
Licenses and permits		468,988	561,914	92,926
Grants		348,000	419,844	71,844
Charges for services		900,000	907,426	7,426
Investment income		120,000	243,374	123,374
Miscellaneous		2,125,378	2,378,981	253,603
Total revenues		23,140,170	28,103,830	4,963,660
Expenditures				
Current				
General government		2,123,964	1,917,243	(206,721)
Public safety		10,637,286	15,621,561	4,984,275
Building		266,990	262,378	(4,612)
Health and environmental control		1,217,967	1,138,484	(79,483)
Insurance		8,126,300	3,159,224	(4,967,076)
Miscellaneous		22,090	22,285	195
Debt service				
Principal retirement		18,157	24,257	6,100
Interest and fiscal charges		73	 48	 (25)
Total expenditures		22,412,827	 22,145,480	 (267,347)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		727,343	5,958,350	5,231,007
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers in			 255,413	 255,413
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	727,343	6,213,763	\$ 5,486,420
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as Previously Reported			22,835,950	
Restatement (See Note 12)			 394,137	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as Restated			 23,230,087	
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ 29,443,850	

Budgetary Comparison Statement Budget to Actual Road and Bridge Fund Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Oı	riginal and Final			
		Budget	Actual	V	/ariance
Revenues					
Taxes	\$	2,192,334	\$ 2,173,918	\$	(18,416)
Intergovernmental		16,000	16,942		942
Licenses and permits		566,285	553,375		(12,910)
Miscellaneous		70,000	65,527		(4,473)
Total revenues		2,844,619	2,809,762		(34,857)
Expenditures					
Current					
Highway and streets		2,310,213	1,952,421		(357,792)
Drainage and storm sewers		202,200	11,744		(190,456)
Forestry maintenance		144,075	88,266		(55,809)
Debt service					-
Principal retirement		282,891	276,790		(6,101)
Interest and fiscal charges		130,783	 122,820		(7,963)
Total expenditures		3,070,162	 2,452,041		(618,121)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures		(225,543)	357,721		583,264
Other Financing Sources					
Proceeds from sale of assets		10,000	18,073		(8,073)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(215,543)	375,794	\$	575,191
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			3,109,527		
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ 3,485,321		

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds April 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds						
	Waterworks and	Senior Citizen					
	Sewerage	Complex	Total				
Assets		-					
Current Assets							
Temporary cash investments	\$ 8,844,126	\$ 9,266,207	\$ 18,110,333				
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	1,787,084	121,006	1,908,090				
Prepaid insurance	83,911	5,214	89,125				
Total current assets	10,715,121	9,392,427	20,107,548				
Noncurrent Assets							
Restricted temporary cash investments	35,473	507,182	542,655				
Deposits	-	203,548	203,548				
Capital assets							
Land	-	1,886,953	1,886,953				
Buildings	9,778,685	14,980,766	24,759,451				
Building improvements	-	8,524,638	8,524,638				
Improvements other than building	10,066	1,527,828	1,537,894				
System infrastructure	25,203,581	-	25,203,581				
Machinery and equipment	2,477,467	936,503	3,413,970				
Vehicles	638,397	-	638,397				
Construction in progress	753,558	-	753,558				
Less accumulated depreciation	(19,477,618)	(17,222,398)	(36,700,016)				
Capital assets, net of accumulated							
depreciation	19,384,136	10,634,290	30,018,426				
Total noncurrent assets	19,419,609	11,345,020	30,764,629				
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Related to pension	96,405	-	96,405				
Related to OPEB	582,974		582,974				
Total deferred outflows of resources	679,379	-	679,379				

\$ 30,814,109 \$ 20,737,447 \$ 51,551,556

of resources

Total assets and deferred outflows

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds April 30, 2020

Business-Type Activities
Enternrise Funds

	Enterprise Funds				
	Waterworks	Senior			
	and	Citizen			
	Sewerage	Complex	Total		
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 1,608,705	\$ 137,209	\$ 1,745,914		
Accrued interest payable	34,104	27,391	61,495		
Other accrued expenses	22,298	-	22,298		
Utility overpayments	21,328	-	21,328		
Security deposits	-	414,945	414,945		
Customer deposits payable - restricted assets	35,196	-	35,196		
Current portion of total OPEB liability	69,014	-	69,014		
Current portion of notes payable	184,243	-	184,243		
Current portion of general obligation bonds	363,250	345,724	708,974		
Total current liabilities	2,338,138	925,269	3,263,407		
Long-Term Liabilities					
Total OPEB liability	2,694,421	-	2,694,421		
IMRF net pension liability	172,612	_	172,612		
Notes payable	2,652,358	_	2,652,358		
Long-term portion of general obligation bonds					
(net of unamortized discount, premium)	4,101,294	3,420,401	7,521,695		
Total long-term liabilities	9,620,685	3,420,401	13,041,086		
Total liabilities	11,958,823	4,345,670	16,304,493		
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Related to pension	296,345	_	296,345		
Related to OPEB	101,335		101,335		
Total deferred inflows of resources	397,680		397,680		
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	11,532,669	7,100,333	18,633,002		
Unrestricted	6,924,937	9,291,444	16,216,381		
Total net position	18,457,606	16,391,777	34,849,383		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources					
and net position	\$ 30,814,109	\$ 20,737,447	\$ 51,551,556		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds Year Ended April 30, 2020

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Waterworks and Sewerage	Senior Citizen Complex	Total
Operating Revenues			
Charges for sales and services			
Water and sewer sales	\$ 12,482,638	\$ -	\$ 12,482,638
Rental income	-	4,910,889	4,910,889
Other sales and services	511,850		511,850
Total operating revenues	12,994,488	4,910,889	17,905,377
Operating Expenses			
Cost of sales and services	10,058,392	3,023,309	13,081,701
Depreciation	799,649	655,558	1,455,207
Total operating expenses	10,858,041	3,678,867	14,536,908
Operating Income	2,136,447	1,232,022	3,368,469
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Amortization of bond premium	183,312	52,726	236,038
Note and bond interest and fiscal charges	(228,532)	(137,431)	(365,963)
Investment earnings	80,736	2,731	83,467
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	35,516	(81,974)	(46,458)
Income Before Transfers	2,171,963	1,150,048	3,322,011
Transfers			
Transfers in	297,419	-	297,419
Transfers out	(255,413)	-	(255,413)
Total transfers	42,006		42,006
Change in Net Position	2,213,969	1,150,048	3,364,017
Net Position, Beginning of Year	16,243,637	15,241,729	31,485,366
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 18,457,606	\$ 16,391,777	\$ 34,849,383

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds Year Ended April 30, 2020

Business-Type Activitie	es
Enterprise Funds	

	Enterprise Funds					
	Wate	rworks		Senior		
		and		Citizen		
		verage	Complex		Total	
		rerage		Complex		Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities						
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 12	2,775,321	\$	4,793,819	\$	17,569,140
Payments to suppliers	(8	3,595,793)		(860,193)		(9,455,986)
Payments to employees	,	(712,022)		(2,115,968)		(2,827,990)
Net cash provided by operating		(/12,022)		(2,113,700)		(2,027,220)
activities	3	3,467,506		1,817,658		5,285,164
activities		5,407,300		1,817,038		3,263,104
Cash Flows From Investing Activities						
Earnings on investments		80,736		2,731		83,467
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing						
Activities						
Transfers in		297,419		-		297,419
Transfers out		(255,413)		_		(255,413)
Net cash provided by						
noncapital financing activities		42,006		-		42,006
1 6						,
Cash Flows From Capital and Related						
Financing Activities						
Purchase of property, building and equipment		(975,995)		_		(975,995)
Principal payments on bonds payable		(428,000)		(336,561)		(764,561)
Principal payments on notes payable		(162,662)		_		(162,662)
Interest paid on notes and bonds		(230,671)		(139,009)		(369,680)
Net cash used in capital and related		(230,071)		(13),00)		(30),000)
financing activities	(1	,797,328)		(475,570)		(2,272,898)
imaneing activities		1,777,320)		(473,370)		(2,272,070)
Net Change in Cash and Temporary Cash						
Investments	1	,792,920		1,344,819		3,137,739
investments	•	1,772,720		1,544,017		3,137,737
Cash and Temporary Cash Investments,						
Beginning of Year	7	7,086,679		8,428,570		15,515,249
Cash and Temporary Cash Investments,						
End of Year	\$ 8	3,879,599	\$	9,773,389	\$	18,652,988
Unrestricted Temporary Cash Investments	\$ 8	3,844,126	\$	9,266,207	\$	18,110,333
Restricted Temporary Cash Investments		35,473		507,182		542,655
Total	\$ 8	3,879,599	\$	9,773,389	\$	18,652,988

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds Year Ended April 30, 2020

Business-I	ype Activities	
Enterpri	ise Funds	

	Enterprise runus				
	Waterworks and		Senior Citizen		
		Sewerage		Complex	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net					
Cash Provided by Operating Activities					
Operating income	\$	2,136,447	\$	1,232,022	\$ 3,368,469
Items not requiring cash					
Depreciation		799,649		655,558	1,455,207
Changes in operating assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources					
Receivables - account customers		(52,184)		-	(52,184)
Receivables - unbilled charges		31,813		-	31,813
Receivables - other		-		(121,006)	(121,006)
Grants receivable		(200,000)		_	(200,000)
Due from other funds		426,612		-	426,612
Prepaid insurance/expense		(83,911)		(5,214)	(89,125)
Utility overpayment		(661)		-	(661)
Deposits		-		(4,364)	(4,364)
Accounts payable		310,368		56,726	367,094
Other accrued expenses		(6,577)		-	(6,577)
Deferred outflow - OPEB		(582,974)		-	(582,974)
Deferred inflow - OPEB		101,335		-	101,335
Security deposits		-		3,936	3,936
Total OPEB liability		536,361		-	536,361
Deferred outflow - pensions		407,466		-	407,466
Deferred inflow - pensions		114,225		-	114,225
IMRF net pension liability		(472,328)		-	(472,328)
Other liabilities		1,865			 1,865
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,467,506	\$	1,817,658	\$ 5,285,164

Schedule of Noncash Capital and Related Financing Activities

Purchase of property, building and equipment on account

\$ 550,599

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds April 30, 2020

	Pension Trust Fund			
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,700,605			
Receivables				
Contributions	16,508			
Accrued interest	80,021			
Investments, at fair value				
U.S. Government securities	8,016,658			
Corporate bonds	6,352,579			
Municipal bonds	554,854			
Mutual funds - equities	30,692,286			
Mutual funds - fixed income	541,697			
Certificate of deposit	2,066,932			
Total assets	\$ 53,022,140			
Net Position				
Net position restricted for pensions	\$ 53,022,140			

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Funds Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Pension Trust Fund			
Additions				
Contributions				
Employer	\$ 5,519,709			
Employee	818,239			
Total contributions	6,337,948			
Investment income				
Net (depreciation) in fair value of investments	(319,445)			
Dividends	486,047			
Interest	528,686			
Miscellaneous income	290			
	695,578			
Less investment expense	254,271			
Net investment income	441,307			
Total additions	6,779,255			
Deductions				
Retirement benefits	4,550,610			
Duty disability benefits	789,865			
Surviving spouse benefits	548,182			
Miscellaneous	33,761			
Total deductions	5,922,418			
Change in Net Position	856,837			
Net Position Restricted for Pensions, Beginning of Year	52,165,303			
Net Position, Restricted for Pensions, End of Year	\$ 53,022,140			

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Village of Alsip (Village) was incorporated in 1927 and operates under a Mayor-Trustee form of government. The Village provides the following services as authorized by its Charter; public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture recreation, education, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. The Village has an April 30 fiscal year-end.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental entities.

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

Financial Reporting Entity

The Village has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended. Under this pronouncement, the definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations, if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and, either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

The Village's reporting entity includes the Village's primary government. There are no related organizations for which the Village is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (*i.e.*, the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are budgeted. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The policy for recognizing property tax collections as revenues of the current fiscal year is 60 days. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Village.

Property taxes are recognized as a receivable and deferred inflows of resources at the time they are levied and the current taxes receivable represent the 2019 levy.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Village's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Village, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Road and Bridge Fund* accounts for the Village's share of fuel use tax, vehicle license, and road and bridge property tax revenue that are utilized for the maintenance of the Village's roads and bridges, drainage and storm sewers, and forests.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

The Village reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Waterworks and Sewerage Fund* accounts for the activities of the Village's water distribution system, sewage pumping stations and collection systems and sewage treatment plant.

The Senior Citizen Complex Fund accounts for the activities of the Village's two senior citizen living facilities.

Additionally, the Village reports the following fiduciary fund type:

The *Pension Trust Funds* account for the activities of the Police Pension and Firefighter's Pension plans, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

The financial statements of the Village are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America include all relevant GASB pronouncements plus other sources of accounting and financial reporting guidance noted in GASB Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the Village's water and sewer function and various other functions of the Village. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Waterworks and Sewerage Enterprise Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The principal operating revenues of the Senior Citizen Complex Enterprise Fund are charges to customers for rental of living facilities. The Waterworks and Sewerage Enterprise Fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Deposits and Investments

The Village's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.

The Village's temporary cash investments are saving and money market accounts and certificates of deposit.

State statutes authorize the Village and the pension trusts to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, stocks, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the Village, as well as for its pension trusts, are reported at fair value, which are based on quoted market prices. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (*i.e.*, the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (*i.e.*, the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivables in excess of 180 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 3% of the original levy amount, with the exception of the property tax receivable applicable to the bond and interest levies which is equal to 5%.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy is divided into two billings: the first billing (due March 1) is an estimate of the current year's levy based on the prior year's taxes: the second billing (due August 1) reflects adjustments to the current year's actual levy.

The billings are considered past due 60 days after the respective tax billing date, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Restricted Assets

Certain assets of the Village are classified as restricted assets because their use is restricted for insurance requirements, waterworks and sewerage consumer deposits and federal and state seizure requirements. Such assets use is subject to constraints that are either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments, (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 with an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Infrastructure assets are long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets. Examples include roads, bridges, drainage systems, water and sewer systems and lighting systems.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the Village are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	30 - 40
Improvements	10 - 40
System infrastructure	20
Vehicles	8
Machinery and equipment	5 - 15
Furniture and fixtures	10 - 15

Compensated Absences

It is the Village's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick pay benefits. There is no liability at fiscal year-end for vacation time since Village policy does not allow the carryover of accumulated vacation time from one fiscal year to the next or additional compensation be paid out without the formal approval of the Village Board. Sick pay is accrued based on the Village employee's area of employment, an employee's years of service, the number of days

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

accumulated, and a set maximum percentage of the total time accumulated. A liability is recognized in the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements for that portion of accumulated sick pay benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premium and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Losses on extinguishment of debt are deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the new or old bonds using the straight-line method. Using the straight-line method is not materially different than the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Village's IMRF, Police and Firefighter's Pension Plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds to employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee payments) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

The Village reports the consumption of net position or fund equity that is applicable to a future reporting period as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

proprietary funds statement of net position or governmental fund balance sheet. The Village has two types of deferred outflows of resources which occur related to its pension plans and other postemployment benefit plan.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

The Village reports the acquisition of net position or fund equity that is applicable to a future reporting period as deferred inflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary funds statement of net position or governmental fund balance sheet. The Village will not recognize the related revenue until a future event occurs. The Village has three types of items which occur. One type occurs within the governmental funds related to revenue recognition, which occurs because property tax receivables are recorded in the current year, but the revenue is considered unavailable in the current year due to the timing of the receipt of the property tax revenue. The second type occurs within the government-wide and propriety funds statements which relate to its pension plans. The third type occurs within the government-wide and propriety funds statements which relate to its other postemployment benefit plan.

Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds.

It is the Village's policy to consider restricted resources to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, followed by committed and then assigned resources. Unassigned amounts are used only after the other categories of fund balance have been fully utilized.

Within the governmental fund types, the Village's fund balances are reported in one of the following classifications:

- Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in spendable form, or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of the Village. Once adopted, the limitation remains in place until a similar action is taken (adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.
- Assigned includes amounts that are constrained by the Village's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by: a) the Village board of trustees itself, or b) a body or official to which the Village Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The finance

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

director may assign resources and amounts of fund balance to a specific purpose. These assignments will follow Village policy.

• Unassigned - includes the residual fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned with the General Fund and deficit balances of other governmental funds.

Net Position

Beginning with fiscal year 2013, the Village implemented GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position.*The objective of this statement is to provide financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows. Net position invested in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Village Mayor and Finance Director propose an operating budget based upon requests submitted by individual departments for the following fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Budget hearings are conducted within the Finance Committee of the Village Board.
- 3. Expenditure budgets for the General Fund, special revenue funds (Road and Bridge, Motor Fuel Tax, and TIFs), and the Debt Service Fund are legally adopted on the cash basis through passage of an appropriation ordinance.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

4. The level of budgetary control is at the fund level. The Village Mayor is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within a fund (*i.e.*, intrafund transfers) during the fiscal year. The Village Board, through passage of a supplemental appropriation ordinance, amends the appropriation ordinance to increase expenditures or expenses within a fund or to make transfers across funds (interfund transfers). Appropriations lapse at year- end.

Note 3: Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank or other financial institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At April 30, 2020, the carrying value of the Village's cash account amounted to \$19,358,569 excluding \$2,900 balance of its petty cash funds. As of April 30, 2020, none of the Village's bank balance of \$23,328,021 was exposed to custodial credit risk because all amounts were either covered by FDIC coverage or the Village has additional collateral pledged for amounts exceeding FDIC coverage.

Deposits in the Illinois Funds. The State Treasurer maintains the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund (Pool). Its primary purpose is to provide custodians of public funds with an alternative investment vehicle which enables them to earn a competitive rate on return or fully collateralized investments, while maintaining immediate access to those funds.

The monies invested by the individual participants are pooled together and invested in U.S. Treasury bills and notes backed by full faith and credit of the U.S. Treasury. In addition, monies are invested in fully collateralized time deposits in Illinois financial institutions, in collateralized repurchase agreements, and in treasury mutual funds that invest in U.S. Treasury obligations and collateralized repurchase agreements. The Pool maintains a Standard and Poor's AAAm rating.

The time deposits are collateralized 110% over the FDIC \$250,000 insurance limit with U.S. Treasury obligations and marked to market on a weekly basis to maintain sufficiency. The repurchase agreements are collateralized at 102% with U.S. Treasury obligations and the collateral is checked daily to determine sufficiency. Deposits in the Illinois Funds, valued at amortized cost, had a carrying value and bank balance of \$32,993,604 at April 30, 2020.

All funds deposited in the Pool are classified as investments even though some could be withdrawn on a day's notice. Although not subject to direct regulatory oversight, the fund is administered in accordance with the provisions of the *Illinois Public Funds Investment Act*, 30 ILCS 235.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Investments

As of April 30, 2020, the Police and Firefighter's Pension trust funds held investments, which are comprised of the following:

Investment Type			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,700,605		
U.S. Government securities	8,016,658		
Corporate bonds	6,352,579		
Municipal bonds	554,854		
Mutual funds - equities	30,692,286		
Mutual funds - fixed income	541,697		
Negotiable certificate of deposits	2,066,932		
	\$ 52,925,611		

Interest Rate Risk. The pension funds have adopted investment policies to limit exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Firefighter's Pension Fund has adopted a policy whereby investing in securities that would give the fixed-income portfolio a duration within 0.25 of the Lehman Intermediate Government Bond index. The Police Pension Fund developed a strategy which maintains the average maturity of fixed-income securities at approximately five years, ranging from two to seven years. This strategy also increases the duration when interest rates are rising and decreases the duration when interest rates are declining.

The Village's Firefighter's Pension and Police Pension Funds had the following investments as of April 30, 2020:

	Investment Maturity (Years)									
		air Value	Le	ess Than 1		1 - 5		6 - 10		Greater Than 10
U.S. Government securities Corporate bonds Municipal bonds Negotiable certificate of deposits	\$	8,016,658 6,352,579 554,854 2,066,932	\$	400,793 1,252,724 20,192	\$	3,825,430 4,032,387 329,827 840,665	\$	3,613,637 1,015,663 103,707 1,076,104	\$	176,798 51,805 101,129 150,164
Total investments	\$	16,991,023	\$	1,673,709	\$	9,028,309	\$	5,809,109	\$	479,896

Credit Risk. State law limits the type of investments pension funds may choose. The Firefighter's Pension fund has adopted a policy which restricts the amount that may be invested in any one debt issuer to 20%, excluding U.S. Treasury securities and issues of FNMA, FHLMC, FHLB, and GNMA. The Police Pension fund has set allocation guidelines by asset class in order to diversify its investment holding and limit credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

As of April 30, 2020, the Village's Firefighter's Pension and Police Pension Funds were rated as follows:

Standards & Poor's Rating	Fair Value
AAA	\$ 3,634,509
AA+	\$ 4,866,787
AA	\$ 1,397,787
AA-	\$ 489,804
A+	\$ 930,444
A	\$ 724,513
A-	\$ 2,110,836
BBB+	\$ 699,651
Not Rated	\$ 69,760

Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the pension funds will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the pension fund investments are insured, registered, or held by the pension fund or its agent in the pension fund's name. The pension funds do limit the amount of funds that may be invested in any one issuer, except as noted previously above. The Firefighter's and Police Pension Funds have no investments greater than 5% of the funds' total investments to individual equity and debt securities except for investments in U.S. Government Securities that are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Fair Value. The Village categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant and observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The fair value of pension fund assets measured on a recurring basis at April 30, 2020, are as follows:

			Fair Value Measurements Using							
Investment Type		Fair Value	in Mar Idd A Lia	uoted Prices Active Rets for entical ssets/ ubilities evel 1)	0	ignificant Other bservable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
B.1. 11				-						
Debt securities		1 20 - 222	Φ.		Φ.	1.00 < 0.00				
U.S. government treasuries	\$	1,206,232	\$	-	\$	1,206,232	\$	-		
U.S. government agencies		6,810,426		-		6,810,426		-		
Municipal bonds		554,854		-		554,854		-		
Corporate bonds		6,352,579				6,352,579				
		14,924,091		-		14,924,091		-		
Negotiable certificate of deposits		2,066,932		-		2,066,932		-		
Mutual funds		31,233,983	3	1,233,983						
Total	\$	48,225,006	\$ 3	1,233,983	\$	16,991,023	\$			

Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the Village's individual major funds, nonmajor, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Road and General Bridge		 aterworks and sewerage	Senior Citizen complex	Nonmajor and Fiduciary Funds		
Receivables							
Interest	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	80,021
Taxes and intergovernmental	7,867,541		429,162	-	-		235,749
Accounts	1,425,405		3,392	1,587,084	121,006		73,681
Grants	 			 200,000	 		176,442
Gross receivables	9,292,946		432,554	1,787,084	121,006		565,893
Less allowance for uncollectibles	 (442,212)			 -	 		-
Net total receivables	\$ 8,850,734	\$	432,554	\$ 1,787,084	\$ 121,006	\$	565,893

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds were as follows:

Property taxes receivable (General Fund)	\$ 5,821,276
Property taxes receivable (Road and Bridge Fund)	416,459
Property taxes receivable (Special Tax Allocation Fund)	169,649
Property taxes receivable (Debt Service Fund)	68,132
Total deferred inflows of resources for governmental funds	\$ 6,475,516

Note 4: Capital Assets

Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities of the Village is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Adjustment * Reclassification	Increases Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 1,160,500	\$ 160,780	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,321,280
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings	9,375,371	-	_	-	9,375,371
Improvements	1,194,742	(160,780)	57,371	-	1,091,333
System infrastructure	42,338,759	-	-	-	42,338,759
Machinery and equipment	3,287,659	-	-	(34,970)	3,252,689
Vehicles	5,597,056		705,662	(342,742)	5,959,976
	61,793,587	(160,780)	763,033	(377,712)	62,018,128
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Buildings	(5,980,441)	-	(206,169)	-	(6,186,610)
Improvements	(563,531)	-	(7,410)	-	(570,941)
System infrastructure	(34,716,414)	-	(431,564)	-	(35,147,978)
Machinery and equipment	(2,183,698)	-	(189,239)	34,970	(2,337,967)
Vehicles	(4,508,006)		(296,633)	320,719	(4,483,920)
	(47,952,090)	-	(1,131,015)	355,689	(48,727,416)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	13,841,497	(160,780)	(367,982)	(22,023)	13,290,712
Government activities capital assets, net	\$ 15,001,997	\$ -	\$ (367,982)	\$ (22,023)	\$ 14,611,992

 $[\]ensuremath{^*}$ Adjustment/reclassification had no effect on the net book value of capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Business-Type Activities

A summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities of the Village is as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	Adjustment * Reclassification				Decreases			Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land	\$ 1,886,953	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	1,886,953
Construction in progress	 				753,558		-		753,558
	 1,886,953				753,558		-		2,640,511
Capital assets being depreciated									
Buildings	24,476,883		282,568		-		-		24,759,451
Improvements	10,062,531		-		-		-		10,062,531
System infrastructure	24,801,267		-		402,314		-		25,203,581
Machinery and equipment	3,440,076		-		-		(26,105)		3,413,971
Vehicles	267,675		-		370,722		-		638,397
	63,048,432		282,568		773,036		(26,105)		64,077,931
Less accumulated depreciation for									
Buildings	(14,266,494)		(282,568)		(446,416)		_		(14,995,478)
Improvements	(5,643,993)		-		(365,083)		_		(6,009,076)
System infrastructure	(12,041,173)		-		(524,634)		_		(12,565,807)
Machinery and equipment	(2,847,493)		-		(88,011)		26,105		(2,909,399)
Vehicles	(189,193)		-		(31,063)		· -		(220,256)
	(34,988,346)		(282,568)		(1,455,207)		26,105	_	(36,700,016)
Total capital assets being depreciated,									
net	 28,060,086				(682,171)		(52,210)		27,377,915
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 29,947,039	\$	_	\$	71,387	\$	(52,210)	\$	30,018,426

 $[\]ensuremath{^*}$ Adjustment/reclassification no effect on the net book value of capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Depreciation Expense

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Government activities	
General government	\$ 438,976
Public safety	296,633
Highways and streets	189,239
Building	 206,167
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,131,015
Business-type activities	
Waterworks and sewerage	\$ 799,649
Senior Citizens Complex	655,558
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 1,455,207

Note 5: Interfund Receivables, Payable and Transfers

Interfund balances are the result of reimbursements due for expenditures paid on behalf of one fund for another fund and for corrections of allocations and deposits. There were no interfund balances at April 30, 2020.

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended April 30, 2020, is as follows:

	Transfer In								
			Wa	aterworks and					
	,	Conorol							
	General Fund			ewerage Fund		Total			
Transfer out									
Waterworks and Sewerage Fund	\$	255,413	\$	-	\$	255,413			
Special Tax Allocation Fund		-		297,419		297,419			
Total	\$	255,413	\$	297,419	\$	552,832			

The purpose of the interfund transfers during the year was to provide assistance to funds for operating purposes in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Note 6: Long-Term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The Village issues general obligation bonds to provide for the acquisition, construction, and rehabilitation of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Village. Details of general obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

General Obligation Refunding Bonds dated March 16, 2015, with the original amount of \$6,685,000 issued to refund the G.O. Bonds Series 2003 with a principal balance of \$2,100,000, originally issued for public work improvements and public safety equipment and to refund the G.O. Bonds Series 2007 with principal balance of \$4,780,000 originally used in constructing water and sewer improvements. Principal of \$485,000 in 2021, \$500,000 in 2022, \$525,000 in 2023, \$545,000 in 2024, \$320,000 in 2025, \$335,000 in 2026, \$350,000 in 2027, \$360,000 in 2028, \$375,000 in 2029, \$390,000 in 2030, \$405,000 in 2031 and \$425,000 in 2032, with interest from 2.00% to 4.00%.

5,015,000

Plus unamortized bond premium

227,958

General Obligation Refunding Bonds dated April 18, 2017, with an original amount of \$7,475,000 issued to refund the G.O. Refunding Bonds Series 2005B with a principal balance of \$840,000 and the G.O. Refunding Bonds Series 2009A, with principal balance of \$7,005,000. G.O. Refunding Bonds Series 2005B was issued to refund the G.O. Bonds Series 1999 was originally used in Village Hall and Police Station expansion. G.O. Refunding Bonds Series 2009A, was issued to refund the G.O. Bonds Series 2000 was originally used in the construction of the Village's Senior Citizen Home. General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2017 principal of \$535,000 due in 2021, \$370,000 in 2022, \$390,000 in 2023, \$400,000 in 2024, \$410,000 in 2025, \$425,000 in 2026, \$450,000 in 2027, \$465,000 in 2028, \$485,000 in 2029, \$510,000 in 2030, \$540,000 in 2031, \$560,000 in 2032 and \$580,000 in 2033, with interest from 2.00% to 4.00%.

6,120,000

Plus unamortized bond premium

176,605

Total general obligation Bonds

\$ 11,539,563

Outstanding general obligation bonds are further summarized and recorded as follows:

Purpose	Amount
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 3,216,386 7,918,614
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 11,135,000

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending April 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 1,020,000	\$ 408,325	\$ 1,428,325
2022	870,000	380,150	1,250,150
2023	915,000	349,050	1,264,050
2024	945,000	316,350	1,261,350
2025	730,000	282,550	1,012,550
2026-2030	3,245,000	803,350	4,048,350
2030-2035	3,410,000	322,600	3,732,600
	\$ 11,135,000	\$ 2,862,375	\$ 13,997,375

Advance Refunding - General Obligation Bonds

In prior years, the Village defeased \$2,100,00 of the General Obligation Bonds Series 2003 and \$4,780,000 of the General Obligation Sewer and Water Bonds Series 2007 by creating separate irrevocable trust funds. New debt has been issued and the proceeds have been used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in trust funds. The investments and fixed earnings for the investment are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased; therefore, the above listed debt was removed from the Village's financial statements. The outstanding balance as of April 30, 2020, for the Series 2003 bonds was \$1,040,000 and for the 2007 Series bonds was \$4,260,000.

In prior years, the Village defeased \$840,000 of the General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2005B and \$6,710,000 of the General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2009A by creating separate irrevocable trust funds. New debt has been issued and the proceeds have been used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in trust funds. The investments and fixed earnings for the investment are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased; therefore, the above listed debt was removed from the Village's financial statements. The outstanding balance as of April 30, 2020, for the Series 2005B bonds was \$605,000 and for the 2009A Series bonds was \$6.065,000.

In prior years, the Village defeased \$1,000,000 of the General Obligation Bonds Series 2000 by creating separate irrevocable trust funds. New debt has been issued and the proceeds have been used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in trust funds. The investments and fixed earnings for the investment are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased; therefore, the above listed debt was removed from the Village's financial statements. General Obligation Bonds Series 2000 has a balance of \$115,000 as of April 30, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Notes Payable

The Village has entered into loan arrangements for the financing of street lighting projects and water infrastructure projects. Notes payable that are currently outstanding are as follows:

Governmental Activities

An installment purchase agreement dated May 2, 2015, with a principal balance of \$940,000 related to the acquisition and installation of LED street lighting. Loan provides retirement of principal of \$76,671 in 2021, \$79,155 in 2022, \$81,719 in 2023, \$84,367 in 2024, \$87,101 in 2025, \$89,923 in 2026 and \$92,836 in 2027, with interest at 3.24%

591,772

Business-Type Activities

An Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Drinking Water revolving loan agreement dated August 30, 2013, issued for Pump Station Replacement, provides for a 20-year repayment which began December 26, 2016. The agreement has a principal balance of \$2,864,120 at an interest rate of 1.25%. Repayment of existing balance will be \$143,170 in 2021.

\$ 2,007,887

An Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Drinking Water revolving loan agreement dated December 15, 2017, issued for New Watermains, Hydrants and Valves, provides for a 20-year repayment which began March 6, 2019. The agreement has a principal balance of \$889,318 at an interest rate of 1.32%. Repayment of existing balance will be \$41,073 in 2021.

828,714

2,836,601

Annual debt service requirements for the notes payable are as follows:

Year Ending April 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 260,914	\$ 54,630	\$ 315,544
2022	265,737	49,807	315,544
2023	270,671	44,873	315,544
2024	275,717	39,826	315,543
2025	280,880	34,663	315,543
2026-2030	1,189,192	100,994	1,290,186
2031-2035	733,164	29,688	762,852
2036-2037	152,098	3,533	155,631
	\$ 3,428,373	\$ 358,014	\$ 3,786,387

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

		eginning Balance	Increases Decreases			Ending Balance		Due Within One Year		
Governmental Activities										
Bonds payable										
General obligation bonds	\$	3,606,826	\$	-	\$	390,440	\$	3,216,386	\$	311,026
Net deferred amounts for		4.50.040								
discounts and premiums	-	159,949			_	67,441		92,508		
Total bonds payable		3,766,775		-		457,881		3,308,894		311,026
Notes payable*		722,819		-		131,047		591,772		76,671
Compensated absences*		380,199		446,547		380,199		446,547		44,655
Net pension liability*		67,660,521		11,296,772		5,707,304		73,249,989		-
Total OPEB liability*		50,401,083		13,700,281		1,561,859	_	62,539,505		1,561,859
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 1	22,931,397	\$	25,443,600	\$	8,238,290	\$	140,136,707	\$	1,994,211
iong-term natinues	P 1	. 44,731,397	Ф	23,443,000	<u> </u>	0,230,290	<u> </u>	140,130,707	Ф	1,774,411

^{*}These liabilities are primarily retired by the General Fund.

	E	Beginning Balance	Increases Decreases		Ending es Balance		Due Withir One Year			
Business-Type Activities										
Bonds payable										
General obligation bonds	\$	8,683,175	\$	-	\$	764,561	\$	7,918,614	\$	708,974
Net deferred amounts for										
discounts and premiums		548,196				236,141		312,055		
Total bonds payable		9,231,371		-		1,000,702		8,230,669		708,974
Notes payable		2,999,263		-		162,662		2,836,601		184,243
Net pension liability		644,940		-		472,328		172,612		_
Total OPEB liability*		2,227,075		604,374		68,014		2,763,435		69,014
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$	15,102,649	\$	604,374	\$	1,703,706	\$	14,003,317	\$	962,231
long-term naomities	ψ	13,102,049	Ψ	004,374	ψ	1,703,700	ψ	14,003,317	φ	902,231

Note 7: Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In February 1986, the Village joined together with other municipal units in the state to form the Illinois Public Risk Fund (IPRF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common provider for the defense and payment of members' workers' compensation claims for approximately 465-member municipal units. The Village pays an annual premium to IPRF for its workers' compensation insurance coverage. Village costs are proportional, based on contributions developed by a payroll audit of all members.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

The Village has adopted a risk management program to provide group health insurance to its employees. Payments are made monthly and deposited into a savings account to be used to pay claims. The program has a stop-loss clause in effect which limits the Village's liability to \$70,000 per individual. After \$70,000, the underwriter reimburses the Village for paid claims. At April 30, 2020, the Village owes \$274,330 for medical claims; this liability is accrued in the General Fund.

Changes in the fund's medical claims liability account for the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019, were:

	 2020	2019
Beginning liability Current year claims and changes in estimates Claims payments	\$ 68,417 2,691,620 (2,609,868)	\$ 265,486 2,160,089 (2,357,158)
Ending liability	\$ 150,169	\$ 68,417

Note 8: Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Village expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The Village is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Village attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Village.

Subsequent to April 30, 2020, the Village had committed to or approved approximately \$3,260,000 of contracts related to water and sewer projects and infrastructure improvements and maintenance.

Note 9: Tax Abatements

Pulaski Road Corridor TIF

In 2016, the Village Board created a Pulaski Road Corridor TIF Facade and Small Business Grant Program to standardize the application process and to help promote not only new developments, but to help existing property-owning businesses improve their businesses using TIF eligible expenses. Interest in the program was strong and businesses started working with the TIF district's consulting firm to help make redevelopment agreement applications to the Village Board. The Village does not have any active tax abatement agreements for the year ended April 30, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Note 10: Intergovernmental Agreements

In 2007, Village of Alsip (VOA) entered into two separate intergovernmental agreements between Village of Crestwood and City of Palos Heights for the Village of Alsip to build water infrastructure and supply water to Crestwood and Palos Heights. To cover the costs associated with the project, Village of Alsip financed the cost of the projects through general obligation debt. The Village of Crestwood and City of Palos Heights have agreed to pay an additional fee to cover their portion of the debt and the operational costs. As part of the agreements, all infrastructure remains with the Village and the Village is solely responsible for the repayment of the debt. For the year ended April 30, 2020, the Village received \$2,872,783 and \$2,361,627 from the City of Palos Heights and Village of Crestwood, respectively, for consumption, debt and operational payments.

Note 11: Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Village provides retirement benefits to its employees under three defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the Police Pension Plan, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan and the Firefighter's Pension Plan, which is also a single-employer pension plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions for all three plans are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. The Police and Firefighter's Pension Plans do not issue separate reports on the pension plans. IMRF issues a publicly available report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not for individual employers. That report may be obtained online at www.imrf.org.

The aggregate totals for all pension items for the three plans are as follows. Allocations to the governmental and business-type activities are based on covered payroll.

		vernmental Activities		iness-Type ctivities	Total Village
Net pension liability	<u> </u>				
IMRF	\$	546,007	\$	172,612	\$ 718,619
Police		45,728,157		-	45,728,157
Firefighters		26,975,825	-		26,975,825
	\$	73,249,989	\$	172,612	\$ 73,422,601
Deferred outflows of resources					
IMRF	\$	304,947	\$	96,405	\$ 401,352
Police		7,592,480		-	7,592,480
Firefighters		4,675,874		_	 4,675,874
	\$	12,573,301	\$	96,405	\$ 12,669,706

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

		ernmental activities		iness-Type ctivities		Total Village
Deferred inflows of resources IMRF	\$	937,398	\$	296,345	\$	1,233,743
Police	Ф	303,943	Ф	290,343	Ф	303,943
Firefighters		384,535				384,535
	\$	1,625,876	\$	296,345	\$	1,922,221
Pension expense						
IMRF	\$	69,127	\$	22,981	\$	92,108
Police		5,402,235		_		5,402,235
Firefighters	-	3,624,639	-			3,624,639
	\$	9,096,001	\$	22,981	\$	9,118,982

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

Plan Description

The Village's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, postretirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Village's plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multi-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI). That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Funding Policy

As set by statute, the Village's regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2019 was 7.87 %. The Village also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriffs Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after 10 years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with 10 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- ½ of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

All employees (other than those covered by the Police or Firefighters' Pension Plans) hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. For Tier 1 employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter. Members receive an annual 3% increase based upon the original amount of the annuity.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after 10 years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with 10 years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter. IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. Members receive an annual increase based upon the original amount of the annuity of 3% or one-half of the increase in the consumer price index, whichever is less. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At December 31, 2019, the measurement date for the net pension liability, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	72
Inactive employees entitled but not yet receiving benefit	45
Active plan members	49
	166

Contributions

As set by statute, the Village's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The Village's annual contribution rate was 7.87% and 11.19% for fiscal 2019 and 2020, respectively. For the fiscal year 2020, the Village contributed \$272,659 to the plan. The Village also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Net Pension Liability

The Village's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine the net pension liability as of April 30, 2020:

Actuarial valuation date December 31, 2019

Actuarial cost method Entry-age normal

Assumptions

Price Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.35% to 14.25%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Projected Retirement Age was from the Experience-based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2017 valuation according to an experience study from years 2014 to 2016.

For nondisabled retirees, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Portfolio Target Percentage	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Domestic equity	37.0%	5.75%		
International equity	18.0%	6.50%		
Fixed income	28.0%	3.25%		
Real estate	9.0%	5.20%		
Alternative investments	7.0%	3.60% - 7.60%		
Cash equivalents	1.0%	1.85%		
Total	100.0%			

Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% (7.50% in 2019) was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Changes in Assumptions

- Singe discount rate decreased from 7.50% in 2019 to 7.25% in 2020.
- Salary increases changed from 3.39% to 14.25% in 2019 to 3.35% to 14.25% in 2020.
- Municipal bond rate changed from 3.71% in 2019 to 2.75% in 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Change in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Balance at May 1, 2019	\$ 19,487,274	\$ 16,801,783	\$ 2,685,491
Changes for the year			
Service cost	286,921	-	286,921
Interest	1,374,987	-	1,374,987
Actuarial experience	5,295	-	5,295
Contributions - employer	-	246,900	(246,900)
Contributions - employees	-	125,852	(125,852)
Net investment income	-	3,215,592	(3,215,592)
Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,330,794)	(1,330,794)	-
Administration expenses	 _	45,731	(45,731)
Net changes	336,409	2,303,281	(1,966,872)
Balance at April 30, 2020	\$ 19,823,683	\$ 19,105,064	\$ 718,619

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Village's net pension liability (asset), calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25%, as well as what the Village's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

			Current le Discount		
	1%	6.25%)	Assumption (7.25%)	19	% Increase (8.25%)
Village's net pension liability/(asset)	\$	3,183,913	\$ 718,619	\$	(1,302,942)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IMRF financial report.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2020, the Village recognized pension expense of \$92,108. At April 30, 2020, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	35,479	\$	222,389
Changes of assumptions		257,848		184,487
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				826,867
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods		293,327		1,233,743
Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		108,025		
	\$	401,352	\$	1,233,743

\$108,025 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Village's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in the future periods as follows:

Year Ending

April 30	Amount
2021	\$ (363,334)
2022	(253,247)
2023	82,271
2024	(406,106)
Total	\$ (940,416)

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Police Pension

Plan Description and Provisions

Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan, which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report; it is included as a Pension Trust Fund in the Annual Financial Report. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits, as well as the employee and employer contribution levels, are mandated by the Illinois Compiled Statutes and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the plan as a Pension Trust Fund. Plan members' contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions.

The Board for the Police Pension Plan consists of five voting Trustees, two of whom are appointed by the Village President, two of whom are members of the system who are elected by a majority of the police officers who are active members of the system and one whom is elected by the retirees of the Police Pension Fund. Each Trustee serves a two-year term. Each person employed by the Village Police Department as a full-time police officer becomes a member of the Plan as a condition of his or her employment.

As of April 30, 2020, employees covered by benefit terms of the Police Pension Plan were:

Inactive employees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and	
terminated employees entitled to benefits but not receiving them	43
Active employees, vested and nonvested	43
	86

The plan provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. Employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of 2.5% of final salary for each year of service up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit of 2.5% of final salary for each year of service. Surviving spouses receive 100% of final salary for fatalities resulting from an act of duty, or otherwise the greater of 50% of final salary or the employee's retirement benefit. Employees disabled in the line of duty receive 65% of final salary. The monthly pension of a covered employee who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977, shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the originally granted pension. Beginning with increases granted on or after July 1, 1993, the second and subsequent automatic annual increases shall be calculated as 3% of the amount of the pension payable at the time of increase.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Village's annual contribution to the plan is provided by a property tax levy. These tax levies are required to be of an amount necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. The Village contributed \$3,296,996 for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020.

For employees hired after January 1, 2011, the normal retirement age is attainment of age 55 and completion of 10 years of service. Early retirement age is attainment of age 50, completion of 10 years of service and the early retirement factor is 6% per year; the employee's accrued benefit is based on the employee's final eight-year average salary not to exceed \$106,800 (as indexed). Cost-of-living adjustments are simple increases (not compounded) of the lesser of 3% or 50% of CPI beginning the later of the anniversary date and age 60; surviving spouse's benefits are 66 2/3% of the employees benefit at the time of death.

Administrative costs are financed with revenues of the Police Pension Fund.

Under Public Act 96-1495, the annual requirements of the pension fund are to be determined as a level percent of payroll sufficient to bring the total assets of the pension fund up to 90% of the total actuarial liabilities by the year 2040.

Net Pension Liability

The Village's net pension liability was measured at April 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actual valuation as of May 1, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all measurement periods:

Actuarial valuation date May 1, 2019

Assumptions

Price Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases 3.75% - 32.23%

Investment rate of return 6.50%

Mortality rate Pub-2010 Adjusted for Plan Status, Demographics and Illinois

Public Pension Data, as Described

Retirement rates 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Police Retirement Rates Capped at Age 65

Termination Rates 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Police Termination Rates

Disability Rates 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Police Disability Rates

Marital Assumptions Active members: 80%

Retiree and disabled members: 80%

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

The Police Pension Board (Board) is responsible for administering the investment policies of the Plans and providing oversight for the management of the Plans' assets. The investment strategy of each plan is to emphasize total return (defined as the aggregate return from capital appreciation and dividend and interest income). The investment policy for each plan requires that all plan assets be invested in liquid securities, defined as securities that can be transacted quickly and efficiently for the Plan, with minimal impact on market price. The Village Board passed a funding plan, which changed the investment rate of return on assets from 7.0% to 6.5% resulting from moving from gross to net of administration fees.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocations as of April 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Percentage	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Corporate Bonds	5.00%	1.70%
US Government Fixed Income	30.00%	0.70%
US Large Cap Equity	28.00%	5.80%
US Mid Cap Equity	14.00%	6.80%
US Small Cap Equity	10.00%	6.80%
Non-US Developed Large Cap Equity Unhedged	7.00%	5.90%
Emerging Markets Equity Unhedged	4.00%	8.00%
Global Real Estate - REITS	2.00%	5.80%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50% (same as prior year) for the Police Pension Plan. The projection of cash flow used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Assumptions

Comprehensive study of Police Officers and Police Pension Funds in Illinois was performed and impacted assumptions in the following areas: Projected Individual, Pay Increases, Inflation Rate (CPI-U), Mortality Rates, Mortality Improvement Rates, Retirement Rates, Termination Rates, Disability Rates.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Village's net pension liability calculated using the discount rates listed above, as well as what the Village's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower, or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	<u> </u>	1% Decrease (5.50%)	Dis	Current scount Rate (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)
Village's net pension liability	\$	56,161,213	\$	45,728,157	\$ 37,331,616

Money-Weighted Rate of Return on Investments

For the year ended April 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of plan investments expenses was -0.27%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of expenses, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Change in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Balance at May 1, 2019	\$ 65,044,938	\$ 23,496,695	\$ 41,548,243
Changes for the year			
Service cost	897,793	-	897,793
Interest	4,117,708	-	4,117,708
Actuarial experience	732,150	-	732,150
Assumptions changes	1,655,469	_	1,655,469
Change of benefit terms	429,888	-	429,888
Contributions - employer	-	3,296,996	(3,296,996)
Contributions - employees	-	424,369	(424,369)
Net investment income	-	(62,240)	62,240
Benefit payments, including refunds	(3,391,154)	(3,391,154)	-
Administration expenses		(6,031)	6,031
Net changes	4,441,854	261,940	4,179,914
Balance at April 30, 2020	\$ 69,486,792	\$ 23,758,635	\$ 45,728,157

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2020, the Village recognized pension expense of \$5,402,235. As of April 30, 2020, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows Resources	Ī	eferred nflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	1,681,111 4,659,916	\$	171,165 132,778
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,251,453		
Total	\$	7,592,480	\$	303,943

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

The net amount reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending April 30	Amount
2021	\$ 1,642,765
2022	1,719,768
2023	1,678,201
2024	1,232,408
2025	340,064
Thereafter	675,331
Total	\$ 7,288,537

Firefighter's Pension

Plan Description and Provisions

Fire sworn personnel are covered by the Firefighter's Pension Plan, which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report; it is included as a Pension Trust Fund in the Annual Financial Report. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits, as well as the employee and employer contribution levels, are mandated by the Illinois Compiled Statutes and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the Plan as a Pension Trust Fund. Plan members' contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions.

The Board for the Firefighter's Pension Plan consists of five voting Trustees, two of whom are appointed by the Village President, two of whom are members of the system who are elected by a majority of the Firefighters who are active members of the system and one whom is elected by the retirees of the Firefighter's Pension Fund. Each Trustee serves a three-year term. Each person employed by the Village Fire Department as a full-time Firefighter becomes a member of the Plan as a condition of his or her employment.

As of April 30, 2020, employees covered by benefit terms of the Firefighter's Pension Plan were:

Inactive employees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and	
terminated employees entitled to benefits but not receiving them	42
Active employees, vested and nonvested	36
	78

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Under Public Act 96-1495, the annual requirements of the pension fund are to be determined as a level percent of payroll sufficient to bring the total assets of the pension fund up to 90% of the total actuarial liabilities by the year 2040.

The Plan provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. Employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one-half the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service. The pension shall be increased by 1/12 of 2.5% of such monthly salary for each additional month of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such monthly salary. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit ranging from 15% of final salary for 10 years of service to 45.6% for 19 years of service. Surviving spouses receive 100% of final salary for fatalities resulting from an act of duty, or otherwise the greater of 54% of final salary or the monthly retirement pension that the deceased fireman was receiving at the time of death. Surviving children receive 12% of final salary. The maximum family survivor benefit is 75% of final salary. Employees disabled in the line of duty receive 65% of final salary. The monthly pension of a covered employee who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977, shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the originally granted pension.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their base salary to the Firefighter's Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village's annual contribution to the Plan is provided by a property tax levy. These tax levies are required to be of an amount necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. The Village contributed \$2,222,713 for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020.

For employees hired after January 1, 2011, the normal retirement age is attainment of age 55 and completion of 10 years of service; early retirement age is attainment of age 50, completion of 10 years of service and the early retirement factor is 6% per year; the employee's accrued benefit is based on the employee's final eight-year average salary not to exceed \$106,800 (as indexed). Cost- of-living adjustments are simple increases (not compounded) of the lesser of 3% or 50% of CPI beginning the later of the anniversary date and age 60; surviving spouse's benefits are 66 2/3% of the employees benefit at the time of death.

Administrative costs are financed with revenues of the Firefighter's Pension Fund.

Net Pension Liability

The Village's net pension liability was measured at April 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actual valuation as of May 1, 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date.

The Fireman Police Pension Board (Board) is responsible for administering the investment policies of the Plans and providing oversight for the management of the Plans' assets. The investment strategy of each Plan is to emphasize total return (defined as the aggregate return from capital appreciation and dividend and interest income). The investment policy for each

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

plan requires that all plan assets be invested in liquid securities, defined as securities that can be transacted quickly and efficiently for the Plan, with minimal impact on market price. The Village Board passed a funding plan, which changed the investment rate of return on assets from 7.0% to 6.5% resulting from moving from gross to net of administration fees.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocations as of April 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Percentage	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Large Cap Equity	32.50%	5.80%
US Mid Cap Equity	13.00%	6.80%
US Small Cap Equity	10.00%	6.80%
Non-US Developed Large Cap Equity Unhedged	6.25%	5.90%
Emerging Markets Equity Unhedged	3.25%	8.00%
US Corporate Bonds	12.00%	1.70%
US Government Fixed Income	22.00%	0.70%
Cash	1.00%	0.50%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50% (same as prior year) for the Firefighter's Pension Plan. The projection of cash flow used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Changes in Assumptions

Comprehensive study of Firefighters and Firefighter's Pension Funds in Illinois was performed and impacted assumptions in the following areas: Projected Individual, Pay Increases, Inflation Rate (CPI-U), Mortality Rates, Mortality Improvement Rates, Retirement Rates, Termination Rates, Disability Rates.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Village's net pension liability of the pension plans calculated using the discount rates listed above, as well as what the Village's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower, or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease (5.50%)	Discount Rate (6.50%)	Increase (7.50%)
Village's net pension liability	\$ 35,256,709	\$ 26,975,825	\$ 20,257,865

Money-Weighted Rate of Return on Investments

For the year ended April 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of plan investments expenses was 1.76%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of expenses, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Balance at May 1, 2019	\$ 52,740,335	\$ 28,668,608	\$ 24,071,727
Changes for the year			
Service cost	849,778	-	849,778
Interest	3,346,953	-	3,346,953
Actuarial experience	475,298	-	475,298
Assumptions changes	972,046	-	972,046
Change of benefit terms	352,423	-	352,423
Contributions - employer	-	2,222,713	(2,222,713)
Contributions - employees	-	302,931	(302,931)
Contributions - other	-	90,939	(90,939)
Net investment income	-	503,547	(503,547)
Benefit payments, including refunds	(2,497,503)	(2,497,503)	-
Administration expenses	<u> </u>	(27,730)	27,730
Net changes	3,498,995	594,897	2,904,098
Balance at April 30, 2020	\$ 56,239,330	\$ 29,263,505	\$ 26,975,825

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2020, the Village recognized pension expense of \$3,624,639. As of April 30, 2020, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows Resources	I	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	463,524 2,964,635	\$	243,713 140,822	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,247,715		-	
Total	\$	4,675,874	\$	384,535	

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

The net amount reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year	Endi	na
r ear	⊏naı	nq

April 30	Amount
2021	\$ 962,590
2022	1,048,225
2023	938,330
2024	918,873
2025	202,545
Thereafter	220,776
Total	\$ 4,291,339

Police Pension and Firefighters' Pension

Schedule of Fiduciary Net Position as of April 30, 2020

	Pension Trust			
	Police	Firefighter's		
	Pension	Pension		
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,264,683	435,922		
Receivables				
Contributions	-	16,508		
Accrued interest	33,414	46,607		
Investments, at fair value				
U.S. Government securities	3,322,270	4,694,388		
Corporate bonds	1,717,305	4,635,274		
Municipal bonds	554,854	-		
Mutual funds - equities	11,799,177	18,893,109		
Mutual funds - fixed income	-	541,697		
Certificate of deposit	2,066,932			
Total assets	23,758,635	29,263,505		
Liabilities				
Accrued liabilities				
Net Position				
Net position restricted for pensions	\$ 23,758,635	\$ 29,263,505		

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the Year Ended of April 30, 2020:

	Pension Trust			
	Police Pension	Firefighter's Pension		
Additions				
Contributions				
Employer	\$ 3,296,996	\$ 2,222,713		
Employee	424,369	393,870		
Total contributions	3,721,365	2,616,583		
Investment income (loss)				
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value				
of investments	(406,604)	87,159		
Interest and dividends	479,012	536,011		
Total investment income	72,408	623,170		
Less investment expense	134,648	119,623		
Net investment income (loss)	(62,240)	503,547		
Total additions	3,659,125	3,120,130		
Deductions				
Retirement benefits	2,962,409	1,588,201		
Duty disability benefits	165,799	624,066		
Surviving spouse benefits	262,946	285,236		
Administrative Expense	6,031	27,730		
Total deductions	3,397,185	2,525,233		
Change in Net Position	261,940	594,897		
Net Position Restricted for Pensions,				
Beginning of Year	23,496,695	28,668,608		
Net Position Restricted for Pensions,				
End of Year	\$ 23,758,635	\$ 29,263,505		

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

The Village sponsors a single-employer health care plan that provides medical and prescription drug coverage to all eligible retirees, their spouses, and their eligible dependents. The other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) is considered part of the Village's reporting entity and is presented as part of the governmental activities and business-type activities in the basic financial statements. A separate audit report is not prepared.

As of May 1, 2020, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, employees covered by the benefit terms consisted of:

Inactive employees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and	
terminated employees entitled to benefits but not receiving them	97
Active employees, vested and nonvested	119
	216

In order to receive the OPEB benefit from the Village, full time employees must meet the applicable pension requirements of IMRF, Police, and Fire as well as have at least 20 years of service.

Benefits Provided

The Village provides postemployment health care benefits to its retirees and certain disabled employees. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under one of the Village's retirement plans or meet COBRA requirements.

All health care benefits are provided through the Village's insured health plan. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services, mental, nervous and substance abuse care, vision care, dental care, and prescriptions. Once reaching Medicare age, retirees are covered by a Medicare supplement plan as opposed to the Village's active employee health plan. For certain disabled employees who qualify for health insurance benefits under the Public Safety Employee Benefits Act (PSEBA), the Village is required to pay 100% of the cost of basic health insurance for the employee and their dependents for their lifetime. All retirees and qualified deferred retirees will pay a percentage of the cost for the covered plan elected. Village will pay the remaining applicable percentage depending on the number of years of service and the date of hire.

Funding Policy

The Village Board passed a funding policy on May 21, 2018, which has dedicated future revenues to the OPEB liability. However, no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Total OPEB Liability

The Village's total OPEB liability of \$65,302,940 was measured as of April 30, 2020, as determined by an actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial valuation date May 1, 2020

Measurement date April 30, 2020

Actuarial cost method Entry-age normal (level %)

Assumptions

Price Inflation 2.25%

Discount rate 2.56%

Healthcare cost trend rates 4.10% in fiscal 2020, trending to

7.50% in fiscal 2023, and an ultimate

trend rate of 5.00%

Mortality Rates

IMRF Mortality follows the RP-2014 with Blue Collar Adjustment and MP-2016 Improvement, weighted per IMRF Experience Study dated November 8, 2017.

Active Firefighter & Police Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as Developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study improved to 2017 using MP-2019 Improvement Rates. These rates are then improved generationally using MP-2019 Improvement Rates.

Retiree Firefighter Mortality follows the L&A Assumption Study for Firefighters 2020. These rates are experience weighted with the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study improved to 2017 using MP-2019 Improvement Rates. These rates are then improved generationally using MP-2019 Improvement Rates.

Disabled Firefighter Mortality follows the L&A Assumption Study for Disabled Firefighters 2020. These rates are experience weighted with the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010 Study for disabled participants improved to 2017 using MP-2019 Improvement Rates. These rates are then improved generationally using MP-20109 Improvement Rates.

Retiree Police Mortality follows the L&A Assumption Study for Police 2020. These rates are experience weighted with the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study

^{*}The rate is based on the 20-Bond Index consists of 20 general obligation bonds that mature in 20 years and having an average rating equivalent of Moody's Aa2 and Standard & Poor's AA.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

improved to 2017 using MP-2019 Improvement Rates. These rates are then improved generationally using MP-2019 Improvement Rates.

Disabled Police Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as Developed in the PubS-2010 Study for disabled Participants improved to 2017 using MP-2019 Improvement Rates. These rates are then improved generationally using MP-2019 Improvement Rates.

Spouse Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study for contingent survivors. For all rates noted provided there (ages 45 and younger) the PubG-2010 Study for general employees was used. Mortality improvements uses MP-2019 Improvement Rates applied on a fully generational basis.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.56% (3.79% in 2019).

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Village's total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rates listed above, as well as what the Village's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower, or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		Current		
	1% Decrease (1.56%)	Discount Rate (2.56%)	1% Increase (3.56%)	
Village's total OPEB liability	\$ 79,696,948	\$ 65,302,940	\$ 54,409,514	

The table below presents the Village's total OPEB liability of the Village calculated using the healthcare rate of 4.10% to 7.50% as well as what the Village's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.10% to 6.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.10% to 8.50%) than the current rate:

		1% Healthcare Conditions Decrease Trend Rates (Varies) (Varies)		rend Rates	t 1% Increase (Varies)	
Village's total OPEB liability	\$	52,916,991	\$	65,302,940	\$	82,195,679

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at May 1, 2019	\$ 52,628,157
Changes for the year	
Service cost	1,381,192
Interest	1,963,702
Actuarial experience	(2,699,158)
Assumptions changes	13,659,267
Plan changes	653
Contributions - employer	-
Contributions - employees	-
Contributions - other	-
Net investment income	-
Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,630,873)
Administration expenses	<u> </u>
Net changes	12,674,783
Balance at April 30, 2020	\$ 65,302,940

OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended April 30, 2020, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$4,847,238. As of April 30, 2020, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 480,525 13,295,776	\$ 2,394,663	
Total	\$ 13,776,301	\$ 2,394,663	

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

The net amount reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending April 30	Amount
2021	\$ 1,501,691
2022	1,501,691
2023	1,501,691
2024	1,501,691
2025	1,501,691
Thereafter	3,873,183
Total	\$ 11,381,638

Note 12: Restatement

The Governmental Activities net position and General Fund's fund balance as of May 1, 2019, were restated due to an overstatement in the balance of the claims payable account as of April 30, 2019. The effects of the restatement on the beginning net position as of May 1, 2019, and on the claims payable as of May 1, 2019, were as follows:

	 vernmental Activities	General Fund			
Net position (deficit)/ fund balance, May 1, 2019, as previously reported	\$ (61,470,246)	\$ 22,835,950			
Adjustment to correct an overstatement of claims payable	 394,137	 394,137			
Net Position, May 1, 2019, as restated	\$ (61,076,109)	\$ 23,230,087			

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

Following are the restatement impact in the 2019 general fund financial statement line items.

	General Fund									
		2019		201	19 Balance					
Financial Statement Items	Balance			statement	as	Restated				
Liabilities Accrued medical claims	\$	462,555	\$	(394,137)	\$	68,418				
Expenditures Insurance department		3,554,597		(394,137)		3,160,460				
Total Expenditures		23,884,128		(394,137)		23,489,991				
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		5,206,300		394,137		5,600,437				
Net Change in Fund Balance		5,740,948		394,137		6,135,085				
Fund Balance, End of Year		22,835,950		394,137		23,230,087				

The prior period adjustment had no effect on change in net position in the Governmental Activities and net change in fund balance for the General Fund for the year ended April 30, 2020.

Note 13: Other Contingencies

In March 2020, Illinois Governor J.B. Pritzker enacted a Stay At Home order due to the COVID-19 Pandemic. The Pandemic and Stay-at-Home order will significantly, negatively impact the national, regional and local economy. Many revenue sources will be negatively impacted. Additionally, as a result of the COVID-19 Pandemic, there has been significant volatility in the investment markets both nationally and globally since April 30, 2020, resulting in overall market declines which have resulted in declines in the value of the Police and Fire Pension Plans' investments for which the Village acts as a fiduciary. The full extent of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Village is not yet known.

Note 14: Future Adoption of Issued Standards

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) recently issued the following standards:

GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities (GASB 84)

GASB 84 establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities. It presents separate criteria for evaluating component units, pension and other postemployment benefit arrangements and other fiduciary activities. The focus is on a government controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and identification of the beneficiaries of those assets. Fiduciary activities are reported in one of

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

four types of funds: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds or custodial funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust. The agency fund designation will no longer be used. GASB 84 also provides guidance on fiduciary fund statements and timing of recognition of a liability to beneficiaries. GASB 84 is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged.

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB 87)

In June 2017, GASB published Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The standard was the result of a multi-year project to reexamine the accounting and financial reporting for leases. The new standard establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases represent the financing of the right to use an underlying asset. Specifically, GASB 87 includes the following accounting guidance for lessees and lessors:

<u>Lessee Accounting</u> - A lessee will recognize a liability measured at the present value of payments expected to be made for the lease term, and an intangible asset measured at the amount of the initial lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the beginning of the lease and certain indirect costs. A lessee will reduce the liability as payments are made and recognize an outflow of resources for interest on the liability. The asset will be amortized by the lessee over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the asset.

<u>Lessor Accounting</u> - A lessor will recognize a receivable measured at the present value of the lease payments expected for the lease term and a deferred inflow of resources measured at the value of the lease receivable plus any payments received at or prior to the beginning of the lease that relate to future periods. The lessor will reduce the receivable as payments are received and recognize an inflow of resources from the deferred inflow of resources in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease. A lessor will not derecognize the asset underlying the lease. There is an exception for regulated leases for which certain criteria are met, such as airport-aeronautical agreements.

The lease term used to measure the asset or liability is based on the period in which the lessee has the noncancelable right to use the underlying asset. The lease term also contemplates any lease extension or termination option that is reasonably certain of being exercised.

GASB 87 does not apply to leases for intangible assets, biological assets (*i.e.*, timber and living plants and animals), service concession agreements or leases in which the underlying asset is financed with conduit debt that is reported by the lessor. Additionally, leases with a maximum possible term of 12 months or less are excluded. The effective date is for periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020 (GASB 92)

GASB 92 addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. The statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to leases, intra-entity transfers, fiduciary activities and fair value disclosures. GASB 92 is effective for reporting periods based on individual topics discussed therein. Earlier

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

application is encouraged and is permitted by individual topic to the extent that all requirements associated with an individual topic are implemented simultaneously.

GASB Statement No. 95, Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance (GASB 95)

In response to the challenges arising from COVID-19, on May 7, 2020, GASB-approved Statement 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. GASB approved an 18-month postponement for GASB 87. All statements and implementation guides with a current effective date of reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later have a one-year postponement. This change is effective immediately. Early application is still encouraged. The effective dates on GASBs discussed above have already been adjusted to account for the postponements issued in GASB 95.

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (GASB 96)

GASB 96 provides guidance on governments are utilizing more cloud-based solutions for their information technology (IT) needs and paying for the use of third-parties' IT software on a subscription basis. The accounting and financial reporting for what the GASB refers to as subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) has been inconsistent because of a lack of authoritative guidance. The standard is effective for reporting periods after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter, with early implementation encouraged. The statement would be applied retroactively, using the facts and circumstances that exist at the beginning of the fiscal year of implementation. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the effective date was delayed one year from that originally proposed.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2020

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32 (GASB 97)

GASB 97 amends guidance for determining financial accountability between the primary government and a potential component unit (PCU). The new guidance pertains to instances where the PCU does not have its own governing board and the primary government's board is effectively acting as the board of the PCU. In these instances, the primary government is considered to have the equivalent of the ability to appoint a voting majority of the PCU. However, this treatment would **not** apply to defined contribution pension/OPEB plans or defined contribution other employee benefit plans (such as IRC 457 plans). The requirements, as they relate to defined contribution pension/OPEB plans or other employee benefit plans, were effective upon issuance of Statement No. 97. For all other arrangements, the effective date is for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB 97 also amends the criterion that a financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to make contributions to a pension or OPEB plan. This criterion now only applies to contribution obligations to defined benefit pension or OPEB plans. This amended criterion was effective upon issuance of GASB 97.

Management has not yet completed its evaluation of the impact, if any, of the provisions of these standards on its financial statements.

While most of these standards are not effective in the short term, the Village has begun assessing the potential impact on the financial statements of these statement and has begun the process of communicating the impact with those charged with governance and other stakeholders.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions April 30, 2020

Year Ended	De	tuarially termined ntribution	Actual htribution	E	tribution xcess/ ficiency)	Covered Payroll	Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
4/30/2020	\$	270,523	\$ 272,659	\$	(2,136)	\$ 3,030,153	9.00%
4/30/2019		343,092	344,230		(1,138)	3,333,437	10.33%
4/30/2018		341,590	340,719		871	3,244,993	10.50%
4/30/2017		576,228	576,228		-	3,321,409	17.35%
4/30/2016		571,163	571,163		-	3,450,480	16.55%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Valuation date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2019 Contribution Rates

Actuarial cost method Aggregate entry-age normal
Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period Non-taxing bodies: 10-year rolling period. Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP and

ECO groups): 24-year closed period early retirement incentive plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years selected by the Employer upon adoption of ERI. SLEP supplemental liabilities attributed to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 19 years for most employers (3 employers were financed over 28 years and

4 others were financed over 29 years). 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Asset valuation method 5-year
Wage growth 3.25%
Price inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.35% to 14.25%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.509

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience study

of the period 2014-2016.

Mortality For nondisabled retirees, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with

fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with

adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Other There were no benefit changes during the year.

Information above based on valuation assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation; note two-year lag between valuation and rate setting.

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted in 2016. The table above is as of the Village's fiscal year-end.

Police Pension Fund Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions April 30, 2020

Year Ended	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Excess/ (Deficiency)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
4/30/2020	\$ 3,390,059	\$ 3,296,996	\$ (93,063)	\$ 3,204,124	102.90%
4/30/2019	3,570,367	3,950,636	380,269	3,103,268	127.31%
4/30/2018	3,299,096	2,677,598	(621,498)	3,560,945	75.19%
4/30/2017	2,990,818	2,572,942	(417,876)	3,724,025	69.09%
4/30/2016	2,333,349	2,439,154	105,805	3,438,864	70.93%
4/30/2015	2,148,485	2,214,723	66,238	3,376,152	65.60%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Termination Rates

Disability Rates

The Actuarially Determined Contribution shown above for the current year is the Recommended Contribution from the May 1, 2018 Actuarial Valuation completed by Lauterbach & Amen, LLP for the December 2018 tax levy. The methods and assumptions shown below are based on the same Actuarial Valuation.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % Pay
Equivalent Single Amortization	
Period	20.75 Years (Uses Multiple Amortization Periods)
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market Value
Inflation (CPI-U)	2.50%
Total Payroll Increases	3.25%
Individual Pay Increases	4.00% - 32.48%
Expected Rate of Returns	
on Investments	6.50%
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 Adjusted for Plan Status, Collar, and Illinois Public Pension Data, as Appropriate
Retirement Rates	100% of L&A 2016 Illinois Police Retirement Rates Capped at Age 65

100% of L&A 2016 Illinois Police Termination Rates 100% of L&A 2016 Illinois Police Disability Rates

Firefighter's Pension Fund Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions April 30, 2020

	Actuarially		Contribution		Actual Contribution as a Percentage
Year	Determined	Actual	Excess/	Covered	of Covered
Ended	Contribution	Contribution	(Deficiency)	Payroll	Payroll
4/30/2020	\$ 2,211,446	\$ 2,222,713	\$ 11,267	\$ 3,653,778	60.83%
4/30/2019	2,179,521	2,340,228	160,707	3,538,768	66.13%
4/30/2018	2,119,572	1,765,714	(353,858)	3,580,058	49.32%
4/30/2017	1,964,649	1,694,818	(269,831)	3,475,471	48.77%
4/30/2016	1,538,355	1,541,749	3,394	2,971,004	51.89%
4/30/2015	1,480,436	1,538,881	58,445	3,011,302	51.10%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

The Actuarially Determined Contribution shown above for the current year is the Recommended Contribution from the May 1, 2018 Actuarial Valuation completed by Lauterbach & Amen, LLP for the December 2018 tax levy. The methods and assumptions shown below are based on the same Actuarial Valuation.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % Pay

Equivalent Single Amortization

Period 20.51 Years (Uses Multiple Amortization Periods)

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year Smoothed Market Value

Inflation (CPI-U) 2.50% Total Payroll Increases 3.25%

Individual Pay Increases 4.00% - 35.82%

Expected Rate of Returns

on Investments 6.50%

Mortality Rates RP-2014 Adjusted for Plan Status, Collar, and Illinois Public Pension Data, as

Appropriate

Retirement Rates 100% of L&A 2016 Illinois Firefighters Retirement Rates Capped at Age 65

Termination Rates 100% of L&A 2016 Illinois Firefighters Termination Rates Disability Rates 100% of L&A 2016 Illinois Firefighters Disability Rates

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Village's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios April 30, 2020

		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015		
Total pension liability											
Service costs	\$	286,921	\$	298,594	\$	348,838	\$	350,949	\$	338,319	
Interest		1,374,987		1,350,147		1,382,356		1,310,052		1,342,439	
Differences between expected and											
actual experience		5,295		(44,804)		(629,401)		304,721		(1,141,983)	
Change of assumptions		-		521,012		(565,439)		(44,517)		21,342	
Benefit payments and refunds		(1,330,794)		(980,672)		(900,714)		(1,104,864)		(846,048)	
Net change in total pension liability		336,409		1,144,277		(364,360)		816,341		(285,931)	
Total pension liability - beginning		19,487,274		18,342,997		18,707,357		17,891,016		18,176,947	
Total pension liability - ending	\$	19,823,683	\$	19,487,274	\$	18,342,997	\$	18,707,357	\$	17,891,016	
Dien fideniem nat maritim											
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - Village	\$	246,900	\$	344,230	\$	340,719	\$	589,469	\$	628,890	
Contributions - winage Contributions - members	Ф	125,852	Ф	152,794	Ф	147,870	Ф	153,572	Ф	146,561	
Net investment income		3.215.592		(1,071,695)		2.911.791		1,046,264		80,013	
Benefit payments		(1,330,794)		(980,672)		(900,714)		(1,104,864)		(846,048)	
Administrative expenses		45,731		(170,228)		(296,330)		197,015		(604,709)	
Administrative expenses		+3,731		(170,220)		(270,330)		177,013		(004,707)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,303,281		(1,725,571)		2,203,336		881,456		(595,293)	
Plan net position - beginning		16,801,783		18,527,354		16,324,018		15,442,562		16,037,855	
Plan net position - ending	\$	19,105,064	\$	16,801,783	\$	18,527,354	\$	16,324,018	\$	15,442,562	
Village's net pension (asset) liability	\$	718,619	\$	2,685,491	\$	(184,357)	\$	2,383,339	\$	2,448,454	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage											
of the total pension (asset) liability		96.37%		86.22%		101.01%		87.26%		86.31%	
Covered payroll	\$	2,796,682	\$	3,063,320	\$	3,164,658	\$	3,409,309	\$	3,256,920	
Net pension (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll		25.70%		87.67%		(5.83)%		69.91%		75.18%	

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted in fiscal year 2016. The table above is as of the measurement date at December 31 of the year prior to the Village's year-end.

Police Pension Fund

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the Village's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

April 30, 2020

	2020			2019	2018		2017		2016			2015	
Total pension liability													
Service costs	\$	897,793	\$	861,607	\$	693,529	\$	648,158	\$	689,917	\$	734,284	
Interest		4,117,708		4,003,122		3,917,662		3,714,215		3,471,181		3,368,025	
Changes of benefit terms		429,888		-		-		-		-		-	
Differences between expected and actual													
experience		732,150		173,658		202,242		1,833,077		(470,405)		-	
Change of assumptions		1,655,469		-		3,964,677		(306,922)		2,545,778		-	
Benefit payments and refunds		(3,391,154)		(3,159,867)		(3,156,598)		(2,807,670)	_	(2,721,440)		(2,535,879)	
Net change in total pension liability		4,441,854		1,878,520		5,621,512		3,080,858		3,515,031		1,566,430	
Total pension liability - beginning		65,044,938		63,166,418		57,544,906		54,464,049		50,949,018		49,382,588	
Total pension liability - ending	\$	69,486,792	\$	65,044,938	\$	63,166,418	\$	57,544,907	\$	54,464,049	\$	50,949,018	
Plan fiduciary net position													
Contributions - Village	\$	3,296,996	\$	3,950,636	\$	2,677,597	\$	2,572,942	\$	2,439,154	\$	2,214,723	
Contributions - members	Ψ	424,369	Ψ	352,823	Ψ	339,682	Ψ	352,928	Ψ	351,042	Ψ	334,901	
Contributions - other		121,505		332,023		557,002		49,538		551,612		551,501	
Net investment income		(62,240)		1,338,130		1,270,037		1,669,246		(68,814)		1,196,897	
Benefit payments		(3,391,154)		(3,159,867)		(3,156,598)		(2,807,670)		(2,721,440)		(2,535,879)	
Administrative expenses		(6,031)		(11,003)		(24,529)		(37,965)		(8,720)		(21,288)	
Prior period audit adjustment		-		-		(109,595)		(50,630)		-		77,450	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		261,940		2,470,719		996,594		1,748,389		(8,778)		1,266,804	
Plan net position - beginning		23,496,695		21,025,976		20,029,382		18,280,993		18,289,771		17,022,967	
Tail net position - beginning		23,470,073		21,023,770		20,027,302		10,200,773		10,207,771		17,022,707	
Plan net position - ending	\$	23,758,635	\$	23,496,695	\$	21,025,976	\$	20,029,382	\$	18,280,993	\$	18,289,771	
Village's net pension liability	\$	45,728,157	\$	41,548,243	\$	42,140,442	\$	37,515,525	\$	36,183,056	\$	32,659,247	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage													
of the total pension liability		34.19%		36.12%		33.29%		34.81%		33.57%		35.90%	
Covered payroll	\$	3,204,124	\$	3,103,268	\$	3,560,945	\$	3,724,025	\$	3,438,864	\$	3,376,153	
Net pension liability as a percentage													
of covered payroll		1427.17%		1338.85%		1183.41%		1007.39%		1052.18%		967.35%	

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted in fiscal year 2016. Covered Payroll shown above for the current year is estimated based on the prior Covered Payroll and expected increases for the plan members during the fiscal year.

Firefighter's Pension Fund Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Village's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios April 30, 2020

		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Total pension liability												
Service costs	\$	849,778	\$	878,752	\$	759,133	\$	709,470	\$	659,594	\$	725,003
Interest		3,346,953		3,235,350		3,137,406		3,075,843		2,882,499		2,763,171
Changes of benefit terms		352,423		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual												
experience		475,298		(20,423)		(16,832)		(517,055)		191,044		-
Change of assumptions		972,046		-		3,242,788		(331,122)		983,020		-
Benefit payments and refunds		(2,497,503)		(2,255,921)		(2,080,017)		(2,035,303)		(1,872,896)		(1,694,070)
Net change in total pension liability		3,498,995		1,837,758		5,042,478		901,833		2,843,261		1,794,104
Total pension liability - beginning		52,740,335		50,902,577		45,860,099		44,958,266		42,115,005		40,320,901
Total pension liability - ending	\$	56,239,330	\$	52,740,335	\$	50,902,577	\$	45,860,099	\$	44,958,266	\$	42,115,005
Plan fiduciary net position												
Contributions - Village	\$	2,222,713	\$	2,340,228	\$	1,765,714	\$	1,694,818	\$	1,541,749	\$	1,538,881
Contributions - members	Ψ	302,931	Ψ	310,996	Ψ	307,846	Ψ	294,101	Ψ.	313,228	Ψ	286,786
Contributions - other		90,939		-		-		45		15		
Net investment income		503,547		1,216,648		1,862,812		2,051,089		(93,196)		1,654,617
Benefit payments		(2,497,503)		(2,255,921)		(2,080,017)		(2,035,303)		(1,872,896)		(1,694,070)
Administrative expenses		(27,730)		(40,401)		(30,298)		(45,473)		(24,740)		(16,982)
Prior period audit adjustment	_	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	_	81,401				<u>-</u>		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		594,897		1,571,550		1,907,458		1,959,277		(135,840)		1,769,232
Plan net position - beginning		28,668,608		27,097,058		25,189,601		23,230,324		23,366,164		21,596,932
Plan net position - ending	\$	29,263,505	\$	28,668,608	\$	27,097,059	\$	25,189,601	\$	23,230,324	\$	23,366,164
Village's net pension liability	\$	26,975,825	\$	24,071,727	\$	23,805,518	\$	20,670,498	\$	21,727,942	\$	18,748,841
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage												
of the total pension liability		52.03%		54.36%		53.23%		54.93%		51.67%		55.48%
Covered payroll	\$	3,653,778	\$	3,538,768	\$	3,580,058	\$	3,475,471	\$	2,971,004	\$	3,011,302
Net pension liability as a percentage		=20.25		400.05		****		50.4.5 533		= 24.25		
of covered payroll		738.30%		680.23%		664.95%		594.75%		731.33%		622.62%

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the presentation of 10 fiscal years of data; however, the fiscal years completed prior to the adoption of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule. The pronouncement was adopted in fiscal year 2016. Covered Payroll shown above for the current year is estimated based on the prior Covered Payroll and expected increases for the plan members during the fiscal year.

Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the Village's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios April 30, 2020

	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability			
Service cost	\$ 1,381,192	\$ 1,323,073	\$ 1,272,553
Interest	1,963,702	1,907,572	1,842,087
Change of benefit terms	653	-	-
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	(2,699,158)	634,293	-
Change of assumptions	13,659,267	1,554,199	-
Benefit payments and refunds	(1,630,873)	 (1,592,477)	(1,426,679)
Net change in total OPEB liability	12,674,783	3,826,660	1,687,961
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 52,628,157	 48,801,497	 47,113,536
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 65,302,940	\$ 52,628,157	\$ 48,801,497
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,163,784	\$ 8,839,089	\$ 8,573,319
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	712.62%	595.40%	569.23%

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Changes in assumptions:

- Discount rate decreased from 3.79% for 2019 to 2.56% in 2020 to better reflect the current high-yield fixed income environment.
- A comprehensive study of Police and Firefighter's Pension Fund in the State of Illinois. The following actuarial assumptions were impacted by the study:

Inflation rate

Mortality rates

Mortality improvement rates

Retirement rates

Termination rates

Disability rates

Police Pension Fund Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns April 30, 2020

Fiscal Year Ended April 30	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Annual money-weighted rate of return						
net of investment expense	(0.27%)	6.00%	6.50%	8.70%	(0.40%)	6.80%

Firefighter's Pension Fund Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns April 30, 2020

Fiscal Year Ended April 30	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Annual money-weighted rate of return						
net of investment expense	1.76%	4.40%	7.40%	8.80%	(0.40%)	7.50%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information April 30, 2020

Note 1: Budgetary Basis of Accounting

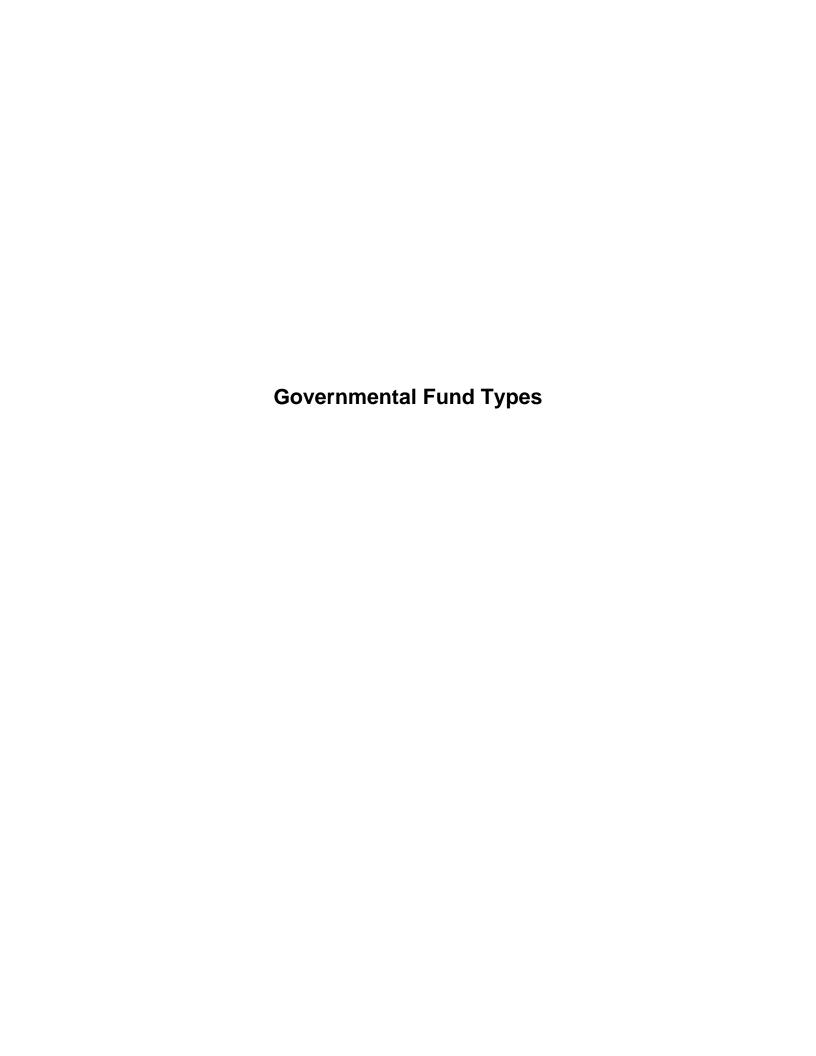
The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Village Mayor and Finance Director propose an operating budget based upon requests submitted by individual departments for the following fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Budget hearings are conducted within the Finance Committee of the Village Board.
- 3. Expenditure budgets for the General Fund, special revenue funds (Road and Bridge, Motor Fuel Tax, and TIFs), and the Debt Service Fund are legally adopted on the cash basis through passage of an appropriation ordinance.
- 4. The level of budgetary control is at the fund level. The Village Mayor is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within a fund (*i.e.*, intrafund transfers) during the fiscal year. The Village Board, through passage of a supplemental appropriation ordinance, amends the appropriation ordinance to increase expenditures or expenses within a fund or to make transfers across funds (interfund transfers). Appropriations lapse at year-end.

The following funds had expenditures over budget:

Fund	Ex	Excess of Expenditures Over Budget	
Debt service fund	\$	14,062	
Motor fuel tax fund		24,536	

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules





General Fund Comparative Balance Sheets April 30, 2020 and 2019

Assets

A33613		2040
	2020	2019
	2020	(as restated)
Cash	\$ 12,567	\$ 615,463
Temporary cash investments	14,280,611	12,086,188
Cash held for insurance and related expenditures	12,922,249	9,077,659
Restricted assets	1-,>,- 1>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Temporary cash investments	133,891	122,739
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	155,651	122,709
Taxes	7,867,541	8,038,214
Accounts	983,193	963,832
Due from other funds	-	2,064
Prepaid expense	211,682	255,459
repute expense		255,457
Total assets	\$ 36,411,734	\$ 31,161,618
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		
Resources and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 520,284	\$ 750,546
Accrued medical claims	150,169	68,418
Other accrued expenses	476,155	789,554
Due to other funds	-	426,612
Due to other runds		420,012
Total liabilities	1,146,608	2,035,130
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	5,821,276	5,896,401
Fund Balances		
Nonspendable	211,682	255,459
Restricted for police department programs	133,891	122,739
Assigned for insurance premiums, claims and		
related expenditures	12,922,249	9,077,659
Unassigned	16,176,028	13,774,230
Total fund balances	29,443,850	23,230,087
		<u> </u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		
resources and fund balances	\$ 36,411,734	\$ 31,161,618

General Fund

Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019 (as restated)
Revenues		
Taxes and intergovernmental		
Property taxes	\$ 12,217,550	\$ 12,572,975
Sales tax	6,618,912	6,590,111
State income tax	2,589,625	2,590,248
Mini-warehouse tax	240,873	244,817
Hotel/motel tax	592,511	620,813
Replacement tax	375,657	348,529
Transfer tax	311,947	425,711
Total taxes and intergovernmental	22,947,075	23,393,204
Miscellaneous revenue		
Flea market fees	121,386	131,589
Miscellaneous income	474,201	503,061
Damage to Village property - insurance		
reimbursements	1,829	27,383
Miscellaneous fees	1,469,763	1,456,371
Cable TV franchise fees	302,941	311,123
Boat launch fee	8,861	8,617
Total miscellaneous revenue	2,378,981	2,438,144
Police and court fines	645,216	1,102,493
Licenses and permits	561,914	557,699
Grants	419,844	518,623
Charges for services	907,426	833,052
Interest	243,374_	247,213
Total	2,777,774	3,259,080
Total revenues	28,103,830	29,090,428
Expenditures		
General government		
Administrative department	501,516	664,476
Planning commission	1,360	1,185
Police and fire commission	9,644	21,579
Social Security and IMRF	366,233	396,154
Finance department	586,349	530,393
Village clerk department	226,921	255,438
Village hall department	225,220	149,725
Total general government	1,917,243	2,018,950

General Fund

Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019 (as restated)
Public safety		
Civil defense	\$ 27,073	\$ 30,717
Fire department	6,699,306	5,338,322
Fire department ambulance service	-	1,772,570
Police department	8,895,182	9,626,721
Total public safety	15,621,561	16,768,330
Building department	262,378	259,252
Health and environmental control department	1,138,484	1,195,205
Insurance department	3,159,224	3,160,460
Boat launch	22,285	14,879
Debt service	24,305	72,915
Total	4,606,676	4,702,711
Total expenditures	22,145,480	23,489,991
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	5,958,350	5,600,437
Other Financing Sources		
Operating transfers in	255,413	534,648
Net Change in Fund Balance	6,213,763	6,135,085
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	23,230,087	17,095,002
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 29,443,850	\$ 23,230,087

				2019
	2020		(as	restated)
General Government				
Administrative department				
Salary - mayor	\$	75,577	\$	75,289
Salary - administrative assistant		25,277		24,435
Compensation - trustees		60,000		59,791
Hotel/motel tax		89,052		100,592
Membership and dues		33,088		32,628
Legal retainer		12,900		12,100
Legal fees - other		175,759		222,588
Engineer fees		_		5,112
Contingent expenses		17,479		15,439
Newsletter expense		6,805		14,430
Employee travel		898		1,173
Office expense		1,697		3,556
Beautification		4,257		3,613
Street fair		-		1,745
Other expense		136,046		256,923
Reimbursements from other funds		(137,319)		(164,938)
Total administrative department		501,516		664,476
Planning commission				
Staff expense		1,360		1,185
Police and fire commission				
Secretarial service		1,510		1,525
Examinations		6,949		18,694
Staff expense		1,185		1,360
Total police and fire commission		9,644		21,579
Social Security and IMRF				
Social Security and IMRF		351,531		381,702
Unemployment insurance		14,702		14,452
Total Social Security and IMRF		366,233		396,154
Finance department				
Salary - finance director and staff		353,316		310,149
Salary - computer operator		95,736		115,090
Payroll service and administrator		19,042		16,217
Purchase computer equipment		32,292		36,609
Computer forms and supplies		-		1,005

	 2020		2019 restated)
Computer maintenance	\$ 157,858	\$	102,743
Office supplies	4,192		2,498
Accounting service	78,249		71,238
Contingent expense	6,211		6,500
Reimbursements from other funds	(160,547)		(131,656)
Total finance department	586,349		530,393
Village clerk department			
Salary - village clerk	12,500		12,500
Salaries - clerical	174,049		195,822
Telephone expense	49,544		58,380
Postage expense	18,050		21,500
Contingent expense	3,691		3,595
Legal advertising	5,464		3,391
Codification	8,096		7,693
Decals and tags	1,002		-
Equipment purchase	=		230
Equipment rental	11,274		10,451
Office supplies	5,385		2,997
Printing	=		2,285
Reimbursement from other funds	 (62,134)		(63,406)
Total village clerk department	 226,921		255,438
Village hall department			
Salary - wages	37,963		29,774
Salary - custodian	10,379		10,083
Maintain village hall	163,473		97,123
Contract repair and utilities	2,789		7,085
Purchase new equipment	-		3,945
Cleaning supplies	8,244		855
Contingencies	 2,372		860
Total village hall department	 225,220		149,725
Total general government	 1,917,243		2,018,950

	2020		2019 (as restated)	
Public Safety				
Civil defense	Φ.	40.700	Φ.	10.000
Salary - director	\$	10,500	\$	10,000
Repair - warning systems		7,778		7,830
Contingencies		2,298		3,191
Equipment		6,497		9,696
Total civil defense		27,073		30,717
Fire department				
Salaries - firefighter and ambulance		3,343,224		2,167,300
Personnel paid calls and overtime		160,493		219,645
Holiday pay		84,667		44,484
Salaries - incentive pay		48,499		40,125
Retirement buyout		-		126,124
Collection fees		48,100		-
Vehicles		368,130		-
Publications and membership		9,509		4,359
Repair - trucks		-		80,543
Repair - radio equipment		6,262		5,289
Maintenance - fire stations		120,576		28,716
Utilities - fire stations		7,248		2,113
Fire prevention expense		5,767		3,544
Contingent expense		3,299		2,263
Purchase fire equipment		16,314		30,168
Purchase radio equipment		405		4,345
Education reimbursement		8,842		4,884
Gasoline and oil		32,239		33,173
Clothing allowance		45,200		37,968
Training materials		2,378		1,137
Physical examinations		10,770		11,807
Copy machine rental		39,353		55,177
Office supplies		46,462		81,990
FEMA grant expenditures		34,443		29
State grant expenses		3,008		5,664
Firefighter's pension contribution		2,254,118		2,347,475
Total fire department		6,699,306		5,338,322
Fire department ambulance service				
Salaries		_		1,275,282
Holiday pay		_		39,920
Repairs and equipment		-		21,782
Maintenance - stations		-		27,103
Contingent expense		-		2,084
				(Cont.)
				(/

	2020	2019 (as restated)
Purchase ambulance	\$ -	\$ 216,809
Ambulance supplies	-	127,806
Clothing allowance	-	15,567
Office supplies	-	803
Collection fees	-	45,414
Total fire department ambulance service		1,772,570
Police department		
Salaries - policemen	3,615,409	3,476,184
Salaries - clerical	174,207	164,971
Salaries - communications	, =	112,632
Salaries - overtime	142,703	137,780
Salaries - crossing guards	22,425	24,890
Salaries - municipal court	28,975	30,250
Holiday pay	112,815	77,799
Impoundments	2,992	2,629
Clothing allowance	39,330	37,359
Miscellaneous vehicle equipment	195,632	145,684
Equipment poundmasters and traffic safety	76,378	65,549
Computer purchase	26,024	20,365
Purchase office furniture	1,960	1,549
Photo supplies and rental	64,332	223,265
Gasoline and oil	87,595	82,709
Firearms and ammunition	19,765	19,871
Investigation aids	33,146	137,689
Training	36,066	35,871
Crime prevention	8,753	4,212
Vehicle maintenance	46,410	55,004
Radio equipment repair and maintenance contract	66,918	113,196
Repair - office equipment	· -	140
Contingent expense	688,328	635,854
Publications, membership and dues	4,599	2,005
Prisoner food/care	17,485	20,326
Physical examination fee	3,465	4,371
Office equipment	34,299	30,591
Police pension contribution	3,345,171	3,963,976
Total police department	8,895,182	9,626,721
Total public safety	15,621,561	16,768,330

	2020	2019 (as restated)	
Building department			
Salary - commissioner	\$ 39,101	\$ 42,747	
Salaries - clerical	145,211	121,197	
Salaries - building inspectors	9,500	7,866	
Salaries - electrical inspectors	3,651	3,042	
Salaries - plumbing inspectors	9,738	9,931	
Outside inspection fee	9,712	4,576	
Equipment	- -	21,000	
Contingent expense	2,370	1,882	
Research, testing and plan review	35,893	40,860	
Office equipment and supplies	7,202	6,151	
Total building department	262,378	259,252	
Health and environmental control department			
Salary - commissioner	17,769	17,500	
Part-time inspector/office assistant	45,338	44,434	
Dues and memberships	235	430	
Refuse contract	1,071,227	1,127,590	
Rodent control contract	2,670	2,580	
Equipment maintenance	266	1,192	
Contingent expense	979	1,479	
Total health and environment control department	1,138,484	1,195,205	
Insurance department			
Comprehensive general, automobile, umbrella,			
liability and workmen's compensation	1,153,097	1,053,533	
Group health and life	2,257,852	2,351,927	
Reimbursements from other funds	(251,725)	(245,000)	
Total insurance department	3,159,224	3,160,460	
Boat launch			
Salary - wages	7,521	8,548	
Utilities	686	531	
Grounds and maintenance	6,524	4,924	

	2020		2019 (as restated		
Telephone expense	\$	123	\$	117	
Rent		7,170		-	
Contingencies		95		558	
Physicals - boat		166		201	
Total boat launch		22,285		14,879	
Debt service		24,305		72,915	
Total General Fund expenditures	\$ 2	22,145,480	\$	23,489,991	

Road and Bridge Fund (Major Fund) Comparative Balance Sheets April 30, 2020 and 2019

Assets

	2020	2019
Temporary cash investments	\$ 3,512,593	\$ 3,224,417
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		
Taxes	429,162	397,844
Other	3,392	=
Prepaid insurance	12,412	
Total assets	\$ 3,957,559	\$ 3,622,261
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 27,711	\$ 71,150
Other accrued expenses	28,068	45,285
Total liabilities	55,779	116,435
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	416,459	396,299
Fund Balances		
Nonspendable	12,412	-
Restricted for street maintenance and		
improvement programs	3,472,909	3,109,527
Total fund balances	3,485,321	3,109,527
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		
resources and fund balances	\$ 3,957,559	\$ 3,622,261

Road and Bridge Fund (Major Fund)

Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Years Ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020)	2019			
Denomina						
Revenues	\$ 88	7,154 \$	912 905			
Property taxes			,			
Replacement tax		6,942	19,266			
Fuel use tax		6,764	1,404,722			
Vehicle license		9,514	425,193			
Garage fees		8,350	118,350			
Waste transfer fee		0,251	9,768			
Property rental		5,260	15,844			
Grants		5,000	-			
Interest		1,080	-			
Miscellaneous income	4	9,447	48,371			
Total revenues	2,80	9,762	2,865,319			
Expenditures						
Street department						
Salary - superintendent	10	3,791	100,827			
Wages		1,665	706,655			
Engineering fees		2,635	23,882			
Purchase new equipment and vehicles		5,176	250,737			
Uniforms		6,338	6,409			
Purchase street signs		9,760	9,431			
Resurface and repair streets		0,049	94,918			
Sidewalk repair and maintenance		9,686	75,563			
Purchase salt		2,072	99,524			
Village vehicle stickers		2,941	9,988			
Gasoline and oil		9,350	24,049			
Equipment and repair		0,078	30,563			
Equipment maintenance		9,563	16,424			
Radio communication		1,657	5,495			
Garage maintenance and supplies		5,751	19,273			
Utilities		5,484	6,452			
Energy charge - street lights		8,093	21,453			
Insurance and administrative		8,264	211,200			
Social Security and IMRF		7,388	141,670			
Unemployment insurance		1,458	1,792			
Continent expense		2,537	2,828			
Dumping charges		2,33 <i>1</i> 2,913	19,007			
1 6 6						
Office supplies		1,923	1,614			
Training		1,670	19			

Road and Bridge Fund (Major Fund)

Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Years Ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Equipment rental - pagers	\$ 3,152	\$ 2,683
Cleaning supplies	17,625	17,379
Physicals	1,196	1,320
Chemicals	206	189
Total street department	1,952,421	1,901,344
Drainage and storm sewer		
Maintenance - storm sewers	1,705	9,521
Supplies	3,853	1,983
Drainage project	5,186	-
Contingent expense	1,000	1,000
Total drainage and storm sewer	11,744	12,504
Forestry maintenance		
Equipment purchase	12,090	48,689
Equipment maintenance	2,057	2,548
Forestry maintenance	72,568	71,482
Equipment repairs	1,461	2,940
Training	90	120
Total forestry maintenance	88,266	125,779
Debt service	399,610	176,376
Total expenditures	2,452,041	2,216,003
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	357,721	649,316
Other Financing Sources		
Sale of property	18,073	26,037
Net Change in Fund Balance	375,794	675,353
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	3,109,527	2,434,174
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 3,485,321	\$ 3,109,527

Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Combining Statements

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet

(With Comparative Totals as of April 30, 2019) April 30, 2020

	Special Revenue											
	Special				Foreign							
		Tax		Motor		Fire		Debt		otal		
-		Allocation		Fuel Tax	Insu	ırance Tax		Service	2020		2019	
Assets												
Temporary cash investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	\$	1,996,104	\$	615,149	\$	46,641	\$	349,868	\$ 3,007,762	\$	3,294,500	
Taxes		169,649		-		-		66,100	235,749		416,443	
Grants		-		176,442		-		-	176,442		-	
Other		-		57,173					 57,173			
Total assets	\$	2,165,753	\$	848,764	\$	46,641	\$	415,968	\$ 3,477,126	\$	3,710,943	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	38,483	\$	4,837	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 43,320	\$	21,135	
Due to other funds		-		-					 		2,064	
Total liabilities		38,483		4,837					43,320		23,199	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue - property taxes		169,649			_			68,132	 237,781		373,775	
Fund Balances Restricted for Tax Increment Financing												
allocation for project areas Street maintenance and		1,957,621		-		-		-	1,957,621		2,236,139	
improvement programs		_		843,927		_		_	843,927		653,173	
Fire department programs		_		013,727		46,641		_	46,641		23,686	
Debt service		-		-				347,836	347,836		400,971	
Total fund balances		1,957,621		843,927		46,641		347,836	3,196,025		3,313,969	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	2,165,753	\$	848,764	\$	46,641	\$	415,968	\$ 3,477,126	\$	3,710,943	

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended April 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals for Year Ended April 30, 2019)

	Special Revenue												
		Special			Foreign								
	Tax Allocation		Tax Motor			Fire	Debt _			То	tal		
			F	uel Tax	Insu	rance Tax		Service	2020			2019	
Revenues													
Taxes	\$	244,077	\$	711,353	\$	44,867	\$	193,761	\$	1,194,058	\$	993,351	
Grants		-		176,442		-		-		176,442		-	
Interest		9,190		12,494		38		607		22,329		27,583	
Total revenues		253,267		900,289		44,905		194,368		1,392,829		1,020,934	
Expenditures													
Public safety		-		-		21,950		-		21,950		75,383	
Highways and streets		-		709,535	-			-		709,535	382,579		
Economic development		234,366		-	-		-		234,366			634,528	
Debt service													
Principal retirement		-		-		-		220,440		220,440		379,940	
Interest and fiscal charges								20,270		20,270		6,876	
Contingencies				-				6,793		6,793		76,848	
Total expenditures		234,366		709,535		21,950		247,503		1,213,354		1,556,154	
Excess (Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		18,901		190,754		22,955		(53,135)		179,475		(535,220)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out		(297,419)								(297,419)		(968,798)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(278,518)		190,754		22,955		(53,135)		(117,944)		(1,504,018)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		2,236,139		653,173		23,686		400,971		3,313,969		4,817,987	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	1,957,621	\$	843,927	\$	46,641	\$	347,836	\$	3,196,025	\$	3,313,969	

Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Individual Fund Statements

Special Revenue Fund Special Tax Allocation Fund Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2020

(With Comparative Totals as of April 30, 2019)

	TIF 1 123rd Place (123RD St. & Cicero to 127th St.) Ave. TIF		k Cicero	Pulaski Road Corridor TIF		NW Cicero Ave. & 1-294 TIF		Total			2019	
Assets	10	127111 51.)		Ave. HF		I IF		IIF		2020		2019
ASSELS												
Temporary cash investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	\$	400,000	\$	453,581	\$	1,080,286	\$	62,237	\$	1,996,104	\$	2,250,030
Taxes		_		32,195		120,184		17,270		169,649		255,468
				- ,				.,		,		
Total assets	\$	400,000	\$	485,776	\$	1,200,470	\$	79,507	\$	2,165,753	\$	2,505,498
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities Accounts payable Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	38,483	\$	-	\$	38,483	\$	13,891
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Fund Balances Restricted for Tax Increment		-		32,195		120,184		17,270		169,649		255,468
Financing allocation for project		400,000		452 501		1 041 902		62 227		1 057 621		2 226 120
areas Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	400,000	\$	453,581 485,776	\$	1,041,803	\$	62,237 79,507	\$	1,957,621 2,165,753	\$	2,236,139 2,505,498

Special Revenue Fund Special Tax Allocation Fund

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended April 30, 2020

(With Comparative Totals for Year Ended April 30, 2019)

	TIF 1 (123RD St. to 127th St.)	123rd Place & Cicero Ave. TIF	Pulaski Road Corridor TIF	NW Cicero Ave. & 1-294 TIF	To	tal 2019
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 51,971	\$ 141,250	\$ 50,856	\$ 244,077	\$ 212,867
Interest income		2,995	6,195		9,190	13,017
Total revenues		54,966	147,445	50,856	253,267	225,884
Expenditures						
Construction	-	-	64,086	-	64,086	429,484
Administrative, legal fees						
and other	-	-	70,280	-	70,280	106,030
Surplus distribution	100,000				100,000	99,014
Total expenditures	100,000		134,366		234,366	634,528
Excess (Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(100,000)	54,966	13,079	50,856	18,901	(408,644)
Other Financing Uses Transfers out			(297,419)		(297,419)	(434,150)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(100,000)	54,966	(284,340)	50,856	(278,518)	(842,794)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	500,000	398,615	1,326,143	11,381	2,236,139	3,078,933
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 400,000	\$ 453,581	\$ 1,041,803	\$ 62,237	\$ 1,957,621	\$ 2,236,139

Special Revenue Fund Special Tax Allocation Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Ori	iginal and Final			
		Budget	Actual	,	Variance
Revenues					
Taxes	\$	232,500	\$ 244,077	\$	11,577
Investment income		7,000	9,190		2,190
Total revenues		239,500	253,267		13,767
Expenditures					
Construction		827,000	64,086		762,914
Administrative, legal fees					
and other		209,000	70,280		138,720
Surplus distribution		100,000	 100,000		
Total expenditures		1,136,000	 234,366		901,634
Excess (Deficiency) in Revenues					
Over Expenditures		(896,500)	18,601		915,101
Other Financing Uses					
Transfers Out			 (297,419)		(297,419)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(896,500)	(278,518)	\$	(1,185,286)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			 2,236,139		
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ 1,957,621		

Special Revenue Fund Motor Fuel Tax Fund Comparative Balance Sheets April 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020		2019	
Assets				_
Temporary cash investments	\$	615,149	\$	617,748
Receivables Allotments from the State of Illinois		57,173		42,669
Grant receivable		176,442		
Total assets	\$	848,764	\$	660,417
Liabilities and Fund Balance				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	4,837	\$	7,244
Fund Balance				
Restricted for street maintenance and improvement programs		843,927		653,173
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	848,764	\$	660,417

Special Revenue Fund Motor Fuel Tax Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended April 30, 2020

(With Comparative Actual for Year Ended April 30, 2019)

	2020					
	Original and Final Budget		Actual			2019 Actual
Revenues						
	¢	100 (72		711 252	¢	490 220
State allotments	\$	488,672		711,353	\$	489,339
Grants		-		176,442		-
Interest income		11,500		12,494		13,017
Total revenues		500,172		900,289		502,356
Expenditures						
General maintenance		180,000		90,970		94,533
Road maintenance		504,999		618,565		288,046
Total expenditures		684,999		709,535		382,579
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(184,827)		190,754		119,777
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year				653,173		533,396
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$	843,927	\$	653,173

Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Fund Comparative Balance Sheets April 30, 2020 and 2019

		2019	
Assets			
Temporary cash investments	\$	46,641	\$ 23,686
Fund Balance			
Restricted for fire department programs	\$	46,641	\$ 23,686

Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Fund Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020		2019	
Revenues				
Foreign fire insurance tax	\$	44,867	\$ 43,856	
Interest income		38	50	
Total revenues		44,905	43,906	
Expenditures				
Public safety				
Clothing allowance		2,291	4,755	
Furniture and fixtures		6,003	19,319	
Equipment and supplies		6,998	38,657	
Training		450	896	
Contingent expense		6,208	11,756	
Total expenditures		21,950	 75,383	
Net Change in Fund Balance		22,955	(31,477)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		23,686	 55,163	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	46,641	\$ 23,686	

Debt Service Fund Comparative Balance Sheets April 30, 2020 and 2019

		2019		
Assets				_
Temporary cash investments	\$	349,868	\$	403,036
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)				
Taxes		66,100		118,306
Total assets	\$	415,968	\$	521,342
Liabilities Due to other funds	\$		\$	2,064
Liabilities				
Due to other funds	Ф	-	Ф	2,004
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		68,132		118,307
Fund Balances				
Restricted for debt service		347,836		400,971
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources and fund balances	\$	415,968	\$	521,342

Debt Service Fund

Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020			2019		
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	193,761	\$	247,289		
Interest income		607		1,499		
Total revenues		194,368		248,788		
Expenditures						
Debt service						
Principal retirement		220,440		379,940		
Interest and fiscal charges		20,270		6,876		
Contingencies		6,793		76,848		
Total expenditures		247,503		463,664		
Excess (Deficiency) in Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(53,135)		(214,876)		
Other Financing Uses						
Transfers out				(534,648)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(53,135)		(749,524)		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		400,971		1,150,495		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	347,836	\$	400,971		

Debt Service Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Year Ended April 30, 2020

	ginal and Final Budget	Actual	V	ariance
	 Juugei	Actual		arianice
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 232,240	\$ 193,761	\$	(38,479)
Investment income	-	607		607
Total revenues	 232,240	194,368		(37,872)
Expenditures				
Debt service				
Principal retirement	220,440	220,440		-
Interest and fiscal charges	13,001	27,063		14,062
Total expenditures	 233,441	 247,503		14,062
	4.504	()		(7.1.02. 1)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,201)	(53,135)	\$	(51,934)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		 400,971		
Fund Balance, End of Year		\$ 347,836		

Proprietary Fund Type Enterprise Funds

Waterworks and Sewerage Fund Comparative Statements of Net Position April 30, 2020 and 2019

Assets

700010	2020	2019
Current Assets		
Temporary cash investments	\$ 8,844,126	\$ 7,023,996
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	,- , -	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Account customers	1,031,557	979,373
Estimated unbilled water and sewer charges	555,527	587,340
Grants	200,000	· =
Prepaid insurance	83,911	-
Due from other funds	· -	426,612
Total current assets	10,715,121	9,017,321
Noncurrent Assets		
Restricted temporary cash investments	35,473	62,683
Property, Building and Equipment, Net	19,384,136	18,657,191
Total assets	19,419,609	18,719,874
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Related to pension	96,405	503,871
Related to OPEB	582,974	
Total deferred outflows of resources	679,379	503,871
Total assets and deferred outflows		
of resources	30,814,109	28,241,066
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities (Payable From Current Assets)		
Accounts payable	1,608,705	747,738
Accrued interest payable	34,104	36,173
Customer deposits payable - restricted assets	35,196	33,331
Other accrued expenses	22,298	28,875
Utility overpayment	21,328	21,989
Current portion of total OPEB liability	69,014	-
Current portion of notes payable	184,243	878,792
Current portion of general obligation bonds	363,250	428,000
Total current liabilities	2,338,138	2,174,898

Waterworks and Sewerage Fund Comparative Statements of Net Position April 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Long-Term Liabilities		
Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,694,421	\$ 2,227,074
IMRF net pension liability	172,612	644,940
Notes payable	2,652,358	2,120,541
Long-term portion of general obligation bonds		
(net of unamortized discount, premium)	4,101,294	4,647,856
Total long-term liabilities	9,620,685	9,640,411
Total liabilities	11,958,823	11,815,309
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Related to pensions	296,345	182,120
Related to OPEB	101,335	
Total deferred inflows of resources	397,680	182,120
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	11,532,669	10,582,002
Unrestricted	6,924,937	5,661,635
Total net position	\$ 18,457,606	\$ 16,243,637

Total liabilities, deferred inflows

Waterworks and Sewerage Fund

Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years Ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Operating Revenues		
Charges for sales and services		
Water	\$ 11,709,484	\$ 11,877,132
Sewer	773,154	659,825
Tapping fees	54,253	40,482
Fines and penalties	124,209	122,466
Other income	333,388	1,681,289
Total operating revenues	12,994,488	14,381,194
Operating Expenses		
Water department	9,708,482	9,778,077
Sewer department	349,910	267,557
Total operating expenses	10,058,392	10,045,634
Operating Income Before Depreciation	2,936,096	4,335,560
Depreciation		
Water department	547,226	538,795
Sewer department	252,423	252,420
Total depreciation	799,649	791,215
Operating Income	2,136,447	3,544,345
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Amortization of bond premium	183,312	34,527
Note and bond interest and fiscal charges	(228,532)	(214,226)
Investment earnings	80,736	47,782
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	35,516	(131,917)
Net Income	2,171,963	3,412,428
Transfers		
Transfers in	297,419	434,150
Transfers out	(255,413)	-
Total and transfers	42,006	434,150
Change in Net Position	2,213,969	3,846,578
Net Position, Beginning of Year	16,243,637	12,397,059
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 18,457,606	\$ 16,243,637

Waterworks and Sewerage Fund Comparative Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Operating income	\$ 2,136,447	\$ 3,544,345
Items not requiring cash	700.640	701 215
Depreciation	799,649	791,215
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		
Receivables - account customers	(52 194)	(70.449)
	(52,184) 31,813	(70,448) (9,818)
Receivables - unbilled charges Receivables - other	31,813	429,169
Grants receivable	(200,000)	429,109
Prepaid insurance	(83,911)	
Due from other funds	426,612	(67,358)
Utility overpayment	(661)	1,589
Accounts payable	310,368	(375,112)
Other accrued expenses	(6,577)	(1,512,197)
Deferred outflow - post-employment benefit obligation	(582,974)	(1,312,177)
Deferred inflow - post-employment benefit obligation	101,335	
Postemployment benefit obligation	536,361	(82,623)
Deferred outflow - IMRF	407,466	(238,294)
Deferred inflow - IMRF	114,225	(468,891)
IMRF net pension liability	(472,328)	630,897
Restricted liabilities	1,865	(1,690)
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,467,506	2,570,784
Net eash provided by operating activities	3,407,500	2,570,784
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Earnings on investments	80,736	47,782
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities		
Transfers in	297,419	434,150
Transfers out	(255,413)	· <u>-</u>
Net cash provided by non capital financing activities	42,006	434,150
Cash Flows From Capital and Related		
Financing Activities		
Purchase of property, building and equipment	(975,995)	(852,775)
Principal payments on bonds payable	(428,000)	(413,500)
Proceeds from issuance of notes payable	(428,000)	162,170
Principal payments on notes payable	(162,662)	(159,714)
Interest paid on notes and bonds	(230,671)	(215,949)
Net cash used in capital and related	(230,071)	(213,747)
financing activities	(1,797,328)	(1,479,768)
	<u></u>	
Net Change in Cash and Temporary Cash Investments	1,792,920	1,572,948
Cash and Temporary Cash Investments,		
Beginning of Year	7,086,679	5,513,731
Cash and Temporary Cash Investments,	\$ 8,879,599	\$ 7,086,679
End of Year	Ψ 0,017,377	7,000,079
Unrestricted Temporary Cash Investments	\$ 8,844,126	\$ 7,023,996
Restricted Temporary Cash Investments	35,473	62,683
Total	\$ 8,879,599	\$ 7,086,679
Schedule of Noncash Capital and Related		
Financing Activities		
Purchase of property, building and equipment on account	\$ 550,599	\$ -

Waterworks and Sewerage Fund Comparative Schedules of Operating Expenses Years Ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

	2	020	2019		
Water Department					
Water Department Salary - commissioner	\$	103,791	\$	100,827	
Salary - commissioner Salary - clerical	φ	54,482	Ф	56,808	
Wages - general labor		318,223		327,817	
Uniforms		2,490			
		*		2,998	
Engineering fees Audit fees		51,562		67,302	
		-		15,000	
Tools and equipment		90,621		24,665	
Purchase - office equipment		3,142		2,717	
Purchase - new equipment		1,605		7,441	
Purchase - meters		101,478		93,369	
Purchase - computer		12,366		927	
Repairs - equipment		15,476		17,591	
Restoration (main breaks)		110,036		90,184	
Maintenance water system		227,692		126,208	
Utilities		149,974		152,507	
Water tap-ons		-		19,870	
Purchase - water	7	,654,198		7,969,587	
Social Security and IMRF		93,055		98,269	
Insurance and administrative expense		425,470		420,226	
Contingent expense		3,705		4,844	
Water system expense		29,178		12,841	
Building and ground maintenance		105,466		240,980	
Pager service		2,445		1,233	
Office supplies		1,933		3,288	
Water sampling fees		7,089		6,643	
Purchase chlorine		3,791		6,412	
Gasoline and oil		4,946		8,755	
Water billing charges		18,795		18,433	
Dues and memberships		2,790		2,728	
Postemployment benefit obligation		112,683		(122,393)	
Total water department	9	,708,482		9,778,077	

Waterworks and Sewerage Fund Comparative Schedules of Operating Expenses Years Ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

		2019		
Sewer Department				
Salary - clerical	\$	60,471	\$ 50,864	
Wages - general labor		82,000	93,959	
Purchase - new equipment		1,500	77,618	
Material and supplies		59,936	11,544	
Repair - equipment		2,055	8,666	
Maintenance - sanitary sewers		123,326	32,073	
Contingent expenses		870	1,000	
Garage rentals		28,350	28,350	
Postemployment benefit obligation		(8,598)	 (36,517)	
Total sewer department		349,910	 267,557	
Total operating expenses	\$	10,058,392	\$ 10,045,634	

Senior Citizen Complex Fund Combining Statements of Net Position April 30, 2020

(With Comparative Totals as of April 30, 2019)

						То	tal	
	H	leritage I	H	leritage II		2020		2019
Assets								
Current Assets	\$	1 520 020	ф	7.746.170	ф	0.266.207	d.	6 116 047
Temporary cash investments	2	1,520,029	\$	7,746,178	\$	9,266,207	\$	6,116,047
Other receivable		7,662		113,344		121,006		-
Prepaid insurance		5,214		7.050.522		5,214		- (116.047
Total current assets		1,532,905		7,859,522		9,392,427		6,116,047
Restricted Assets								
Temporary cash investments		68,951		438,231		507,182		2,312,523
Total restricted assets		68,951		438,231	_	507,182		2,312,523
				,				_,==,====
Property, Building and								
Equipment, Net		5,017,704		5,616,586		10,634,290		11,289,847
Other Assets		202.540		1 000		202.540		100 104
Deposits		202,548		1,000		203,548		199,184
Total assets		6,822,108		13,915,339		20,737,447		19,917,601
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities								
Accrued interest payable		4,444		22,947		27,391		28,934
Accounts payable		-		137,209		137,209		80,483
Current portion of general				,		ŕ		,
obligation bonds		136,120		209,604		345,724		331,560
Security deposits		134,505		280,440		414,945		411,009
Total current liabilities		275,069		650,200		925,269		851,986
Long-Term Liabilities								
General obligation bonds (net of								
unamortized discount, premium and								
loss from extinguishment of debt)		493,257		2,927,144		3,420,401		3,823,886
Total liabilities		768,326		3,577,344		4,345,670		4,675,872
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets		4,457,278		2,643,055		7,100,333		7,134,401
Unrestricted		1,596,504		7,694,940		9,291,444		8,107,328
Total net position	\$	6,053,782	\$	10,337,995	\$	16,391,777	\$	15,241,729

Senior Citizen Complex Fund Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses And Changes in Net Position Year Ended April 30, 2020

(With Comparative Totals for Year April 30, 2019)

				To		
	 Heritage I	H	leritage II	2020		2019
Operating Revenue						
Rental income	\$ 1,570,000	\$	3,283,260	\$ 4,853,260	\$	4,724,217
Other income	10,517		47,112	57,629		69,279
Total operating revenue	1,580,517		3,330,372	4,910,889		4,793,496
Operating Expenses	 1,114,710		1,908,599	3,023,309		2,751,351
Operating Income Before						
Depreciation	465,807		1,421,773	1,887,580		2,042,145
Depreciation	 292,818		362,740	 655,558		776,954
Operating Income	 172,989		1,059,033	1,232,022		1,265,191
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) and Transfers						
Amortization of bond premium	38,028		14,698	52,726		9,556
Interest income	, -		2,731	2,731		-
Bond interest	 (23,924)		(113,507)	 (137,431)		(99,262)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) and transfers	14,104		(96,078)	(81,974)		(89,706)
Net Income	 187,093		962,955	1,150,048		1,175,485
Net Position, Beginning of Year	 5,866,689		9,375,040	 15,241,729		14,066,244
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 6,053,782	\$	10,337,995	\$ 16,391,777	\$	15,241,729

Senior Citizen Complex Fund Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended April 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals for Year April 30, 2019)

					То	Total		
	<u>_</u>	leritage I	Н	leritage II	2020		2019	
Cash Flows From Operating								
Activities								
Operating income	\$	172,989	\$	1,059,033	\$ 1,232,022	\$	1,265,191	
Items not requiring cash	·	, ,	·	,,	, - ,-		,, -	
Depreciation		292,818		362,740	655,558		776,954	
Changes in operating assets and								
liabilities								
Other receivable		(7,662)		(113,344)	(121,006)		-	
Prepaid insurance		(5,214)		-	(5,214)		2,481	
Deposits		(4,364)		-	(4,364)		(2,147)	
Accounts payable		-		56,726	56,726		(14,692)	
Security deposits		4,555		(619)	3,936		17,919	
Net cash provided by								
operating activities		453,122		1,364,536	 1,817,658		2,045,706	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities								
Interest received				2,731	 2,731			
Cash Flows From Capital and								
Related Financing Activities								
Principal payments on bonds payable		(132,801)		(203,760)	(336,561)		(331,559)	
Interest paid on bonds		(24,617)		(114,392)	(139,009)		(100,673)	
Net cash used in capital and	`							
related financing activities		(157,418)		(318,152)	 (475,570)		(432,232)	
Net Increase in Temporary Cash								
Investments		295,704		1,049,115	1,344,819		1,613,474	
Temporary Cash Investments,								
Beginning of Year		1,293,276		7,135,294	 8,428,570		6,815,096	
Temporary Cash Investments,								
End of Year	\$	1,588,980	\$	8,184,409	\$ 9,773,389	\$	8,428,570	
Unrestricted Temporary Cash Investments	\$	1,520,029	\$	7,746,178	\$ 9,266,207	\$	6,116,047	
Restricted Temporary Cash Investments		68,951		438,231	 507,182		2,312,523	
Total	\$	1,588,980	\$	8,184,409	\$ 9,773,389	\$	8,428,570	
	_				 	_		

Senior Citizen Complex Fund Combining Schedule of Operating Expenses Year Ended April 30, 2020

(With Comparative Totals for Year April 30, 2019)

					Total			
	Heritage I		Heritage II		2020			2019
Salaries	\$	311,241	\$	340,320	\$	651,561	\$	627,273
Repairs and maintenance		286,428		743,584		1,030,012		763,820
Management fee		94,200		196,996		291,196		283,453
Administrative fee		60,000		100,000		160,000		160,000
Decorating		17,610		56,008		73,618		90,343
Office supplies		-		295		295		8,388
Telephone		11,290		10,213		21,503		22,791
Utilities		136,303		213,405		349,708		376,939
Insurance		31,915		71,558		103,473		104,878
Scavenger		39,204		46,623		85,827		75,884
Pest control		13,395		14,910		28,305		29,250
Contingent expense		12,009		4,459		16,468		15,353
Payroll taxes		24,780		20,741		45,521		43,675
Uniforms		-		2,711		2,711		1,248
Union health/pension		76,335		86,776		163,111		148,056
_ 								
Total operating expenses	\$	1,114,710	\$	1,908,599	\$	3,023,309	\$	2,751,351

Fiduciary Fund Type Pension Trust Funds

Pension Trust Funds Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position April 30, 2020

(With Comparative Totals as of April 30, 2019)

	Police	Fi	refighter's	To	tal	
	Pension		Pension	2020		2019
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,264,683		435,922	\$ 4,700,605	\$	3,954,712
Receivables						
Contributions	-		16,508	16,508		17,446
Accrued interest	33,414		46,607	80,021		111,755
Investments, at fair value						
U.S. Government securities	3,322,270		4,694,388	8,016,658		12,285,306
Corporate bonds	1,717,305		4,635,274	6,352,579		7,453,071
Municipal bonds	554,854		-	554,854		-
Mutual funds - equities	11,799,177		18,893,109	30,692,286		28,356,295
Mutual funds - fixed income	-		541,697	541,697		-
Certificate of deposit	 2,066,932		-	 2,066,932		
Total assets	23,758,635		29,263,505	53,022,140		52,178,585
Liabilities						
Accrued liabilities	 					13,282
Net Position						
Net position restricted for pensions	\$ 23,758,635	\$	29,263,505	\$ 53,022,140	\$	52,165,303

Pension Trust Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended April 30, 2020

(With Comparative Totals for Year Ended April 30, 2019)

					То	otal		
		Pension		Pension		2020		2019
Additions								
Contributions								
Employer	\$	3,296,996	\$	2,222,713	\$	5,519,709	\$	6,290,864
Employee	Ψ	424,369	Ψ	393,870	Ψ	818,239	Ψ	663,819
Total contributions		3,721,365		2,616,583		6,337,948		6,954,683
Investment income (loss)								
Net appreciation (depreciation)								
in fair value of investments		(406,604)		87,159		(319,445)		1,844,195
Dividends		234,751		251,296		486,047		378,245
Interest		244,261		284,425		528,686		572,431
Miscellaneous income		2-1-1,201		290		290		87
Miscondine out meome		72,408		623,170		695,578		2,794,958
Less investment expense		134,648		119,623		254,271		240,178
Net investment income (loss)		(62,240)		503,547		441,307		2,554,780
Total additions		3,659,125		3,120,130		6,779,255		9,509,463
Deductions								
Retirement benefits		2,962,409		1,588,201		4,550,610		4,101,016
Duty disability benefits		165,799		624,066		789,865		813,217
Surviving spouse benefits		262,946		285,236		548,182		501,556
Miscellaneous		6,031		27,730		33,761		51,403
Total deductions		3,397,185		2,525,233		5,922,418		5,467,192
Change in Net Position		261,940		594,897		856,837		4,042,271
Net Position Restricted for Pensions, Beginning of Year		23,496,695		28,668,608		52,165,303		48,123,032
Net Position, Restricted for Pensions, End of Year	\$	23,758,635	\$	29,263,505	\$	53,022,140	\$	52,165,303

Statistical Section (Unaudited)

Statistical Section April 30, 2020

This portion of the Village of Alsip, Illinois' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Village's overall economic condition.

Contents

Financial Trends	131
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Village's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	141
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Village's most significant local revenue source, the sales tax.	
Debt Capacity	145
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Village's current levels of outstanding debt and the Village's ability to issue additional debt.	
Demographic and Economic Information	150
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Village's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	153
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Village's financial report relates to the services the Village's provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Village's Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.



Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2020	2019***			2018*	2017
Governmental Activities						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 11,061,194	\$	10,907,838	\$	11,131,638	\$ 8,409,663
Restricted	6,802,825		6,546,235		7,468,192	11,456,720
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (79,018,169)		(78,530,182)		(80,789,319)	 (44,800,427)
Total governmental activities	\$ (61,154,150)	\$	(61,076,109)	\$	(62,189,489)	\$ (24,934,044)
Business-Type Activities						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 18,633,002	\$	17,716,403	\$	15,335,413	\$ 20,722,393
Unrestricted	 16,216,381		13,768,963		11,127,889	 5,377,618
Total business-type activities	\$ 34,849,383	\$	31,485,366	\$	26,463,302	\$ 26,100,011
Primary Government						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 29,694,196	\$	28,624,241	\$	26,467,051	\$ 29,132,056
Restricted	6,802,825		6,546,235		7,468,192	11,456,720
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (62,801,788)		(64,761,219)		(69,661,430)	 (39,422,809)
Total primary government	\$ (26,304,767)	\$	(29,590,743)	\$	(35,726,187)	\$ 1,165,967

^{*}The Village implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in 2018.

Data Source

^{**}The Village implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016.

^{***}As restated.

	2016**		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011
\$	7,714,910	\$	6,810,341	\$	7,374,989	\$	6,609,013	\$	5,084,808	\$	3,822,442
	11,837,367		11,636,558		10,348,270		9,189,899		9,785,086		8,085,839
	(43,470,953)		5,097,812		5,393,770		5,026,313		3,227,770		3,126,860
										`	
\$	(23,918,676)	\$	23,544,711	\$	23,117,029	\$	20,825,225	\$	18,097,664	\$	15,035,141
1										1	
\$	22,277,214	\$	18,867,242	\$	19,257,458	\$	23,108,772	\$	19,897,961	\$	18,752,553
	2,706,110		4,865,926		5,834,550		3,281,194		6,756,614		7,395,602
\$	24,983,324	\$	23,733,168	\$	25,092,008	\$	26,389,966	\$	26,654,575	\$	26,148,155
ď	20 002 124	ф	25 (77 592	Ф	26 622 447	Ф	20 717 705	ф	24 092 760	Ф	22 574 005
\$	29,992,124	\$	25,677,583	\$	26,632,447	\$	29,717,785	\$	24,982,769	\$	22,574,995
	11,837,367		11,636,558		10,348,270		9,189,899		9,785,086		8,085,839
	(40,764,843)		9,963,738		11,228,320		8,307,507		9,984,384		10,522,462
ф	1.064.649	ф	47 277 979	Ф	49 200 027	Ф	47 215 101	ф	44.750.000	d.	41 102 207
\$	1,064,648	\$	47,277,879	\$	48,209,037	\$	47,215,191	\$	44,752,239	\$	41,183,296

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		2020		2019**		2018	2017		
Expenses									
Governmental activities									
General government	\$	3,023,523	\$	3,032,325	\$	4,900,132	\$	3,605,492	
Public safety		23,802,774		22,951,280		21,810,737		19,860,868	
Highways and streets		3,011,792		2,500,713		2,775,496		3,326,466	
Building		530,744		503,373		511,977		313,605	
Health and environmental control		1,344,743		1,106,690		1,194,552		1,259,593	
Economic development		234,366		-		-		-	
Other		129,520		93,283		191,744		42,731	
Interest		74,035		97,877		178,467		456,663	
Total governmental activities expenses	_	32,151,497		30,285,541		31,563,105		28,865,418	
Business-type activities									
Water		10,255,708		10,531,098		10,864,515		11,447,443	
Sewer		602,333		519,977		617,672		473,625	
Senior citizen complexes		3,763,572		3,627,567		3,680,207		4,274,631	
Total business-type activities		14,621,613		14,678,642		15,162,394		16,195,699	
Total primary government expenses	\$	46,773,110	\$	44,964,183	\$	46,725,499	\$	45,061,117	
Program Revenues									
Governmental activities									
Charges for services									
General government	\$	1,547,215	\$	1,479,346	\$	1,055,265	\$	1,150,131	
Public safety		1,831,608		2,805,254		2,297,757		2,053,990	
Highways and streets		646,205		569,155		539,350		567,984	
Building		366,440		180,107		-		71,858	
Health and environmental control		949,092		833,052		751,617		681,683	
Operating grants and contributions	_	1,958,475		1,894,061		71,120		66,077	
Total governmental activities									
program revenues		7,299,035		7,760,975		4,715,109		4,591,723	
Business-type activities									
Charges for services									
Water		11,763,737		12,134,444		12,281,265		11,403,637	
Sewer		773,154		660,000		769,588		701,110	
Senior citizen complexes		4,910,889		4,724,217		4,697,102		4,654,694	
Operating grants and contributions								-	
Total business-type activities		17,447,780		17,518,661		17,747,955		16,759,441	
Total primary government									
program revenues	\$	24,746,815	\$	25,279,636	\$	22,463,064	\$	21,351,164	
Net (Expense) Revenue									
Governmental activities	\$	(24,852,462)	\$	(22,524,566)	\$	(26,847,996)	\$	(24,273,695)	
Business-type activities		2,826,167	_	2,840,019	_	2,585,561	_	563,742	
Total primary government net expense	\$	(22,026,295)	\$	(19,684,547)	\$	(24,262,435)	\$	(23,709,953)	

^{*}Motor Fuel Tax are reclassified to Operating Grants and Contributions

^{**}As restated.

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

 2016	2016 2015		2014	2013	2012	2011	
\$ 3,643,891 19,337,667 3,278,020 405,229 1,289,995	\$	3,761,780 15,754,601 3,315,801 480,781 1,310,930	\$ 2,527,227 15,338,829 2,423,364 40,083 1,249,782	\$ 2,148,786 14,157,775 2,760,221 242,235 1,183,432	\$ 1,615,710 13,438,075 2,839,980 335,178 1,138,503	\$ 1,503,353 12,918,460 2,867,558 303,921 1,137,798	
 159,917 325,151		350,049 355,624	 19,539 521,657	 77,607 429,452	 162,202 517,994	 17,918 677,932	
 28,439,870		25,329,566	 22,120,481	 20,999,508	 20,047,642	19,426,940	
 10,869,261 189,374 3,797,397		12,007,569 266,208 3,891,112	11,899,218 183,390 4,158,507	10,021,742 207,981 3,353,314	 8,075,930 200,400 3,377,985	8,334,540 255,367 3,595,449	
 14,856,032		16,164,889	 16,241,115	 13,583,037	 11,654,315	12,185,356	
\$ 43,295,902	\$	41,494,455	\$ 38,361,596	\$ 34,582,545	\$ 31,701,957	\$ 31,612,296	
\$ 1,310,130	\$	964,988	\$ 951,796	\$ 917,990	\$ 867,180	\$ 837,596	
1,937,697 496,279 106,148 642,572 87,577		1,603,393 571,946 86,399 605,542 76,564	1,764,951 609,766 73,647 591,726 62,103	1,610,874 573,971 73,506 562,738 127,816	1,423,373 581,181 70,945 547,336 38,873	1,737,572 593,152 58,261 522,530 71,395	
4,580,403		3,908,832	4,053,989	3,866,895	3,528,888	3,820,506	
10,629,891 703,753 4,520,321		9,904,413 682,661 4,352,807	10,348,108 757,270 4,027,660	9,496,481 758,780 3,897,719	8,050,846 769,497 3,883,257	7,890,434 759,519 3,939,219	
15,853,965		14,939,881	15,133,038	14,152,980	12,703,600	12,589,172	
\$ 20,434,368	\$	18,848,713	\$ 19,187,027	\$ 18,019,875	\$ 16,232,488	\$ 16,409,678	
\$ (23,859,467) 997,933	\$	(21,420,734) (1,225,008)	\$ (18,066,492) (1,108,077)	\$ (17,132,613) 569,943	\$ (16,518,754) 1,049,285	\$ (15,606,434) 403,816	
\$ (22,861,534)	\$	(22,645,742)	\$ (19,174,569)	\$ (16,562,670)	\$ (15,469,469)	\$ (15,202,618)	

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2020	2019**	2018	2017	
General Revenues					
Governmental activities					
Property taxes	\$ 13,351,583	\$ 12,655,355	\$ 12,961,593	\$ 10,788,933	
Sales tax	7,307,907	6,590,111	6,421,934	6,263,159	
State income taxes	1,896,567	2,590,248	2,266,790	2,302,666	
Fuel use taxes	-	-	1,451,468	1,628,465	
Motor fuel taxes	-	-	492,201	488,604	
Replacement taxes	392,599	367,795	333,854	397,023	
Real estate transfer taxes	311,947	425,711	590,656	602,027	
Other taxes	1,176,072	909,486	832,100	873,938	
Unrestricted interest/investment earnings	266,783	274,796	171,633	53,555	
Other	112,969	258,594	481,508	386,382	
Transfers in/out	(42,006)	 (434,150)	 756,770	 (526,425)	
Total general revenues, transfers					
and special item	24,774,421	 23,637,946	 26,760,507	 23,258,327	
Business-type activities					
Unrestricted interest/investment earnings	38,247	47,783	92,217	519	
Other	457,597	1,700,112	5,680	26,001	
Transfers in/out	42,006	 434,150	 (756,770)	526,425	
Total business-type activities	 537,850	2,182,045	(658,873)	552,945	
Total primary government	\$ 25,312,271	\$ 25,819,991	\$ 26,101,634	\$ 23,811,272	
Change in Net Position (Formerly Net Assets)					
Governmental activities	\$ (78,041)	\$ 1,113,380	\$ (87,489)	\$ (1,015,368)	
Business-type activities	 3,364,017	 5,022,064	 1,926,688	 1,116,687	
Total change in net position	\$ 3,285,976	\$ 6,135,444	\$ 1,839,199	\$ 101,319	

^{*}Motor Fuel Tax are reclassified to Operating Grants and Contributions.

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

^{**}As restated.

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2016 2015			2014		2013		2012	2011		
\$	10,255,977	\$	9,871,284	\$	9,318,749	\$	8,872,061	\$	9,075,729	\$	8,443,290
	5,846,687		5,701,348		5,666,029		5,572,201		5,358,896		5,118,425
	2,400,553		2,369,241		2,223,042		2,287,977		1,927,104		1,821,844
	1,138,049		993,487		786,265		663,633		638,342		669,964
	493,084		472,424		475,907		459,034		477,655		584,666
	378,327		383,040		374,201		349,094		330,457		384,772
	329,903		288,946		169,163		193,655		88,243		106,477
	889,572		846,251		771,228		702,285		752,762		690,090
	20,633		14,590		3,768		13,452		31,348		57,360
	350,492		763,805		337,944		348,639		305,334		338,046
	(686,082)		144,000		232,000		398,143		595,407		657,175
	21,417,195		21,848,416		20,358,296		19,860,174		19,581,277		18,872,109
	, ,				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		· · · · · ·		<u> </u>		
	792		734		415		7,402		27,751		54,389
	11,526		9,434		41,704		10,127		24,791		14,994
	686,082		(144,000)		(232,000)		(398,143)		(595,407)		(657,175)
	698,400		(133,832)		(189,881)		(380,614)		(542,865)		(587,792)
\$	22,115,595	\$	21,714,584	\$	20,168,415	\$	19,479,560	\$	19,038,412	\$	18,284,317
			-								
\$	(2,442,272)	\$	427,682	\$	2,291,804	\$	2,727,561	\$	3,062,523	\$	3,265,675
Ψ	1,696,333	Ψ	(1,358,840)	Ψ	(1,297,958)	Ψ	189,329	Ψ	506,420	Ψ	(183,976)
\$	(745,939)	\$	(931,158)	\$	993,846	\$	2,916,890	\$	3,568,943	\$	3,081,699
	(, 15,757)	Ψ	(221,130)	Ψ	,,,,,,,,,,	<u> </u>	2,710,070	Ψ_	2,200,713	Ψ	2,001,077

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		2020		2019**		2018	2017
General Fund							
Reserved (pre-GASB 54)		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A
Unreserved (pre-GASB 54)		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A
Nonspendable	\$	211,682	\$	255,459	\$	81,337	\$ 68,358
Restricted		133,891		122,739		216,031	227,909
Commited		-		-		-	-
Assigned		12,922,249		9,077,659		5,448,983	3,328,089
Unassigned		16,176,028		13,774,230		11,348,651	 11,142,732
Total General Fund		29,443,850		23,230,087		17,095,002	 14,767,088
All Other Governmental Funds							
Reserved (pre-GASB 54)		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A
Unreserved (pre-GASB 54)		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A
Nonspendable	\$	12,412	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Restricted		6,668,934		6,423,496		7,252,161	13,732,235
Commited		-		-		-	-
Assigned		-		-		-	-
Unassigned							
Total All Other Governmental Funds		6,681,346		6,423,496		7,252,161	 13,732,235
Total Governmental Funds	\$	36,125,196	\$	29,653,583	\$	24,347,163	\$ 28,499,323

^{*}The Village implemented GASB Statement No. 54 for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2012.

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

^{**}As restated.

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2016 2015			2014		2013		2012	2011	
	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	\$ 239,108
	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	7,468,309
\$	60,307	\$	57,809	\$	50,568	\$	51,315	\$	38,846	N/A
_	223,002		220,785	7	213,841	_	104,970	7	104,970	N/A
	-		_		_		-		-	N/A
	2,290,401		1,959,321		1,653,106		1,335,972		990,069	N/A
	10,252,717		10,119,323		9,181,622		10,308,120		8,950,412	N/A
	12,826,427		12,357,238		11,099,137		11,800,377		10,084,297	 7,707,417
	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	7,846,731
	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	387,392
\$	28,325	\$	26,542	\$	25,820	\$	3,341	\$	3,123	N/A
	10,689,686		11,415,773		10,134,429		9,084,929		9,680,116	N/A
	_		_		-		_		-	N/A
	-		-		240,957		-		-	N/A
							(1,404,228)		(1,575,643)	N/A
	10,718,011		11,442,315		10,401,206		7,684,042		8,107,596	 8,234,123
\$	23,544,438	\$	23,799,553	\$	21,500,343	\$	19,484,419	\$	18,191,893	\$ 15,941,540

Changes in Fund Balances and Percentages of Debt Service to Noncapital Expenditures of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2020	2019*	2018	2017
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 26,331,9	93 \$ 26,634,348	\$ 22,565,439	\$ 23,287,618
Fines and forfeitures	645,2		878,560	758,766
Licenses and permits	1,115,2		1,125,592	1,199,142
Grants	596,2		71,120	66,077
Charges for services	907,4	26 833,052	751,617	681,683
Investment income	265,7	703 274,796	171,636	53,556
Miscellaneous	2,444,5	2,630,477	2,510,150	2,218,522
Total revenues	32,306,4		28,074,114	28,265,364
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	1,917,2	2,018,950	2,710,347	2,072,866
Public safety	15,643,5	16,843,713	14,046,171	13,775,525
Highways and streets	2,661,9	2,283,923	2,259,359	2,744,585
Building	262,3	259,252	191,606	229,336
Health and environmental control	1,138,4	1,195,205	1,157,584	1,225,422
Insurance	3,159,2	3,160,460	4,207,348	3,992,123
Drainage and storm sewers	11,7	12,504	120,237	15,481
Forestry maintenance	88,2	266 125,779	71,507	27,250
Economic development	234,3		-	-
Miscellaneous	29,0	078 649,407	2,495,637	696,956
Debt service				
Principal retirement	521,4	87 600,764	2,050,288	1,057,080
Bond issuance costs		-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	143,1	38 112,191	-	372,916
Capital outlay			-	84,066
Total expenditures	25,810,8	27,262,148	29,310,084	26,293,606
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	6,495,5	5,714,533	(1,235,970)	1,971,758
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Loan proceeds		-	-	4,165,000
General obligation bonds issued			-	-
Bond premium			-	174,737
Refunding bonds issued			-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent			(3,482,598)	(840,000)
Transfers in	255,4	13 534,648	2,074,520	866,793
Transfers out	(297,4	(968,798)	(1,317,750)	(1,393,218)
Sale of Village property	18,0	26,037	10,550	9,815
Total other financing sources (uses)	(23,9	(408,113)		2,983,127
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 6,471,6	\$ 5,306,420	\$ (3,951,248)	\$ 4,954,885
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital				
Expenditures	2.6	2.63%	6.82%	5.64%

^{*}As restated.

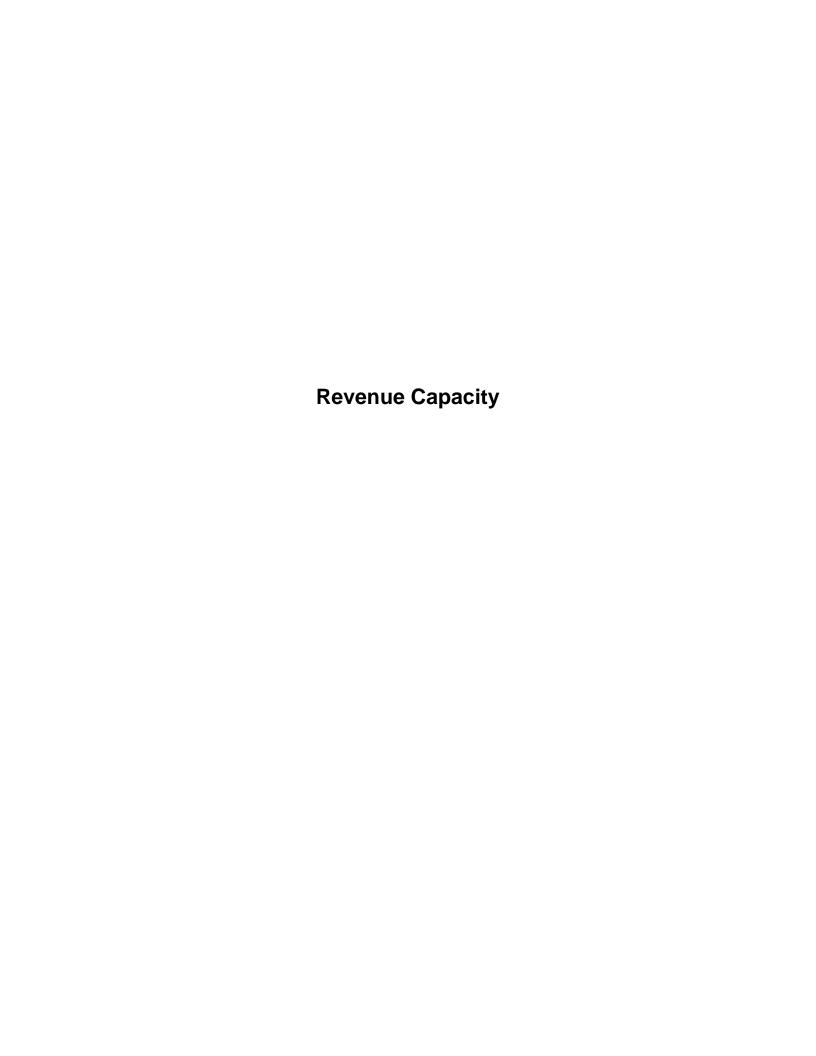
Prior to GASB 65, bond issuance costs were amortized rather than expensed.

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

Changes in Fund Balances and Percentages of Debt Service to Noncapital Expenditures of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

2016		2015	2014		2013	2012		2011
\$ 21,804	,140	\$ 20,763,489	\$ 19,686,561	\$	18,846,721	\$	18,800,400	\$ 17,948,966
686	,771	418,127	473,739		431,330		362,579	495,422
1,228	,596	1,153,994	1,242,732		1,249,548		1,129,811	1,250,991
87.	,577	76,564	62,103		127,816		38,873	71,395
642	,572	605,642	591,726		562,738		547,336	522,530
20.	,633	14,589	3,768		13,452		31,347	57,360
2,283		2,645,064	2,030,741		1,868,472		1,772,558	4,083,418
26,753	,666	25,677,469	 24,091,370	_	23,100,077		22,682,904	 24,430,082
2,339	,242	1,595,194	1,556,367		1,321,430		1,052,539	892,035
13,326	,133	12,817,434	11,963,500		11,265,350		11,081,629	10,405,279
2,635	,995	3,915,189	1,803,822		1,709,994		1,660,837	1,427,191
238.	,930	229,750	218,364		217,836		209,680	194,457
1,260	,930	1,257,568	1,228,697		1,164,184		1,120,624	1,121,186
3,780	,468	3,063,910	3,066,959		2,937,049		2,663,223	4,894,774
22.	,031	33,652	2,221		2,665		6,276	3,556
137	,886	316,397	76,139		22,315		32,971	14,362
648	,521	1,131,132	361,574		238,533		64,048	545,362
1,739	,041	1,305,017 18,790	1,500,863		1,943,207		1,981,493	2,005,689
304	665	304,354	353,649		405,595		467,712	705,380
	,911	146,728	245,073		997,189		1,025,418	1,738,797
26,517	_	 26,135,115	 22,377,228		22,225,347		21,366,450	 23,948,068
20,017	,,,,,	 20,120,110	 22,877,220		22,220,017		21,000,.00	 25,5 10,000
235	,913	(457,646)	 1,714,142		874,730		1,316,454	 482,014
107	024	2.512.705	50 000				206.656	
187	,924	2,513,705	58,822		-		306,656	-
	-	84,291	-		-		-	-
	-	04,291	-		-		-	3,666,078
	-	-	-		-		-	(3,482,531)
400	.000	595,400	2,819,505		1,261,890		4,545,035	3,282,227
(1,086	*	(451,400)	(2,587,505)		(863,747)		(3,949,628)	(2,625,052)
	,082)	14,860	10,960		19,653		31,836	(2,023,032)
(491		2,756,856	301,782		417,796		933,899	840,722
\$ (255)	,115)	\$ 2,299,210	\$ 2,015,924	\$	1,292,526	\$	2,250,353	\$ 1,322,736
7	.58%	 6.21%	 8.16%	_	10.58%	_	10.57%	 11.19%



Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Levy Year	Residential Property	Farm Valuation	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Railroad Valuation	Total Taxable Equalized Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate ⁽¹⁾	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Ratio of Total Assessed Value to Total Estimated Actual Value to
2019	\$ 216,427,558	\$ 5,803	\$ 117,215,122	\$ 235,063,605	\$ 724,556	\$ 569,436,644	2.3668	\$ 1,708,309,932	33.33%
2018	222,488,290	5,797	111,913,989	228,475,378	745,886	563,629,340	2.3479	1,690,888,020	33.33%
2017	232,869,609	5,866	113,301,299	234,052,018	627,963	580,856,755	2.2221	1,742,570,265	33.33%
2016	189,073,871	5,002	97,500,051	206,070,068	582,389	493,231,381	2.0105	1,479,694,143	33.33%
2015	182,379,631	4,852	91,773,307	195,750,079	593,292	470,501,161	2.0097	1,411,503,483	33.33%
2014	188,032,931	4,915	96,490,972	206,717,346	536,562	491,782,726	1.8282	1,475,348,178	33.33%
2013	194,134,661	5,130	93,158,534	223,122,716	528,636	510,949,677	1.7090	1,532,849,031	33.33%
2012	208,598,310	5,130	99,063,666	240,491,245	567,632	548,725,983	1.5157	1,646,177,949	33.33%
2011	228,931,604	5,130	106,227,344	263,068,560	592,229	598,824,867	1.3279	1,796,474,601	33.33%
2010	282,126,493	5,130	127,115,067	312,466,448	450,612	722,163,750	1.1011	2,166,491,250	33.33%

 $^{^{\}left(1\right)}$ Total Direct Tax Rate reflects the Village's only rate.

Property in the County is reassessed every three years. In general, property is assessed at 33% of actual value, but some other temporary tax incentives exist. EAV shown are less exemptions.

Data Source

Office of the County Clerk Tax Extension Division

Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Levy Year	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
DIRECT										
Village of Alsip (1)										
Operating	1.316	1.280	1.160	0.958	0.943	0.872	0.822	0.755	0.681	0.496
Public Safety Pensions	1.051	1.024	1.020	0.908	0.890	0.787	0.710	0.597	0.508	0.413
Debt Service	-	0.044	0.042	0.145	0.177	0.169	0.177	0.164	0.138	0.192
Total Village Direct Rate	2.367	2.348	2.222	2.011	2.010	1.828	1.709	1.516	1.328	1.101
OVERLAPPING										
School Districts										
(2) see below	8.948	8.500	8.497	9.536	9.990	9.462	8.919	8.158	7.158	5.867
(3) see below	9.159	8.745	8.703	9.952	10.171	9.753	8.975	8.264	7.310	6.018
(4) see below	9.804	9.332	9.485	10.561	10.877	10.387	9.665	8.805	7.840	6.422
(5) see below	7.249	6.791	6.887	7.716	7.950	7.588	7.151	6.543	5.808	4.705
Cook County	0.454	0.489	0.496	0.533	0.552	0.568	0.560	0.531	0.462	0.423
Cook County Forest Preserve	0.059	0.060	0.062	0.063	0.069	0.069	0.069	0.063	0.058	0.051
Worth Township	0.069	0.070	0.067	0.078	0.078	0.076	0.073	0.068	0.060	0.050
Alsip Park District (6)	0.552	0.547	0.518	0.591	0.615	0.585	0.552	0.495	0.453	0.377
Alsip-Merrionette Park Public										
Library District (7)	0.471	0.477	0.458	0.539	0.563	0.531	0.499	0.455	0.404	0.330
MWRD	0.389	0.396	0.402	0.406	0.426	0.430	0.417	0.370	0.320	0.274
Total Other Levies (8)										
(2) see below	-	0.068	0.097	0.073	0.110	0.074	0.100	0.064	0.082	0.048
Total Direct and Overlapping										
(2) see below	13.309	12.955	12.819	13.830	14.413	13.623	12.898	11.720	10.325	8.521
(3) see below	13.520	13.200	13.050	14.246	14.594	13.914	12.954	11.826	10.477	8.672
(4) see below	14.165	13.787	13.807	14.855	15.300	14.548	13.644	12.367	11.007	9.076
(5) see below	11.610	11.246	11.209	12.010	12.373	11.749	11.130	10.105	8.975	7.359

⁽¹⁾ Operating consists of Corporate and Street & Bride levies. Public Safety Pensions consists of police and fire pensions.

⁽²⁾ Community College District #524, Community High School District 218, School District 126

⁽³⁾ Community College District #524, Community High School District 218, School District 125

⁽⁴⁾ Community College District #524, Community High School District 218, School District 130

⁽⁵⁾ Community College District #524, Community High School District 218, School District 128

⁽⁶⁾ A small portion of the Village is represented by the Blue Island Park District or the Worth Park District instead of the Alsip Park District.

⁽⁷⁾ A small portion of the Village is represented by the William Leonard Public Library District or no library district instead of the Alsip-Merrionette Park Public Library District.

⁽⁸⁾ Includes the levies for South Cook County Mosquito Abatement District, General Assistance, Road and Bridge and for the 2006 levy, the TB Sanitarium District.

Does not include the small portion of the Village covered by the Garden Homes Sanitary District.

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

		2019			2010	
Taxpayer	Taxable Equalized Assessed Value	zed Equalized Equali sed Assessed Asses		Taxable Equalized Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Village Equalized Assessed Value
Plymouth MWG	\$ 46,318,797	1	8.14%			
Patriot Alsip	28,264,797	2	4.97%	\$ 38,908,251	1	5.39%
WMI CP LLC	27,862,065	3	4.90%			
Cabot Industrial	22,867,721	4	4.02%	8,224,432	12	1.14%
Public Storage	20,114,661	5	3.54%	20,544,094	9	2.84%
Gregory M Layer	17,833,553	6	3.14%			
12161 S Central NZT	16,959,538	7	2.98%			
BRE Alpha Industrial	16,863,695	8	2.97%			
Griffith Foods	14,268,323	9	2.51%	20,014,068	10	2.77%
Home Depot	13,075,108	10	2.30%	22,327,298	7	3.09%
Manheim Services Corp	12,723,080	11	2.24%	35,673,845	3	4.94%
VIP Alsip/Alsip Partners	6,303,765	12	1.11%	20,002,907	11	2.77%
NAI Hiffman				35,694,536	2	4.94%
Coca Cola				32,190,929	4	4.46%
Crane & Norcross				29,898,680	5	4.14%
CBRE Investors				23,297,479	6	3.23%
Greif, Inc.				21,828,896	8	3.02%
	\$ 243,455,103		42.81%	\$ 308,605,415		42.73%

Note:

Every effort has been made to seek out and report the largest taxpayers. Many taxpayers own or maintain multiple parcels under various names and it is possible that some parcels and their valuations may have been omitted or that properties with similar names were incorrectly aggregated.

Data Source

Office of the County Clerk Tax Extension Division

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Levy Years

			Collected Fiscal Year		Collections in			llections to Date n April 30, 2020		
Levy Year	•		Amount Collected	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount Collected		Percentage of Levy		
2019	\$	13,548,234	\$ 8,759,190	64.65%	NA	\$	8,759,190	64.65%		
2018		13,229,381	6,452,629	48.77%	NA		13,218,587	99.92%		
2017		12,907,318	7,128,474	55.23%	NA		11,957,435	92.64%		
2016		9,916,284	NA	NA	NA		9,829,634	99.13%		
2015		9,425,226	NA	NA	NA		9,336,514	99.06%		
2014		8,973,796	NA	NA	NA		8,819,731	98.28%		
2013		8,715,535	NA	NA	NA		8,567,144	98.30%		
2012		8,303,734	NA	NA	NA		8,079,220	97.30%		
2011		7,935,015	NA	NA	NA		7,698,382	97.02%		
2010		7,946,440	NA	NA	NA		7,606,051	95.72%		

Notes:

Property is assessed at 33 1/3% of actual value by State Statute. Includes levies for general government (Corporate), debt service, police pension, fire pension and street and bridge. Excludes municipal share of township road and bridge levy, which is not under the levy authority or control of the Village. Excludes tax increment financial (TIF) receipts, which are not levied for.

Cook County Treasurer's Office does not have a report which shows levies collected within the fiscal year of the levies. Therefore, this information is not available (N/A) for tax levy years 2014 and prior, but will be on a going forward basis.

Data Source

Office of the County Clerk Tax Extension Office Cook County Treasurer



Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities							Business-Type Activities			Total Outstanding Debt as a					
Fiscal Year		General Obligation Bonds ⁽¹⁾	In	stallment Notes		Other ong-Term iabilities	-	General Obligation Bonds	Installment Notes		Total Outstanding Debt		Percentage of Personal Income ⁽²⁾	Population (2)	Debt Per Capita	
2020	s	3.216.386	\$	591,772	\$	_	\$	7.918.614	\$	2.836.601	s	14,563,373	N/A	18.709	778	
2019	-	3,766,775	-	728,355	-	-	-	9,231,302	7	2,999,262	-	16,725,694	N/A	18,880	886	
2018		4,159,409		949,176		-		10,020,515		2,996,879		18,125,979	N/A	19,079	950	
2017		9,468,674		1,193,631		244,408		12,853,120		2,407,648		26,167,481	5.76%	19,158	1,366	
2016		6,847,209		1,482,771		244,408		12,701,487		2,543,857		23,819,732	5.24%	19,346	1,231	
2015		8,316,460		1,583,294		244,408		12,191,610		2,678,379		25,014,151	5.45%	19,427	1,288	
2014		8,036,624		583,544		244,408		11,555,665		3,802,592		24,222,833	5.04%	19,452	1,194	
2013		8,996,541		669,470		244,408		11,912,777		2,690,581		24,513,777	5.18%	19,411	1,263	
2012		10,748,789		322,365		244,408		12,260,725		-		23,576,287	4.82%	19,346	1,219	
2011		12,510,689		166,301		244,410		13,652,938		-		26,574,338	5.74%	19,289	1,378	

Notes:

The Village has had no redevelopment bonds, sales tax increment bonds, revenue bonds, TIF bonds, TANs, COPs, special assessment bonds, term loans or capital leases in the last ten years.

Between FY18 and FY17, the Village of Alsip noted a decrease of \$8 million of Total Outstanding Debt, as a result of repayment of bonds refunded based on 2017 issuance within FY18 instead of FY17.

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements U.S. Census

⁽¹⁾ Presented net of original issuance discounts and premiums.

⁽²⁾ Personal Income and Population are disclosed in the subsequent Demographic and Economic Statistics table.

Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds ⁽²⁾	A	Less Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund ⁽²⁾	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property ⁽³⁾	Per Capital ⁽⁴⁾
2020	\$ 11,135,000	\$	347,836	\$ 10,787,164	0.63%	N/A
2019	12,998,077		400,971	12,597,106	0.74%	N/A
2018	14,179,924		1,150,495	13,029,429	0.75%	N/A
2017	21,360,000		5,692,061	15,667,939	1.06%	818
2016	16,150,000		3,198,770	12,951,230	0.92%	669
2015	19,830,000		4,490,883	15,339,117	1.04%	790
2014	19,494,994		3,048,915	16,446,079	1.07%	845
2013	21,206,019		3,141,831	18,064,188	1.10%	931
2012	23,367,427		4,691,565	18,675,862	1.04%	965
2011	26,632,798		7,179,964	19,452,834	0.90%	1,008

⁽¹⁾ This is the general bonded debt of both governmental and business-type activities.

Note:

Details of the Village's outstanding debt can be found in Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements Office of the County Clerk Tax Extension Division

⁽²⁾ This is the amount restricted for debt service principal payments.

⁽³⁾ See the Schedule of Assessed Value and the Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

⁽⁴⁾ Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.

Direct and Overlapping Government Activities Debt April 30, 2020

Governmental Unit		Debt Outstanding		2019 Tax Year EAV of axing Body	Percentage of Village's EAV Within Taxing Body's EAV (1)		Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)		Amount Applicable to Primary Government	
Direct debt										
Village of Alsip	\$	14,563,373	\$	569,436,644	10	0.00%	100.00%	5 \$	<u>`</u>	14,563,373
Overlapping debt										
Alsip Park District		1,010,000		577,934,505	9	8.17%	96.72%	ó		976,921
Worth Park District		-		173,955,788		1.83%	6.00%	ó		-
Alsip-Merrionette Park Public Library District (2)		565,000		621,671,143	9	9.54%	91.18%	ó		515,171
William Leonard Public Library District (2)		_		43,298,918		0.35%	4.59%	ó		_
Community High School District 218		51,045,360		2,324,837,483	10	0.00%	24.49%	ó		12,502,852
Cook County	3,0	085,186,750	1	66,917,611,547	10	0.00%	0.349	ó		10,525,063
Cook County Forest Preserve		151,170,000	1	66,917,611,547	10	0.00%	0.349	ó		515,714
Garden Homes Sanitary District		-		13,637,986		0.45%	18.789	ó		-
Metropolitan Water Reclamation District										-
of Greater Chicago (MWRD)	2,5	560,241,000	1	64,054,703,895	10	0.00%	0.359	ó		8,886,640
Moraine Valley Community College District 524		110,380,000		10,144,602,038	10	0.00%	5.61%	ó		6,195,848
School District 125		3,045,000		120,433,453		6.56%	31.019	ó		944,371
School District 126		1,375,000		499,175,689	ϵ	6.88%	76.29%	ó		1,048,963
School District 128		1,735,000		306,761,690		5.17%	9.60%	ó		166,495
School District 130		37,255,000		536,884,054	2	1.40%	22.69%	ó		8,454,320
South Cook County Mosquito Abatement District		-		18,139,637,384	10	0.00%	3.149	ó		-
Worth Township				3,254,522,187	10	0.00%	17.50%	<u> </u>		
Total overlapping debt	6,0	003,008,110	5	34,647,279,307	10	0.00%	100.00%	<u></u>		50,732,358
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 6,0)17,571,483	\$ 5	35,216,715,951				\$	}	65,295,731

⁽¹⁾ The Estimated Percentage Applicable is determined by the ratio of equalized assessed valuation (EAV) subject to taxation in the Village to the EAV of property subject to taxation in the overlapping unit. The ratio of EAV subject to taxation in the Village is the product of the Village's EAV and the percentage of the Village's EAV within the overlapping unit's EAV.

Notes:

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the Village. This schedule estimates the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is bound by the property taxpayers of the Village of Alsip. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

Data Source

Cook County Clerk's Office Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board's Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) System Bloomberg Financial

⁽²⁾ Adding library districts do not equal all of the Village's EAV, as part of the Village is not covered by a library district.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Year

The Village passed a home rule referendum on November 6, 1990. Under the provisionms of the Illinois Constitution passed in 1970, there is no limit for home rule municipalities, except as set the General Assembly.

"The General Assembly may limit by law the amount and require referendum approval of debt to be incurred by home rule municipalities, payable from ad valorem property tax receipts, only in excess of the following percentage of the assessed value of its taxable property [...] (3) if its population is 25,000 or less, an aggregate of one-half percent. Indebtedness which is outstanding on the effective date of this constitution (July 1, 1971) or which is thereafter approved by referendum or assumed from another unit of local government shall not be included in the foregoing percentage amounts."

Article VII, Section 6(k) of the 1970 Illinois Constitution governs computation of legal debt margin. To date the General Assembly has set no debt limits for home rule municipalities.

Pledged Revenue Coverage April 30, 2020

The Village of Alsip has no revenue bonds and has not had any within the last 10 years.

Demographic and Economic Information	

Most Recent Educational Demographics and Five Years Prior

Calendar Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	Median Age ⁽¹⁾	Per Capita Income ⁽¹⁾	Personal Income	Total School Enrollment ⁽¹⁾	Unemployment Rate ⁽²⁾
2019	18,709	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.0%
2018	18,880	36.1	27,413	517,557,440	5,245	4.3%
2017	19,079	35.9	25,132	479,493,428	5,072	6.0%
2016	19,158	33.4	23,696	453,967,968	5,212	6.8%
2015	19,346	33.8	23,486	454,360,156	5,253	6.9%
2014	19,427	34.0	23,643	459,312,561	5,297	8.3%
2013	19,452	35.9	23,671	460,448,292	5,176	10.3%
2012	19,411	34.5	24,393	473,492,523	4,988	10.7%
2011	19,346	36.4	25,286	489,182,956	4,934	12.0%
2010	19,289	35.4	24,008	463,090,312	5,299	12.7%

Sources/Notes

Note: The official 2010 census number is 19,277. See subsequent tables for more detailed educational information from U.S. Census

 $^{^{(1)}}$ U.S. Census Bureau. The population estimates are as of July 1.

⁽²⁾ IL Dept. of Employment Security does not officially estimate and publish rates for communities under 25,000 population. What is shown is IDES' unofficial, unpublished estimates, which come out in early April for the prior calendar year.

Most Recent Educational Demographics and Five Years Prior

		2018		2013			
Calendar Year	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	
Population 18 to 24 Years	1,761	980	781	2,143	937	1,206	
Less than high school graduate	7.5%	11.3%	2.7%	2,143 8.1%	12.7%	4.5%	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	7.3% 17.9%	24.9%	9.1%	26.3%	29.3%	24.0%	
Some college or associate's degree	64.1%						
Bachelor's degree or higher	10.6%	55.9% 7.9%	74.3% 14.0%	53.2% 12.4%	47.2% 10.8%	58.0% 13.6%	
Davidson's degree of inglier	10.070	7.570	1.1070	12.170	10.070	15.070	
Population 25 Years and Older	12,862	6,176	6,686	12,604	6,033	6,571	
Less than 9th grade	4.0%	3.8%	4.1%	4.3%	5.0%	3.7%	
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	7.3%	7.4%	7.1%	8.7%	9.1%	8.3%	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	32.6%	31.8%	33.3%	33.1%	31.5%	34.6%	
Some college, no degree	29.9%	32.5%	27.5%	28.9%	30.3%	27.7%	
Associate's degree	6.2%	5.9%	6.5%	9.0%	8.4%	9.6%	
Bachelor's degree	13.9%	15.0%	12.9%	11.9%	12.7%	11.2%	
Graduate or professional degree	6.1%	3.6%	8.5%	4.0%	3.0%	4.9%	
Percent high school graduate or higher	88.8%	88.8%	88.7%	86.9%	85.9%	87.9%	
Percent high school graduate of higher Percent bachelor's degree or higher	20.0%	18.5%	21.4%	15.9%	15.7%	16.1%	
referrit bachelor's degree of higher	20.0%	18.3%	21.4%	13.9%	13.7%	10.1%	
Population 25 to 34 to 24 Years	2,889	1,456	1,433	2,666	1,503	1,163	
High school graduate or higher	93.8%	93.3%	94.3%	92.2%	92.8%	91.5%	
Bachelor's degree or higher	27.5%	27.0%	28.1%	28.3%	20.0%	39.1%	
Population 35 to 44 to 24 Years	2,481	1.181	1.300	2.631	1.318	1.313	
High school graduate or higher	94.0%	92.4%	95.4%	89.3%	86.9%	91.7%	
Bachelor's degree or higher	26.6%	23.5%	29.5%	18.7%	23.1%	14.3%	
Dachelol's degree of higher	20.0%	23.3%	29.3%	10.770	23.170	14.5%	
Population 45 to 64 to 24 Years	4,612	2,136	2,476	4,704	2,105	2,599	
High school graduate or higher	88.7%	91.0%	86.8%	89.1%	86.0%	91.6%	
Bachelor's degree or higher	16.2%	13.2%	18.8%	11.5%	12.8%	10.4%	
Population 65 and Older	2,880	1,403	1,477	2,603	1,107	1,496	
High school graduate or higher	79.4%	77.9%	80.8%	75.3%	75.0%	75.5%	
Bachelor's degree or higher	13.0%	13.8%	12.2%	8.5%	6.7%	9.8%	
Bachelot's degree of higher	13.0%	13.6%	12.270	6.3%	0.7%	9.0%	
Poverty Rate							
Less than high school graduate	16.6%	12.5%	20.5%	14.2%	12.5%	15.9%	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	9.2%	5.7%	12.2%	9.1%	7.2%	10.7%	
Some college or associate's degree	9.4%	7.0%	11.9%	11.1%	15.2%	7.1%	
Bachelor's degree or higher	5.9%	9.9%	2.8%	4.6%	3.2%	5.9%	
Median Earnings							
Population 25 Years and Over With Earnings	41,446	46,432	37,300	35,371	42,486	30,586	
Less than high school graduate	30,685	37,361	18,672	22,476	27,125	18,125	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	34,685	45,078	30,586	31,680	39,639	27,931	
Some college or associate's degree	42,182	45,326	37,819	32,462	45,271	29,757	
Bachelor's degree or higher	49,212	51,338	47,219	52,406	55,132	52,287	
Graduate or professional degree	61,633	68,825	56,528	62,134	62,353	61,979	
The same of professional degree	01,055	00,023	50,520	02,137	02,333	31,777	

Note:

Median earnings are in the inflation adjusted year listed above.

Data Source

U.S. Census Estimates

Principal Village Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

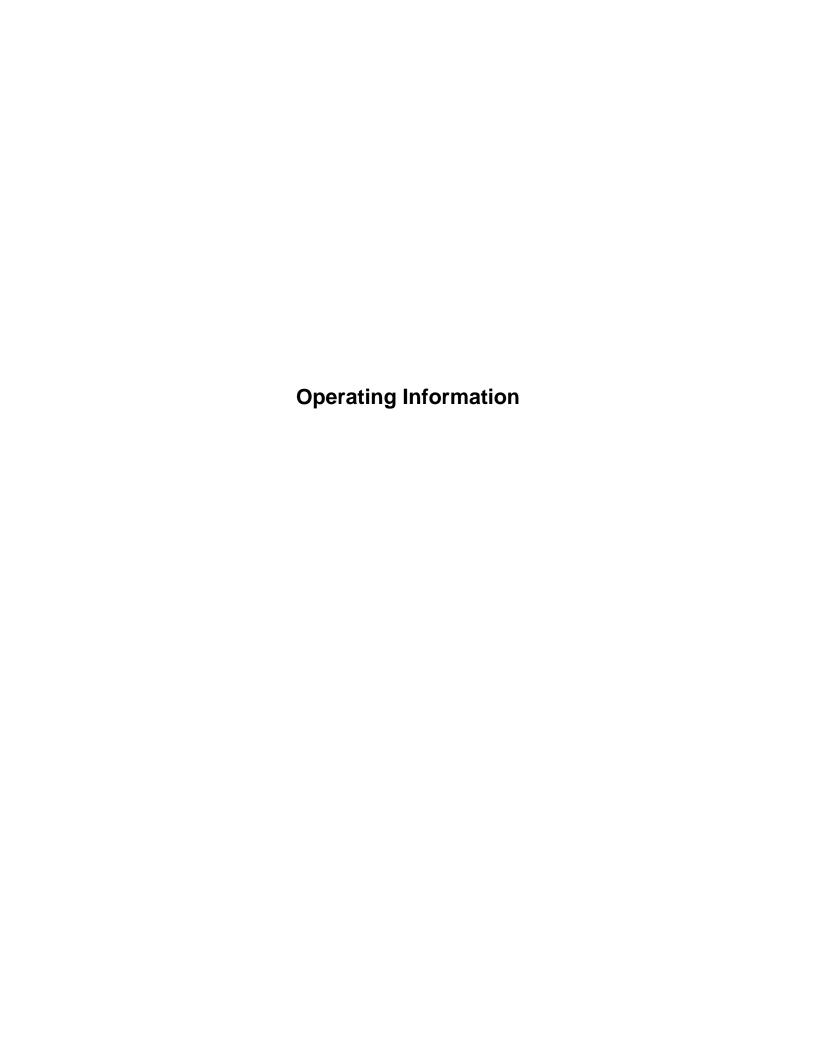
			FY20			FY11	
Employer	Product/Business	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Village Employment (1)	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Village Employment (1)
	Electric Cable & Wire,						
Anixter, Inc	Components& Assemblies & Distribution	800	1	8.53%	800	1	9.10%
American Heritage Protective Services	Security Guard Services	500	2	5.33%	500	2	5.69%
Griffith Foods, Inc.	Food Seasonings	400	3	4.26%	400	4	4.55%
Coca-Cola Refreshments USA, Inc.	Soft Drinks	370	4	3.94%	350	5	3.98%
Sertoma Centre, Inc.	Contract Packaging & Assembly	200	6	2.13%	200	6	2.27%
Morrison Security Corp.	Security Guard Services	200	5	2.13%	100	-	2.050/
GC America, Inc. Accord Carton Co.	Dental Resins Folding Cartons	180 175	7 8	1.92% 1.87%	180	7	2.05%
Kocsis Bros. Machine & Kocsis	Machine Shop and Hydraulic	1/3	0	1.87%			
Technologies	Starters, Accumulators, & Cylinders	170	9	1.81%	170	9	1.93%
Donson Machine Co	Precision Machining Job Shop	160	10	1.71%			
Polmax, LLC	Transportation & Logistics	150	11	1.60%			
J & J Snack Foods	Fresh & Frozen Breads & Pastries	150	12	1.60%			
M & K Truck Centers	Trucks & Parts Sales, Service & Leasing	125	13	1.33%			
Hayes Beer Distributing Co	Beer Distribution	120	14	1.28%			
Berry Plastics Corp.	Plastic injection molded & termoformed lids, containers, and tamper resistant packaging				500	3	5.69%
Futuremark Alsip	Recycled Content Coated Papers				171	8	1.94%
Doubletree Hotel Chicago - Alsip	Commercial Hotel				150	10	1.71%
Labriola Baking Co., LLC	Bakery Products				150	11	1.71%
		3,700		39.45%	3,571		40.61%

⁽¹⁾ IL Dept. of Employment Security does not officially estimate and publish rates for communities under 25,000 population.

The divisor uses IDES' unofficial unpublished estimates, which start in 2010 and come out in early April for the prior calendar year.

Data Source

20XX Illinois Manufacturers Directory 20XX Illinois Services Directory IL Dept. of Employment Security Village ("XX" above is the same year as the fiscal year.)



Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General Government										
Administrative	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.00	2.00	_	_	_	_	_
Building	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.00	2.00					
Administrative	0.40	0.40	0.40	1.00	1.00	_	_	_	_	_
Clerical	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	-	_	_	_	_	_
Health	1.00	1.00	1.00	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Clerk's office	1.00	1.00	1.00							
Administrative	1.00	1.00	1.00	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Clerical	3.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	_	_	_	_	_
Finance, I/T and H/R	5.50	5.00	5.00	5.75	5.50	_	_	_	_	_
Village properties and senior										
housing										
Administrative	0.60	0.60	0.60	1.00	1.00	_	_	_	_	_
Clerical	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	_	_	_	_	_
Maintenance	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety										
Civil defense	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	_	_	_	_	_
Police										
Non-represented officers	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	-	-	-	-	-
Sgts. and patrol officers	35.00	38.00	35.00	34.00	37.00	_	_	_	_	_
Community service officers (CSOs)	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.50	_	_	_	_	_
Radio communications officers	_	_	_	8.25	8.00	_	_	_	_	_
Crossing guards	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	_	_	_	_	_
Clerical	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	_	_	_	_	_
Fire/EMA										
Non-represented offices	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	-	-	-	-
Represented firefighters	36.00	37.00	33.00	33.00	33.00	-	-	-	-	-
Other non-represented	2.50	2.50	2.00	1.75	1.80	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works										
Administrative	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-	-	-	-
Clerical	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-	-	-	-
Operators, foremen and mechanics	11.50	11.50	11.00	11.50	12.00	-	-	-	-	-
Water										
Administrative	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-	-	_	-
Clerical	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	-	-	-	-
Operators and foremen	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	<u> </u>				
	126.70	129.20	121.20	125.95	130.50					

Operating Indicators Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
General Government						
Number of building permits issued	1,092	1,168	1,152	1,110	2,915	3,063
Cost of construction of all permits	\$ 41,543,599	\$ 96,995,133	\$ 48,914,871	\$ 20,634,520	\$ 13,464,234	\$ 31,489,896
Public Safety						
Police (1)						
911 calls police incidents	30,431	33,706	31,865	34,204	12,080	17,645
Number of State charges filed	510	784	1,227	1,126	523	852
Number of traffic violations	1,887	2.189	3,009	2,515	1,138	1,689
Number of parking violations	3,398	3,746	4,007	2,605	1,006	2,532
Number of school crossing guards	6	6	6	6	5	5
Number of code violations	1,153	983	1,007	669	348	664
Fire						
911 calls fire/emergency incidents	3,561	3,676	3,329	3,244	3,216	3,206
Number of fire emergency responses	1,093	1,255	1,149	55	63	42
Number of ambulance responses	2,468	2,421	2,180	2,091	2,123	2,015
Number of ambulance transports	1,829	1,890	1,822	1,654	1,663	1,688
Number of fires extinguished	77	72	53	55	63	42
Number of fire inspections (3)	2,066	2,475	2,635	1,603	1,603	928
Number of mutual aid calls to	_,	_,	_,	-,	-,	7-4
other areas	278	248	287	292	306	359
Public Works and Water						
Forestry						
Shade trees planted (2)	44	35	51	11	139	391
Shade trees removed	48	56	21	56	37	534
Shade trees trimmed	735	809	-	69	9	28
Stumps removed	46	6	49	60	76	523
Wastewater						
Sewer lines blocked/cleaned	10	23	27	36	110	333
Emergency calls	13	11	13	25	16	32
Water						
Total gallons purchased/pumped						
master meter (million gallons)	1,922	2,025	1,980	2,048	1,955	2,101
Total gallons sold to other						
municipalities (million gallons)	885	929	953	958	1,002	1,025
Total gallons sold to top 3 industrial						
customers (million gallons)	238	244	244	296	-	-
Average daily consumption						
(thousand gallons)	5,266	5,111	5,103	5,158	5,355	5,757
Peak daily consumption						
(thousand gallons)	6,482	6,568	7,336	7,452	8,140	7,252
Number of metered accounts	5,584	5,516	5,580	5,533	5,493	5,480
New connections (tap-ons)	4	2	5	3	13	10
Number of fire lines	206	203	201	198	195	191
Number of water main breaks	36	27	41	43	39	36
Senior housing units % occupation rate	97.7%	94.7%	97.1%	98.6%	98.8%	97.1%

⁽¹⁾ Police records through FY16 are on calendar year. The FY16 column is calendar year 2016 through June 30. The FYXX column is calendar year 20XX. Starting with FY17 they are on a fiscal year.

Data Source

Various Village Departments

⁽²⁾ Shade trees were to be planted April 2017 but due to weather they not planted until May 2017.

⁽³⁾ Number of fire inspections is from January to December 2016; not on a fiscal year basis.

Operating Indicators Last Ten Fiscal Years

2014	2013	2012	2011	
2,835	3,083	2,627	2,330	
\$ 32,882,645	\$ 40,490,328	\$ 31,385,214	\$ 13,296,385	
20,093	17,808	15,202	14,032	
1,128	1,125	899	945	
2,961	3,005	2,078	1,829	
2,876	3,454	3,109	2,677	
5 558	5 811	5 533	5 576	
330	011	333	370	
3,378	3,021	3,129	3,269	
5,578	42	51	N/A	
1,984	1,916	1,872	1,420	
1,782	1,697	1,629	N/A	
57	42	51	N/A	
1,250	478	N/A	N/A	
401	271	363	N/A	
-	-	-	-	
323	45 2	47	39	
37 323	42	8 47	106 27	
323	.2	.,		
419	274	125	361	
41	35	44	40	
2,341	2,424	2,332	2,411	
1,080	1,115	1,027	1,061	
-	-	-	-	
6,415	6,641	6,389	6,604	
11,754	10,119	10,053	-	
5,470	5,458	5,448	5,435	
12	10	13	3	
185 49	178 N/A	168 N/A	165 N/A	
49	1 N /A	IN/A	IN/A	
95.5%	89.5%	91.4%	92.0%	

Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
General Government						
Number of general government buildings (1)	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Safety						
Number of police stations (1)	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of police vehicles	35	35	32	32	33	34
Number of fire stations	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of aerial ladder trucks	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of engines (pumper)	3	3	3	3	3	3
Number of ambulances	3	3	3	3	3	3
Number of other fire vehicles	6	6	6	6	6	6
Public Works and Water						
Streets						
Number of public works buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1
Miles of streets	55	55	55	55	55	55
Number of street lights	1,255	1,255	1,255	1,255	1,255	1,255
Water						
Miles of water mains	90	90	90	90	90	90
Number of fire hydrants	1,318	1,318	1,318	1,315	1,315	1,315
Number of pumping stations	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of water towers	2	2	2	2	2	2
Storage capacity (thousands of gallons)	6,200	6,200	6,200	6,200	6,200	6,200
Wastewater						
Miles of sanitary sewers	59	59	59	59	59	59
Number of lift stations	3	3	3	3	3	3
Miles of storm sewers	51	51	51	51	51	51
Senior housing						
Number of housing buildings	29	29	29	29	29	29
Number of housing units	512	512	512	512	512	512
Number of senior complex non-housing buildings	4	4	4	4	4	4

⁽¹⁾ General Government and Police share the same building.

Data Source

Various Village Departments

Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

2014	2013	2012	2011
1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1
30	28	26	26
2	2	2	2
1 3	1 3	1 3	1
3	3	3	3 3
6	6	6	6
Ü	Ü	· ·	· ·
1	1	1	1
55	55	55	55
1,255	1,255	1,255	1,255
90	90	90	90
1,315	1,315	1,315	1,313
2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2
6,200	6,200	6,200	6,200
59	59	59	59
3	3	3	3
51	51	51	51
29	29	29	29
512	512	512	512
4	4	4	4